

MULTI OUTDOOR UNITS

SERVICE MANUAL

Multi zone

CONDENSING UNITS

Revision M: ODMFI-E-2207





Model Numbers:

M2OF-18HFN1-M M3OF-27HFN1-M M4OF-36HFN1-M M2OH-18HFN1-M M3OH-27HFN1-M M50F-48HFN1-M LEA36MZ-4P-35SK-O M5OG-48HFN1-M-(X) LEA20MZ-2P-35SK-O LEA36MZ-4P-25SK-O LEA27MZ-3P-25SK-O LEA28MZ-3P-35SK-O LEA18MZ-2P-25SK-O M40I-36HFN1-M M50G-48HFN1-M M5OA-55HFN1-M-(X) M50A-55HFN1-M

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WARNING

- Installation MUST conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code NFPA70/ANSI C1-1993 or current edition and Canadian Electrical Code Part1 CSA C.22.1.
- The information contained in the manual is intended for use by a qualified service technician familiar with safety procedures and equipped with the proper tools and test instruments
- Installation or repairs made by unqualified persons can result in hazards to you and others.
- Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual can result in equipment malfunction, property damage, personal injury and/or death.





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>	M2OH-18HFN1-M M3OF-27HFN1-M M3OH-27HFN1-M LEA20MZ-2P-35SK-O	
	LEA27MZ-3P-25SK-O LEA28MZ-3P-35SK-O M4OG-36HFN1-M (WD30 metal plate)	. 157
>	M4OF-36HFN1-M (WD30 metal plate)	.165
>	LEA36MZ-4P-35SK-O, M5OF-48HFN1-M (WE30 metal plate)	172
>	M5OG-48HFN1-M-[X], M4OI-36HFN1-M, M5OG-48HFN1-M, M5OA-55HFN1-M, M5OA-55HFN	l1-
M	-[X] (WE30 metal plate)	.179



1. Indoor Unit Combination

Multi DC Outdoor Unit	Nominal capacity	Suggested Combination	Limit
		6+6	
		6+9	
M2OF-18HFN1-M	5.2kW	6+12	None
LEA18MZ-2P-25SK-O	5.ZKVV	9+9	None
		9+12	
		12+12	
		6+6	
		6+9	
		6+12	
M2OH-18HFN1-M LEA20MZ-2P-35SK-O	5.2kW	6+18	None
ELAZONIZ-ZI -OOOK-O		9+9	
		9+12	
		12+12	

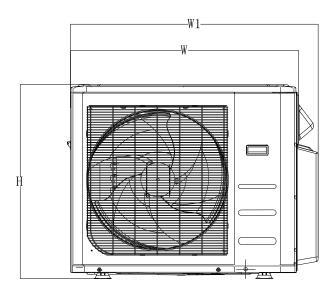
Multi DC Outdoor	Nominal	S	uggested Combina	ation	Limit
Unit	capacity	Two units	Thre	e units	Limit
		6+12	6+6+6	6+12+12	
		6+18	6+6+9	6+12+18	
		9+9	6+6+12	9+9+9	
		9+12	6+6+18	9+9+12	
M3OF-27HFN1-M LEA27MZ-3P-25SK-O	7.8kW	9+18	6+9+9	9+9+18	None
		12+12	6+9+12	9+12+12	
		12+18	6+9+18	12+12+12	
		18+18			
		6+12	6+6+6	6+12+12	
		6+18	6+6+9	6+12+18	
		9+9	6+6+12	9+9+9	
		9+12	6+6+18	9+9+12	
MOOLLOZUENAM		9+18	6+9+9	9+9+18	
M3OH-27HFN1-M LEA28MZ-3P-35SK-O	7.8kW	12+12	6+9+12	9+12+12	None
		12+18	6+9+18	12+12+12	
		18+18			

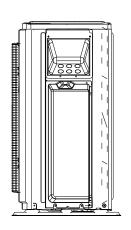
Model DC Control on Unit	Nominal capacity	Suggested Combination						
Multi DC Outdoor Unit		Two units	Thre	e units	For	ur units	Limit	
		6+18	6+6+12	9+9+12	6+6+6+6	6+9+9+18		
		6+24	6+6+18	9+9+18	6+6+6+9	6+9+9+24		
		9+18	6+6+24	9+9+24	6+6+6+12	6+9+12+12		
		9+24	6+9+12	9+12+12	6+6+6+18	6+9+12+18		
		12+12	6+9+18	9+12+18	6+6+6+24	6+12+12+12		
		12+18	6+9+24	9+12+24	6+6+9+9	6+12+12+18		
M4OF-36HFN1-M		12+24	6+12+12	9+18+18	6+6+9+12	9+9+9+9		
LEA36MZ-4P-25SK-O	10.5kW	18+18	6+12+18	12+12+12	6+6+9+18	9+9+9+12	None	
		18+24	6+12+24	12+12+18	6+6+9+24	9+9+9+18		
		24+24	6+18+18	12+12+24	6+6+12+12	9+9+12+12		
			6+18+24	12+18+18	6+6+12+18	9+9+12+18		
			9+9+9		6+6+12+24	9+12+12+12		
					6+9+9+9	12+12+12+12		
					6+9+9+12			
		6+18	6+6+12	9+9+12	6+6+6+6	6+9+9+18		
		6+24	6+6+18	9+9+18	6+6+6+9	6+9+9+24		
		9+18	6+6+24	9+9+24	6+6+6+12	6+9+12+12		
		9+24	6+9+12	9+12+12	6+6+6+18	6+9+12+18		
		12+12	6+9+18	9+12+18	6+6+6+24	6+12+12+12		
		12+18	6+9+24	9+12+24	6+6+9+9	6+12+12+18		
		12+24	6+12+12	9+18+18	6+6+9+12	9+9+9+9		
LEA36/VZ-4P-35SK-O M4OI-36HFN1-M	10.5kW	18+18	6+12+18	12+12+12	6+6+9+18	9+9+9+12	None	
		18+24	6+12+24	12+12+18	6+6+9+24	9+9+9+18		
		24+24	6+18+18	12+12+24	6+6+12+12	9+9+12+12		
			6+18+24	12+18+18	6+6+12+18	9+9+12+18		
			9+9+9		6+6+12+24	9+12+12+12		
					6+9+9+9	12+12+12+12		
					6+9+9+12			

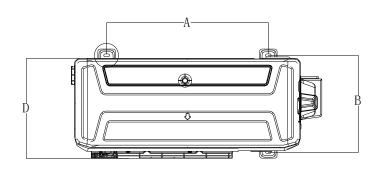
Multi DC	Nominal					Suggested Combination			
Outdoor Unit	capacity	Two units	Three	e units	Fo	ur units	F	ive units	Limit
		9+24	6+6+24	9+12+18	6+6+6+18	6+9+18+30	6+6+6+6+9	6+6+12+12+12	
		9+30	6+6+30	9+12+24	6+6+6+24	6+12+12+12	6+6+6+6+12	6+6+12+12+18	
		9+36	6+6+36	9+12+30	6+6+6+30	6+12+12+18	6+6+6+6+18	6+6+12+12+24	
		12+24	6+9+24	9+12+36	6+6+6+36	6+12+12+24	6+6+6+6+24	6+6+12+18+18	
		12+30	6+9+30	9+18+18	6+6+9+18	6+12+12+30	6+6+6+6+30	6+9+9+9+9	
		12+36	6+9+36	9+18+24	6+6+9+24	6+12+18+18	6+6+6+6+36	6+9+9+9+12	
		18+18	6+12+18	9+18+30	6+6+9+30	6+12+18+24	6+6+6+9+9	6+9+9+9+18	
		18+24	6+12+24	9+18+36	6+6+9+36	9+9+9+9	6+6+6+9+12	6+9+9+9+24	
		18+30	6+12+30	9+24+24	6+6+12+12	9+9+9+12	6+6+6+9+18	6+9+9+9+30	
		18+36	6+12+36	9+24+30	6+6+12+18	9+9+9+18	6+6+6+9+24	6+9+9+12+12	
		24+30	6+18+18	12+12+12	6+6+12+24	9+9+9+24	6+6+6+9+30	6+9+9+12+18	
		24+36	6+18+24	12+12+18	6+6+12+30	9+9+9+30	6+6+6+9+36	6+9+9+12+24	
M5OG-		30+30	6+18+30	12+12+24	6+6+12+36	9+9+9+36	6+6+6+12+12	6+9+9+18+18	When
42HFN1- M-[X] &M5OF-	14kW		6+18+36	12+12+30	6+6+18+18	9+9+12+12	6+6+6+12+18	6+9+12+12+12	matching 30K/36K AHU models,
48HFN1- M & M5OG-			6+24+24	12+12+36	6+6+18+24	9+9+12+18	6+6+6+12+24	6+9+12+12+18	additional 500g/17.64oz refrigerant is
48HFN1- M-[X]			6+24+30	12+18+18	6+6+18+30	9+9+12+24	6+6+6+12+30	6+9+12+12+24	needed. Don't match
&M5OG- 48HFN1- M			9+9+18	12+18+24	6+6+24+24	9+9+12+30	6+6+6+18+18	6+12+12+12+12	with two 30K AHU with this multi zone.
			9+9+24	12+18+30	6+9+9+12	9+9+18+18	6+6+6+18+24	6+12+12+12+18	
			9+9+30	12+24+24	6+9+9+18	9+9+18+24	6+6+9+9+9	9+9+9+9	
			9+9+36	18+18+18	6+9+9+24	9+12+12+12	6+6+9+9+12	9+9+9+9+12	
			9+12+12	18+18+24	6+9+9+30	9+12+12+18	6+6+9+9+18	9+9+9+9+18	
					6+9+9+36	9+12+12+24	6+6+9+9+24	9+9+9+9+24	
					6+9+12+12	9+12+12+30	6+6+9+9+30	9+9+9+12+12	
					6+9+12+18	9+12+18+18	6+6+9+12+12	9+9+9+12+18	
					6+9+12+24	9+12+18+24	6+6+9+12+18	9+9+9+12+24	
					6+9+12+30	12+12+12+12	6+6+9+12+24	9+9+12+12+12	
					6+9+12+36	12+12+12+18	6+6+9+12+30	9+9+12+12+18	
					6+9+18+18	12+12+12+24	6+6+9+18+18	9+12+12+12	
					6+9+18+24	12+12+18+18	6+6+9+18+24	12+12+12+12+12	

Multi DC	Nominal	Suggested Combination											
Outdoor Unit	capacity	Two units	Three	e units		Four units			Five units		Limit		
		9+30	6+6+24	9+18+24	6+6+6+18	6+9+12+24	9+9+12+30	6+6+6+6+12	6+6+9+12+36	6+9+12+12+24			
		9+36	6+6+30	9+18+30	6+6+6+24	6+9+12+30	9+9+12+36	6+6+6+6+18	6+6+9+18+18	6+9+12+12+30			
		12+24	6+6+36	9+18+36	6+6+6+30	6+9+12+36	9+9+18+18	6+6+6+6+24	6+6+9+18+24	6+12+12+12+12			
		12+30	6+9+24	9+24+24	6+6+6+36	6+9+18+18	9+9+18+24	6+6+6+6+30	6+6+9+18+30	6+12+12+12+18			
		12+36	6+9+30	9+24+30	6+6+9+18	6+9+18+24	9+9+18+30	6+6+6+6+36	6+6+12+12+12	6+12+12+12+24			
		18+18	6+9+36	9+24+36	6+6+9+24	6+9+18+30	9+9+18+36	6+6+6+9+9	6+6+12+12+18	6+12+12+12+30			
		18+24	6+12+18	12+12+12	6+6+9+30	6+9+18+36	9+12+12+12	6+6+6+9+12	6+6+12+12+24	9+9+9+9			
		18+30	6+12+24	12+12+18	6+6+9+36	6+12+12+12	9+12+12+18	6+6+6+9+18	6+6+12+12+30	9+9+9+9+12			
		18+36	6+12+30	12+12+24	6+6+12+12	6+12+12+18	9+12+12+24	6+6+6+9+24	6+6+12+12+36	9+9+9+9+18			
		24+30	6+12+36	12+12+30	6+6+12+18	6+12+12+24	9+12+12+30	6+6+6+9+30	6+6+12+18+18	9+9+9+9+24			
		24+36	6+18+18	12+12+36	6+6+12+24	6+12+12+30	9+12+12+36	6+6+6+9+36	6+6+12+18+24	9+9+9+9+30			
		30+30	6+18+24	12+18+18	6+6+12+30	6+12+12+36	9+12+18+18	6+6+6+12+12	6+6+12+18+30	9+9+9+9+36	When		
		30+36	6+18+30	12+18+24	6+6+12+36	6+12+18+18	9+12+18+24	6+6+6+12+18	6+9+9+9+9	9+9+9+12+12	matching 30K/36K		
M5OA-	16kW		6+18+36	12+18+30	6+6+18+18	6+12+18+24	9+12+18+30	6+6+6+12+24	6+9+9+9+12	9+9+9+12+18	AHU models, additional 500g/17.64oz		
55HFN1- M& M5OA-			6+24+24	12+18+36	6+6+18+24	6+12+18+30	12+12+12+12	6+6+6+12+30	6+9+9+9+18	9+9+9+12+24	refrigerant is needed.		
55HFN1- M-[X]				6+24+30	12+24+24	6+6+18+30	6+12+18+36	12+12+12+18	6+6+6+12+36	6+9+9+9+24	9+9+9+12+30	Don't match with 30K+30K	
			6+24+36	12+24+30	6+6+18+36	9+9+9+9	12+12+12+24	6+6+6+18+18	6+9+9+9+30	9+9+12+12+12	and 30K+36K		
					9+9+18	12+24+36	6+6+24+24	9+9+9+12	12+12+12+30	6+6+6+18+24	6+9+9+9+36	9+9+12+12+18	AHU with this multi zone.
			9+9+24	18+18+18	6+9+9+12	9+9+9+18	12+12+12+36	6+6+9+9+9	6+9+9+12+12	9+9+12+12+24			
				9+9+30	18+18+24	6+9+9+18	9+9+9+24	12+12+18+18	6+6+9+9+12	6+9+9+12+18	9+9+12+12+30		
				9+9+36	18+18+30	6+9+9+24	9+9+9+30	12+12+18+24	6+6+9+9+18	6+9+9+12+24	9+12+12+12+12		
					9+12+18	18+18+36	6+9+9+30	9+9+9+36	12+12+18+30	6+6+9+9+24	6+9+9+12+30	9+12+12+12+18	
			9+12+24	18+24+24	6+9+9+36	9+9+12+12	12+18+18+18	6+6+9+9+30	6+9+9+12+36	9+12+12+12+24			
			9+12+30	18+24+30	6+9+12+12	9+9+12+18	12+18+18+24	6+6+9+9+36	6+9+9+18+18	12+12+12+12+12			
			9+12+36	24+24+24	6+9+12+18	9+9+12+24	18+18+18+18	6+6+9+12+12	6+9+9+18+24	12+12+12+12+18			
			9+18+18					6+6+9+12+18	6+9+9+18+30	12+12+12+12+24			
								6+6+9+12+24	6+9+12+12+12	12+12+12+18+18			
								6+6+9+12+30	6+9+12+12+18				
1	1				1			1					

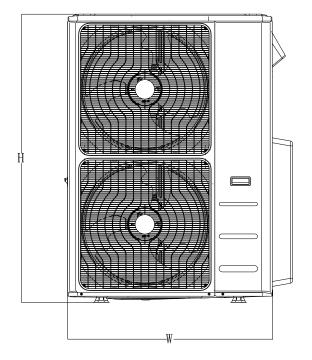
2. Dimension Of Outdoor Unit

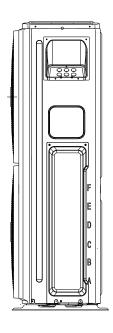


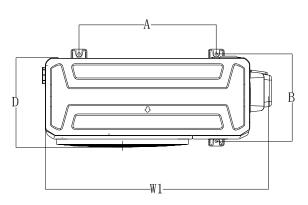




Model	Unit	W	D	Н	W1	Α	В
M2OF-18HFN1-M	mm	845	363	702	923	540	350
MZOF-TOFFN T-IVI	inch	33.3	14.3	27.6	36.0	21.3	13.8
LEA18MZ-2P-25SK-O	mm	890	342	673	990	663	354
	inch	35.04	13.46	26.50	38.98	26.10	13.94
M2OH-18HFN1-M	mm	946	410	810	1034	673	403
M3OF-27HFN1-M M3OH-27HFN1-M LEA20MZ-2P-35SK-O LEA27MZ-3P-25SK-O LEA28MZ-3P-35SK-O	inch	37.2	16.5	31.9	40.6	26.5	15.9
M4OF-36HFN1-M	mm	946	410	810	1034	673	403
LEA36MZ-4P-25SK-O	inch	37.2	16.5	31.9	40.6	26.5	15.9



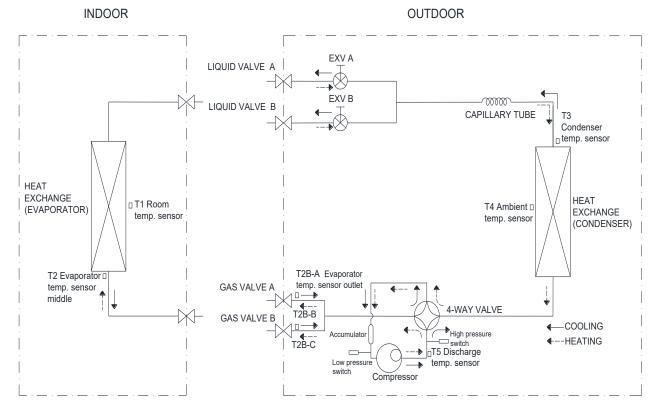




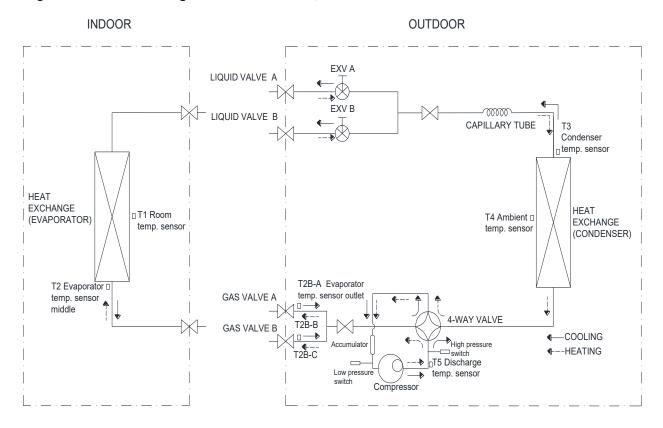
Model	Unit	W	D	Н	W1	Α	В
LEA36MZ-4P-35SK-O	mm	952	415	1333	1060	634	404
M5OF-48HFN1-M M5OG-48HFN1-M-[X] M4OI-36HFN1-M M5OG-48HFN1-M M5OA-55HFN1-M	inch	37.5	16.3	52.5	41.7	25.0	15.9

3. Refrigerant Cycle Diagram

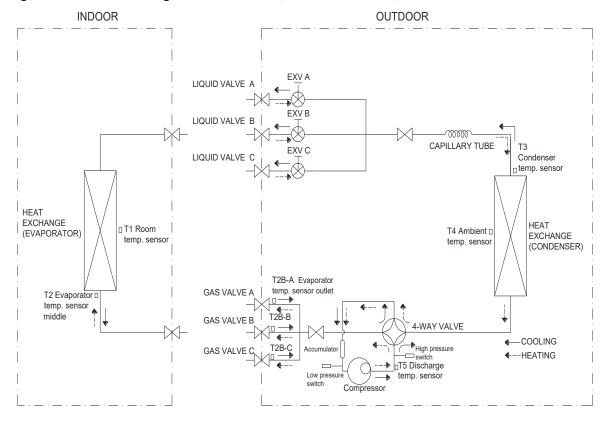
3.1 Refrigeration circuit drawing of M2OF-18HFN1-M, LEA18MZ-2P-25SK-O



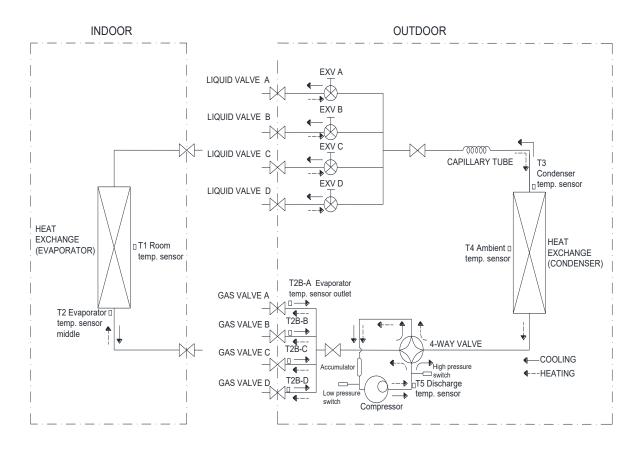
3.2 Refrigeration circuit drawing of M2OH-18HFN1-M, LEA20MZ-2P-35SK-O



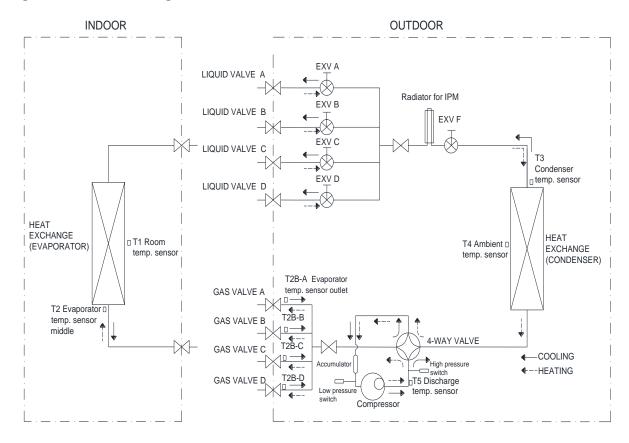
3.3 Refrigeration circuit drawing M3OF-27HFN1-M, M3OH-27HFN1-M, LEA27MZ-3P-25SK-O & LEA28MZ-3P-35SK-O



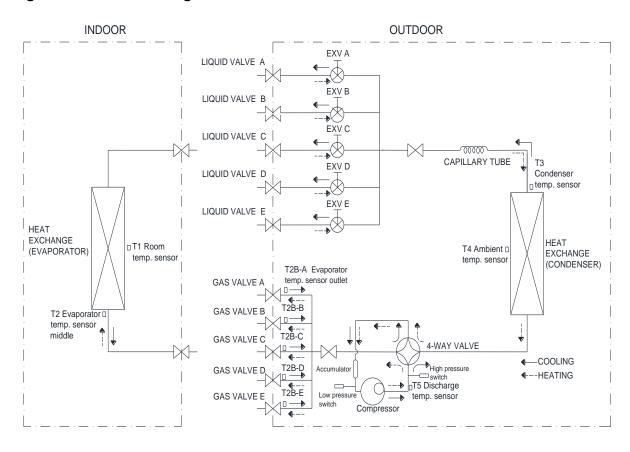
3.4 Refrigeration circuit drawing of M4OF-36HFN1-M, LEA36MZ-4P-25SK-O



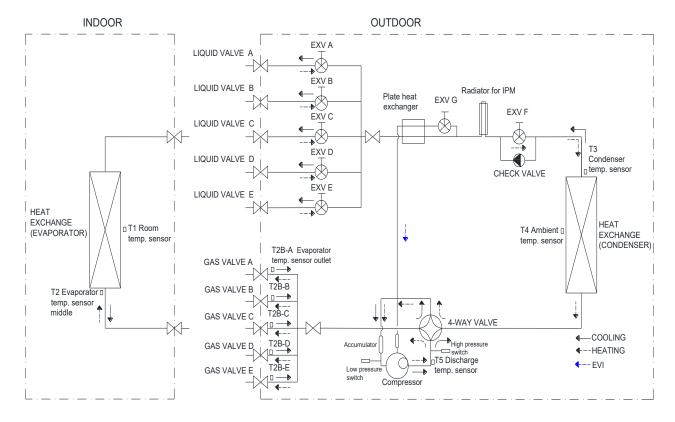
3.5 Refrigeration circuit drawing of M4OI-36HFN1-M



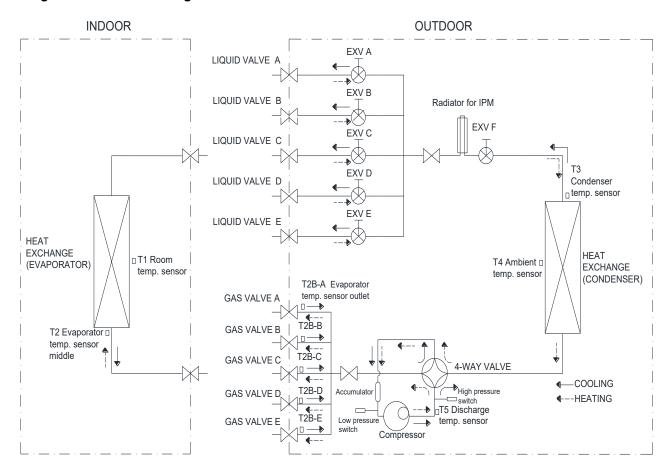
3.6 Refrigeration circuit drawing of M5OF-48HFN1-M



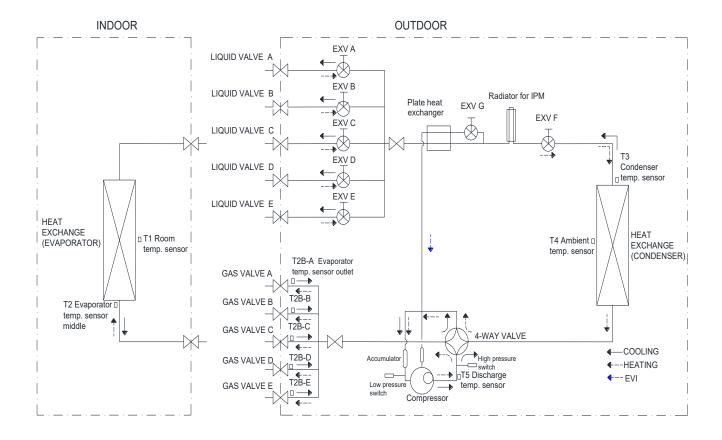
3.7 Refrigeration circuit drawing of M5OG-48HFN1-M-[X]



3.8 Refrigeration circuit drawing of M5OG-48HFN1-M& M5OA-55HFN1-M



3.8 Refrigeration circuit drawing of M5OA-55HFN1-M-[X]



4. Installation Details

4.1 Wrench torque sheet for installation

Outside d	iameter	Torque	Additional tightening torque	
mm	inch	N.cm	N.cm	
Ф6.35	1/4 1500(153kgf.cm)		1600(163kgf.cm)	
Ф9.52	3/8	2500(255kgf.cm)	2600(265kgf.cm)	
Ф12.7	1/2	3500(357kgf.cm)	3600(367kgf.cm)	

4.2 Connecting the cables

The power cord connection should be selected according to the following specifications sheet.

Unit	AWG
1 drive 2 type (18K outdoor unit)	14
1 drive 3 type (27K outdoor unit).	14
1 drive 4 type (36K outdoor unit)	12
1 drive 5 type (48K outdoor unit)	10

For indoor unit and outdoor unit connection line, 16AWG is ok for all.

4.3 Pipe length and the elevation

Maximum piping length and height difference

<u> </u>				
	1 drive 2	1 drive 3	1 drive 4	1 drive 5
Max. length for all	40	60	80	80
rooms (m)	(131ft)	(197ft)	(262ft)	(262ft)
Max. length for one IU (m)	25 (82ft)	30 (98ft)	35 (115ft)	35 (115ft)
Max. height difference between IU and OU (m)	15 (49.2ft)	15 (49.2ft)	15 (49.2ft)	15 (49.2ft)
Max. height difference between IUs (m)	10 (33ft)	10 (33ft)	10 (33ft)	10 (33ft)

Additional refrigerant charge

Connective Pipe Length(m)	Additional refrigerant		
Liquid Side	Ø 6.35 (1/4")	Ø 9.52 (3/8")	
Pre-charge pipe length (ft/m) (pre-charge pipe length xN)	N/A		
More than (pre-charge pipe	(Total pipe length - pre- charge pipe lengthxN) x15g/m	(Total pipe length - pre-charge pipe lengthxN) x30g/m	
lengthxN) ft/m	(Total pipe length - pre- charge pipe lengthxN) x0.16oZ/ft	(Total pipe length - pre-charge pipe lengthxN) x0.32oZ/ft	

Note: The standard pipe length is 7.5m

Caution:

- Refrigerant pipe diameter is different according to indoor unit to be connected.
 When using the extension pipe, refer to the tables below.
- When refrigerant pipe diameter is different from that of the outdoor unit connector (18K indoor unit) an additional adapter is required.

Indoor unit				
Model	Pipe diameter (mm/inch)		Extension pipe diameter (mm/inch)	
9K	Liquid	6.35(1/4)	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
3IX	Gas	9.52(3/8)	Gas	9.52(3/8)
12K 18K	Liquid	6.35(1/4)	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
12K TOK	Gas	12.7(1/2)	Gas	12.7(1/2)
24K	Liquid	9.52 (3/8)	Liquid	9.52 (3/8)
2411	Gas	15.9(5/8)	Gas	15.9(5/8)
Outdoor unit union diameter (mm/inch)				
1 drive 2		Liquid	6.35(1/4) *2	
		Gas	9.52(3/8) *2	
		Liquid	6.35(1/4) *3	
		Gas	9.52(3/8) *3	
		Liquid	6.35(1/4) *4	
1 drive 4			Gas	9.52(3/8) *3
		Gas	12.7(1/2) *1	
		Liquid	6.35(1/4) *5	
1 drive 5			Gas	9.52(3/8) *3
			Gas	12.7(1/2) *2

4.4 First-Time Installation

Air and moisture in the refrigerant system cause the following problems:

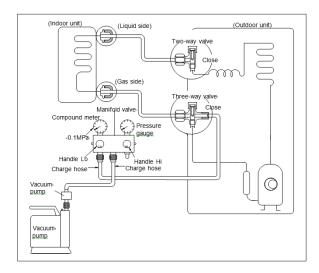
- Increases in system pressure
- Increases in operating current
- Decreases in cooling and heating efficiency
- Blocks in capillary piping caused by moisture in the refrigerant circuit freezing
- Corrosion of parts in the refrigerant system caused by water

The indoor units and the pipes between indoor and outdoor units must be tested for leakages and evacuated to remove gas and moisture from the system.

Gas leak check with soap water:

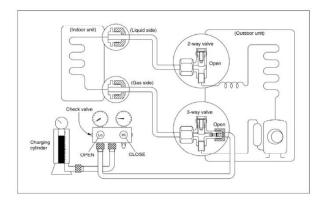
Apply soap water or a liquid neutral detergent on the connections with a soft brush to check for leakage in the pipe connecting points. If bubbles emerge, the pipes are leaking.

1. Air Purging Using the Vacuum Pump



- Completely tighten the flare nuts on the indoor and outdoor units. Confirm that both the2-way and 3-way valves are set to the closed position.
- 2. Connect the charge hose with the push pin of the Handle Lo to the 3-way valve gas service port.
- 3. Connect the charge hose of the Handle Hi to the vacuum pump.
- 4. Fully open the Handle Lo of the manifold valve.
- 5. Turn on the vacuum pump to begin evacuation.
- 6. Conduct a 30-minute evacuation. Check whether the compound meter indicates 0.1Mpa(14.5Psi). If the meter does not indicate -0.1Mpa(14.5Psi) after 30 minutes has elapsed, continue evacuation for 20 more minutes. If the pressure does not reach 0.1Mpa(14.5Psi) after 50 minutes has elapsed, check if there are any leaks. Fully close the Handle Lo valve of the manifold valve and turn off the vacuum pump. After 5 minutes, confirm that the gauge needle is not moving.
- 7. Turn the flare nut on the 3-way valve45° counterclockwise for 6-7 seconds. Once gas begins to come out, tighten the flare nut. Make sure the pressure display on the pressure indicator is higher than atmospheric pressure. Then remove the charge hose from the 3-way valve.
- 8. Fully open the 2-wayand 3-way valves and securely tighten the cap on the 3-way valve.

2. Adding refrigerant if the pipe length exceeds chargeless pipe length



Procedure:

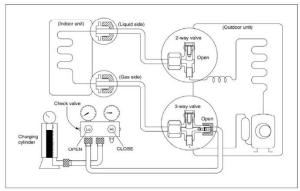
1) Connect the charge hose to the charging cylinder and open the 2-way and 3-way valves. With the charge hose you disconnected from the vacuum pump, connect it to the valve at the bottom of the cylinder.

If the refrigerant is R410A, place the cylinder bottom-up to ensure liquid charging is possible.

- 2). Purge the air from the charge hose. Open the valve at the bottom of the cylinder and press the check valve on the charge set (be careful of the liquid refrigerant).
- 3) Place the charging cylinder onto the electronic scale and record the weight.
- 4) Turn on the air conditioner in cooling mode.
- 5) Open the valves (Low side) on the charge set. Charge the system with liquid refrigerant.
- 6). When the electronic scale displays the proper weight (refer to the table), disconnect the charge hose from the 3-way valve's service port immediately and turn off the air conditioner before disconnecting the hose.
- 7). Mount the valve stem caps and the service port Use a torque wrench to tighten the service port cap to a torque of 18N.m(13.27 ft·lbs).

Be sure to check for gas leaks.

4.5 Adding Refrigerant after Long-Term System Operation



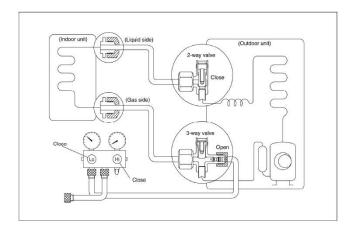
Procedure

- 1) Connect the charge hose to the 3-way service port and open the 2-way and 3-way valve. Connect the charge hose to the valve at the bottom of the cylinder. If the refrigerant is R410A, place the cylinder bottom-up to ensure liquid charge.
- 2). Purge the air from the charge hose. Open the valve at the bottom of the cylinder and press the check valve on the charge set to purge the air (be careful of the liquid refrigerant).
- 3) Place the charging cylinder onto the electronic scale and record the weight.
- 4) Turn on the air conditioner in cooling mode.
- 5) Open the valves (Low side)on the charge set and charge the system with liquid refrigerant.
- 6). When the electronic scale displays the proper weight (refer to the gauge and the pressure of the low side), disconnect the charge hose from the 3-way valve's service port immediately and turn off the air conditioner before disconnecting the hose.
- 7). Mount the valve stem caps and the service port. Use torque wrench to tighten the service port cap to a torque of 18N.m(13.27 ft·lbs).

Be sure to check for gas leaks.

4.6 Procedure when servicing the indoor unit refrigeration circuit.

1. Collecting the refrigerant into the outdoor unit



Procedure

1). Confirm that both the 2-way and 3-way valves are set to the opened position

Remove the valve stem caps and confirm that the valve stems are in the opened position.

Be sure to use a hexagonal wrench to operate the valve stems.

- 2). Connect the charge hose with the push pin of handle lo to the 3-way valves gas service port.
- 3). Air purging of the charge hose.

Open the handle Lo valve of the manifold valve slightly to purge air from the charge hose for 5 seconds and then close it quickly.

- 4). Set the 2-way valve to the close position. 5). Operate the air conditioner at the cooling cycle and stop it when the gauge indicates 0.1MPa.
- 6). Set the 3-way valve to the closed position immediately

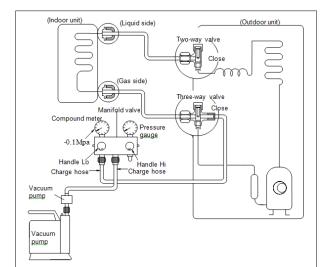
Do this quickly so that the gauge ends up indicating 0.3 to 0.5Mpa.

Disconnect the charge set, and tighten the 2-way and 3-way valve's stem nuts.

Use a torque wrench to tighten the 3-way valves service port cap to a torque of 18N.m.

Be sure to check for gas leakage.

2. Air purging with vacuum pump



- Completely tighten the flare nuts of the indoor and outdoor units, confirm that both the 2-way and 3-way valves are set to the closed position.
- 2) Connect the charge hose with the push pin of handle lo to the 3-way valves gas service port.
- 3) Connect the charge hose of handle hi connection to the vacuum pump.
- 4) Fully open the handle Lo of the manifold valve.
- 5) Operate the vacuum pump to evacuate.
- 6) Make evacuation for 30 minutes and check whether the compound meter indicates 0.1Mpa. If the meter does not indicate 0.1Mpa after pumping 30 minutes, it should be pumped 20 minutes more. If the pressure can't achieve -0.1Mpa after pumping 50 minutes, please check if there are some leakage points.

Fully close the handle Lo valve of the manifold valve and stop the operation of the vacuum pump. Confirm that the gauge needle does not move (approximately 5 minutes after turning off the vacuum pump).

7) Turn the flare nut of the 3-way valves about 45° counterclockwise for 6 or 7seconds after the gas

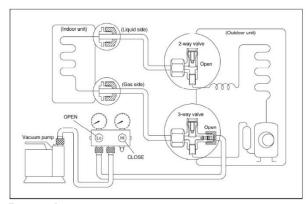
coming out, then tighten the flare nut again. Make sure the pressure display in the pressure indicator is a little higher than the atmosphere pressure. Then remove the charge hose from the 3 way valve.

8) Fully open the 2 way valve and 3 way valve and securely tighten the cap of the 3 way

valve.

4.7 Evacuation after servicing the outdoor unit refrigeration circuit

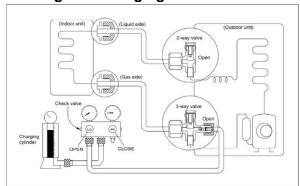
1. Evacuation of the complete refrigeration circuit, Indoor and outdoor unit.



Procedure:

- 1). Confirm that both the 2-way and 3-way valves are set to the opened position.
- 2). Connect the vacuum pump to 3-way valve's service port.
- 3). Evacuation for approximately one hour. Confirm that the compound meter indicates 0.1Mpa (500 Microns / 29.9 in,hg).
- 4). Close the valve (Low side) on the charge set, turn off the vacuum pump, and confirm that the gauge needle does not move (approximately 5 minutes after turning off the vacuum pump).
- 5). Disconnect the charge hose from the vacuum pump.

2. Refrigerant charging



Procedure:

1). Connect the charge hose to the charging cylinder, open the 2-way valve and the 3-way valve.

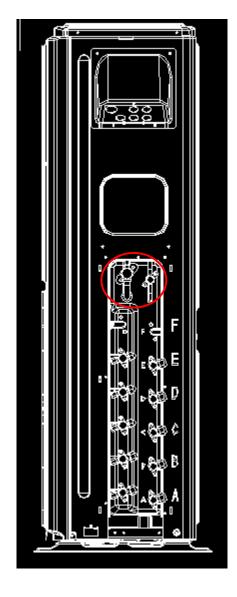
Connect the charge hose which you disconnected

from the vacuum pump to the valve at the bottom of the cylinder. If the refrigerant is R410A, make the cylinder bottom up to ensure liquid charge.

- 2). Purge the air from the charge hose Open the valve at the bottom of the cylinder and press the check valve on the charge set to purge the air (be careful of the liquid refrigerant).
- 3) Put the charging cylinder onto the electronic scale and record the weight.
- 4). Open the valves (Low side) on the charge set and charge the system with liquid refrigerant If the system cannot be charge with the specified amount of refrigerant, or can be charged with a little at a time (approximately 150g each time), operating the air conditioner in the cooling cycle; however, one time is not sufficient, wait approximately 1 minute and then repeat the procedure.
- 5). When the electronic scale displays the proper weight, disconnect the charge hose from the 3-way valve's service port immediately
- If the system has been charged with liquid refrigerant while operating the air conditioner, turn off the air conditioner before disconnecting the hose.
- 6). Mounted the valve stem caps and the service port. Use torque wrench to tighten the service port cap to a torque of 18N·m (13.27 ft·lbs). Always leak check after servicing the refrigerant system.

For M3OF-27HFN1-M/M4OF-36HFN1-M/M5OF-48HFN1-M/M2OH-18HFN1-M/M3OH-27HFN1-M/LEA36MZ-4P-35SK-O/ M5OG-48HFN1-M-[X]/M5OA-55HFN1-M-[X]

There are one low-pressure centralized valve and one high-pressure centralized valve, it will be more time saving when vacuum and recycle refrigerant. But refer to the previous instruction when vacuum and recycle refrigerant.



5. Electronic Function

5.1 Abbreviation

T1: Indoor ambient temperature

T2: Middle indoor heat exchanger coil temperature

T2B: Indoor heat exchanger exhaust coil temperature (located on the outdoor unit)

T3: Outdoor heat exchanger pipe temperature

T4: Outdoor ambient temperature

T5: Compressor discharge temperature

5.2 Electric Control Working Environment.

5.2.1 Input voltage: 230V.

5.2.2 Input power frequency: 60Hz.

5.2.3 Indoor fan standard working amp.: <1A

5.2.4 Outdoor fan standard working amp.: <1.5A.

5.2.5 Four-way valve standard amp.: <1A.

5.3 Main Protection

5.3.1 Compressor Restart Delay

---- The compressor takes 1 minute to start up the first time. Further restarts take 3 minutes.

5.3.2 Temperature Protection of Compressor Discharge.

When the discharge temperature of the compressor rises, the running frequency is limited according to the following rules:

----If 105°C (221 °F)≦T5<110°C (230 °F), maintain the current frequency.

----If the temperature increase and T5≥110 °C (230 °F), decrease the frequency to a lower level every 2 minutes till to F1.

---If T5 \geq 115°C (239 °F) for 10 seconds, the compressor stops and then restart until T5<90°C (194 °F).

5.3.3 Fan Speed Malfunction

---- If outdoor fan speed is lower than 100RPM or higher than 2400RPM for 60 seconds or more, the unit stops and LED displays failure code.

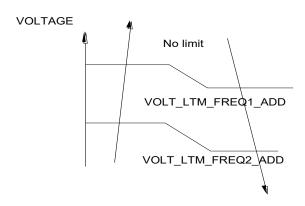
5.3.4 Inverter Module Protection.

---- The inverter protection module ensures that faults related to current, voltage, or temperature does not damage the inverter.

If these protections are triggered, the A/C unit stops and the LED displays the failure code.

The unit restarts 3 minutes after the protection mechanism has turned off.

5.3.5 Low Voltage Protection

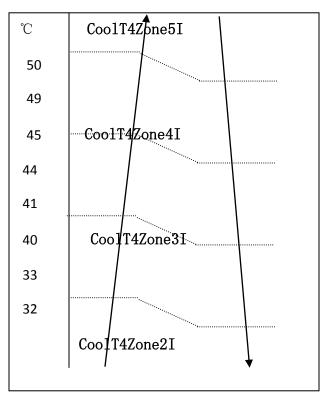


Note: If low voltage protection triggers and voltage is not restored to normal within 3 minutes, the protection remains active even after a machine restart.

5.3.6 Compressor Current Limit Protection

The temperature interval for the current limit is the same as the range of the T4 frequency limit.

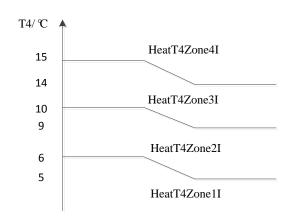
Cooling mode:



CoolReturnI	The difference between current limit and shutdown current
CoolT4Zone5I	Cooling T4≥50°C current limit value
CoolT4Zone4I	Cooling 49>T4≥45°C current limit value
CoolT4Zone3I	Cooling 44>T4≥41°C current limit value
CoolT4Zone2I	Cooling 40 > T4≥33°C current limit value
CoolT4Zone1I	Cooling 32>T4°Ccurrent limit value
CoolStopI	Cooling stop protection current value

Heating mode:

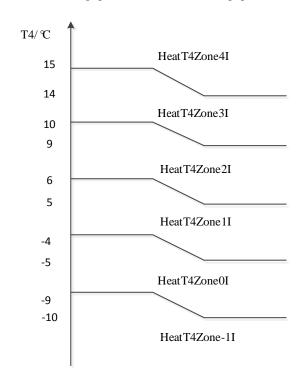
For other models,



HeatReturnI	The difference between current
	limit

	and shutdown current
HeatT4Zone4I	Heating T4≥15°Ccurrent limit
	value
HeatT4Zone3I	Heating 14°C>T4≥10°C
	current limit value
HeatT4Zone2I	Heating 9°C>T4≥6°C current
	limit value
HeatT4Zone1I	Heating 5°C>T4 current limit
	value
HeatStopl	Heating stop protection current value

For M4OI-36HFN1-M, M5OG-48HFN1-M, M5OG-48HFN1-M-[X], M5OA-55HFN1-M-[X]



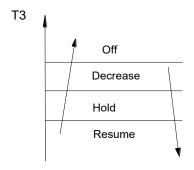
HeatReturnI	The difference between current
	limit
	and shutdown current
HeatT4Zone4I	Heating T4≥15°Ccurrent limit
	value
HeatT4Zone3I	Heating 14°C>T4≥10°C
	current limit value
HeatT4Zone2I	Heating 9°C>T4≥6°C current
	limit value
HeatT4Zone1I	Heating 5°C>T4≥-4°C current
	limit value
HeatT4Zone0I	Heating -5°C>T4≥-9°C current
	limit value

HeatT4Zone- 1I	Heating -10°C>T4 current limit value
HeatStopl	Heating stop protection current value

5.3.7 Indoor / Outdoor Units Communication Protection

If the indoor units do not receive the feedback signal from the outdoor units for 2 consecutive minutes, the unit stops. The unit displays the failure code.

5.3.8 High Condenser Coil Temp. Protection



5.3.9 Outdoor Unit Anti-Freezing Protection

When T2<4°C for 250seconds or T2<0°C, the indoor unit capacity demand is zero and resumes normal operation when T2>8°C and the protection time is no less than 3 minutes.

5.3.10 Oil Return

Rules for Operation

- 1. If the compressor frequency continues to be lower than the frequency set for setting time, the unit raises the frequency to the frequency set for setting time and then resumes with the former frequency.
- 2. The EXV continues at 300p while indoor units maintain their operation.

If the outdoor ambient temperature is higher than the set frequency during oil return, the unit stops the oil return process.

5.3.11 Low Outdoor Ambient Temperature Protection

When the compressor is off and T4 is lower than - 35°C for 10 seconds, the unit stops and displays "LP" or "PC0L"

When the compressor is on and T4 remains lower than -40°C for 10 seconds, the unit stops and displays "LP" or "PC0L"

When T4 is no lower than -32°C for 10 seconds, the unit exits protection.

5.4 Control and Functions

5.4.1 Capacity Request Calculation

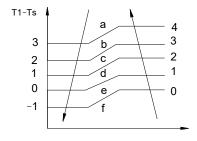
For Old Console series, Old Duct/Cassette/Floor Ceiling, Old Vertu/Luna Series:

Total capacity Request=Σ(Norm code × HP) /10× modify rate+ correction

For All new models(New Wall mounted(Hi-Wall) series, New Duct/Cassette/Console/Floor Ceiling):

Total capacity Request= $\Sigma(Norm code \times HP) / 40 \times modify rate+ correction <math>\Sigma$

Cooling Mode:



Capacity area	а	b	С	d	е	f
Norm code (N)	3	2	1.5	1	0.5	0

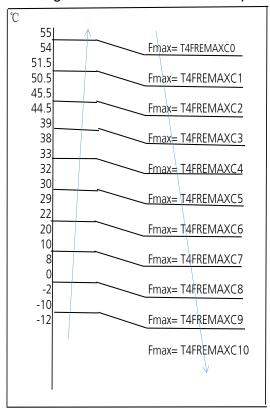
Model	9K	12K	18K	24K
HP	1.0	1.2	1.5	2.5

Note: The final result is an integer.

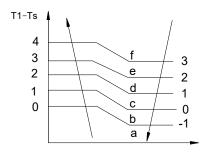
Use the following table and final capacity request to confirm the operating frequency.

Frequency (Hz)	0	COO L_F1	COO L_F2	 COOL _F24	COO L_F2 5	
Amendatory capacity demand.	0	1	2	 24	25	

The maximum running frequency is adjusted according to the outdoor ambient temperature



Heating Mode



Capacity area	а	b	С	d	е	f
Norm code (N)	3	2	1.5	1	0.5	0

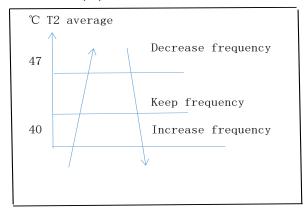
Model 9K 12K 18K 24K

HP	1.0	1.2	1.5	2.5	

Note: The final result is an integer.

Then modify it according to a T2 average (correction):

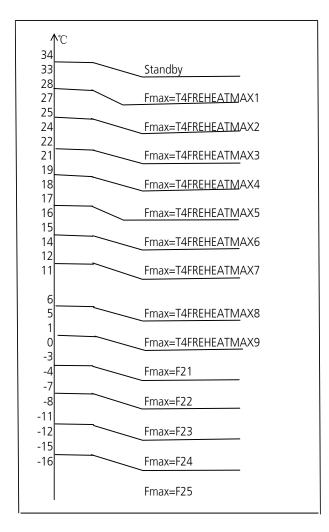
Note: Average value of T2: Sum T2 value of all indoor units)/ (indoor units number



Use the following table and final capacity request to confirm the operating frequency.

Frequency (Hz)	0	HEAT _F1	HEAT _F2	 HEAT _F24	HEAT _F25
Amendatory capacity demand.	0	1	2	 24	25

The maximum running frequency is adjusted according to the outdoor ambient temperature



5.4.2 Defrosting Control

Conditions for Defrosting:

After the compressor starts and enters normal operation, mark the minimum value of T3 from the 10th to 15th minute as T30.

If any one of the following conditions is satisfied, the unit enters defrosting mode:

- 1) If the compressor's cumulative running time reaches 29 minutes and T3< TCDI1 and T3+ T30SUBT3ONE≤T30.
- 2) If the compressor cumulative running time reaches 35 minutes and T3< TCDI2 and T3+ T30SUBT3TWO≤T30.
- 3) If the compressor cumulative running time reaches 40 minutes and T3< -24C for 3 minutes.

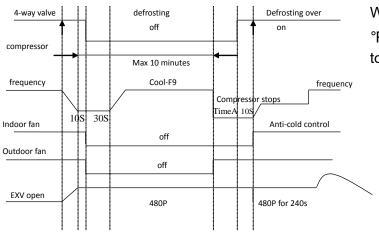
- 4) If the compressor cumulative running time reaches 120 minutes and T3<-15°C.
- 5) If the air conditioner is shut down from heating mode, it will enter defrost if any of the following conditions are met (this condition can be shielded by parameters):
- a) The continuous operation time of the press exceeds 30 minutes, and T3<-7 degrees;
- b) The continuous operation time of the press is more than 30 minutes, and T30<-15 degrees;
- 6) For the first defrosting when the machine is turned on, after the compressor has been running for 30 minutes, when T4-T3> (0.5T4 + KDELTT_ADD) and T3 < TCDIN5_ADD, it will immediately enter the defrosting action. After performing this defrosting action once, this rule will be invalid until the next restarting operation.
- 7) If any one of the following conditions is satisfied, the unit enters defrosting mode,
- a) If T3 or T4 is lower than -3°C for 30 seconds,Ts-T1 is lower than 5°C and compressor running time is more than DEFROST COND6 IN TIM.
- b) If T3 or T4 is lower than -3°C for 30 seconds and compressor running time is more than DEFROST COND6 IN TIM +30.

Defrost Stop Conditions

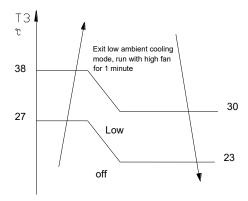
If any one of the following conditions is satisfied, defrosting ends and the unit returns to normal heating mode:

- ----T3 rises above than TCDE1°C.
- ----T3 remains at TCDE2°C or above for 80 seconds.
- ----The machine runs for 10 consecutive minutes in defrosting mode.

Defrosting Action:



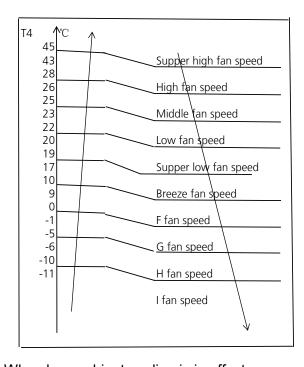
When T3≥38 °C (100.4 °F) or when T4≥15 °C (59 °F), the outdoor fan chooses a speed according to T4 again.



5.4.3 Outdoor Fan Control

5.4.3.1 Cooling Mode

Under normal operating conditions, the system chooses the running fan speed according to the ambient temperature:



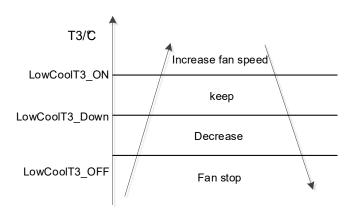
5.4.3.2 Heating Mode

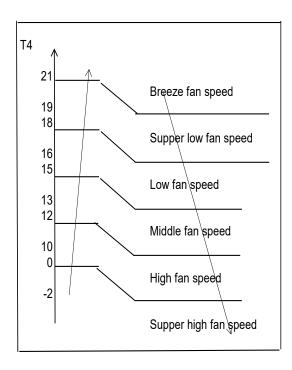
Under normal operating conditions, the system chooses a running fan speed according to ambient temperature:

When low ambient cooling is in effect::

Outdoor fan speed control logic (low ambient cooling)

When T4 <15 °C (59 °F) and T3 < 30 °C (86 °F), the unit enters into low ambient cooling mode. The outdoor fan chooses a speed according to T3.





5.4.4 Electronic Expansion Valve (EXV) For M5OG-48HFN1-M-[X], M5OA-55HFN1-M-[X]

- After the outdoor unit is powered on again, the EXV is first closed -520P, and then in standby mode (if the current mode is heating mode, the initial heating degree is run, otherwise the initial cooling degree is run, and the internal machine is not connected. deal with 7k unit). The main valve first opens 510P, then opens 530P, and then is in the standby state (if the current outdoor mode is the heating mode or the standby mode, it maintains 0P, and the cooling mode opens to the initial cooling opening). The EVI valve opens 510P first, then 530P, then the counter is cleared to 0P.
- 2. After the compressor is stopped,
- 2.1 If the EVI valve has a valve opening action before the stop, the PMV_CLOSE_EE step is closed in the reverse direction after the stop, and then the EXV opening counter is cleared to 0P. If the EVI valve does not operate before the stop, 0P will be maintained.
- 2.2 Reverse the valve to close the PMV_CLOSE_EE step (after closing the valve to the 0P, and then continue to run PMV_CLOSE_EE in the valve closing direction, the EXV opening counter is cleared. If the current opening is 300P, go to the valve Run the 320P in the closing direction to close the EXV.), then in the standby state (if the current outdoor mode is the heating mode, the initial heating opening is

run, otherwise the initial cooling opening is run, and the internal machine is not connected. deal with 7k unit).

2.3 Main EXV action: When the compressor is off, the main EXV keeps the opening degree when the compressor is turned off within the first 90 seconds. If it is currently heating mode, -20P, clear and keep 0P, otherwise adjust to 480P.

3. Other EXV(except for EVI valve) cannot be operated at the same time. The action priority order is A-B-C-D-E-main valve. The EVI valve can be operated together with other EXV.

For other models, Control

- 1. EXV remains fully closed while the device is powering up. EXV then remains on standby with 350P open. It opens to the target angle after the compressor starts.
- 2. EXV closes with -40P when the compressor stops. Then it remains on standby with 350P open. It opens to the target angle after the compressor starts.
- 3. The action priority for the EXVs is A-B-C-D-E.
- 4. The compressor and outdoor fan commence operation only after EXV initializes.

5.4.4.1 Cooling Mode

The initial open angle of the EXV depends on the size of the indoor model. The adjustment range is 100-400p.

When the unit has been running for 3 minutes, the outdoor receives indoor units' capacity demand and T2B information and then calculates their average. After comparing each indoor's T2B with the average, the outdoor gives the following modification commands:

- ---- If the T2B>average, the relevant valve needs to open 16p more
- ---- If the T2B= average, the relevant valve's open range remains as is
- ---- If the T2B<average, the relevant valve needs to close 16p more

This modification is carried out every 2 minutes.

5.4.4.2 Heating Mode

The initial open angle of the EXV depends on the size of the indoor model. The adjustment range is 150-350p.

When the unit has been running for 3 minutes, the outdoor unit receives the indoor units' indoor units' capacity demand and T2 information and then calculates their average.

After comparing each indoor unit's T2 with the average, the outdoor gives the following modification commands:

- ----If the T2 > average+2, the relevant valve needs to close 16p more
- ---- If average+2≥the T2≥ average-2, the relevant valve's open range remains as is
- ----If the T2<average-2, the relevant valve needs to open 16p more

This modification is carried out every 2 minutes.

5.4.5 Four-Way Valve Control

In heating mode, a four-way valve is opened.

In defrosting, a four-way valve operates according to the current defrosting action.

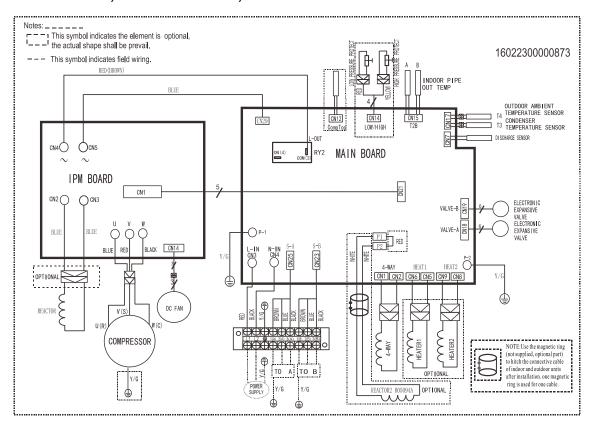
In other modes, a four-way valve is closed.

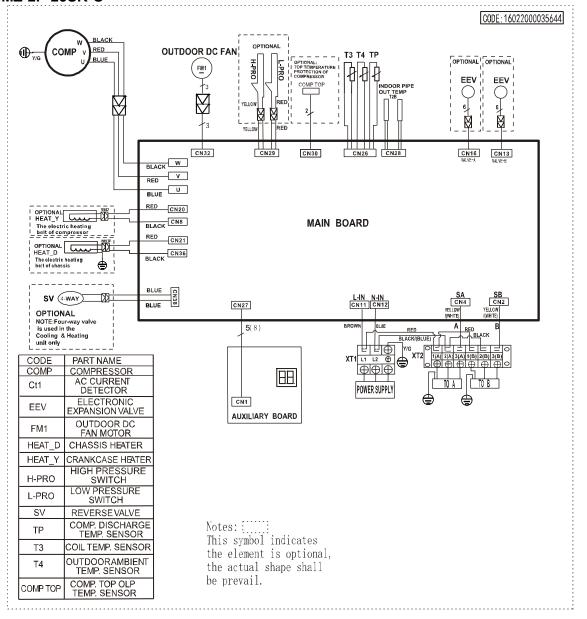
When the unit is switched from heating to other modes, the four-way valve turns off after the compressor has been off for 2 consecutive minutes.

Failure or protection (excluding discharge temperature protection and high/low pressure protection) causes the four-way valve to immediately shut down.

6. Wiring Diagrams

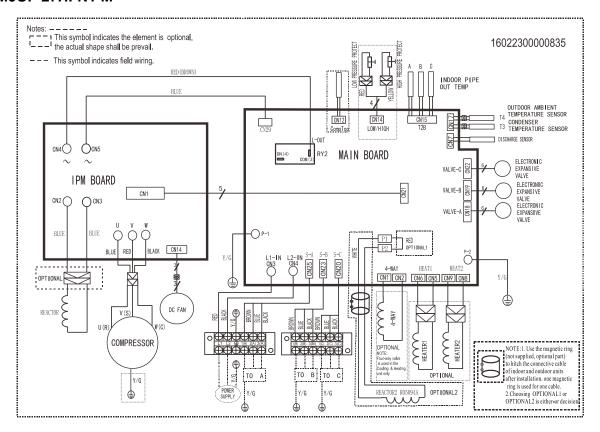
6.1 Wiring diagram of 1 drive 2 outdoor M2OF-18HFN1-M, M2OH-18HFN1-M, LEA20MZ-2P-35SK-O



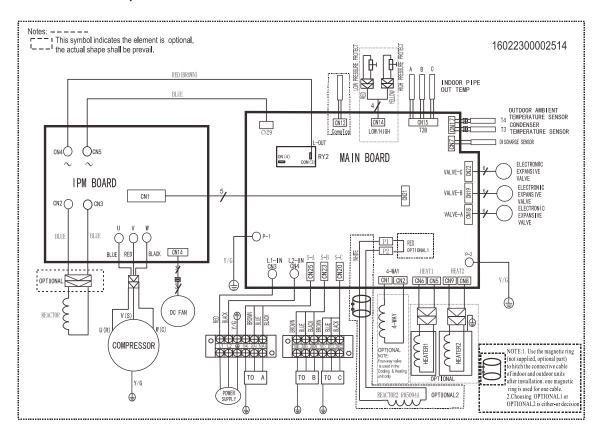


6.2 Wiring diagram of 1 drive 3 outdoor

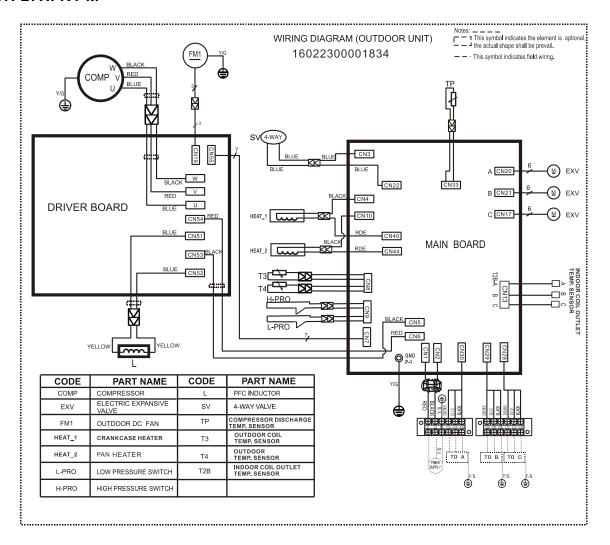
M3OF-27HFN1-M



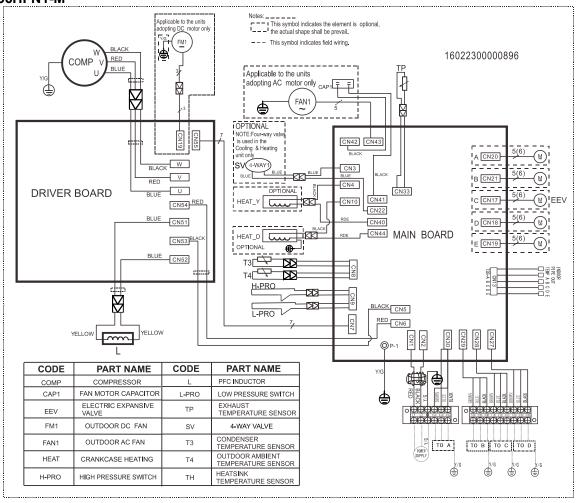
LEA27MZ-3P-25SK-O, LEA28MZ-3P-35SK-O



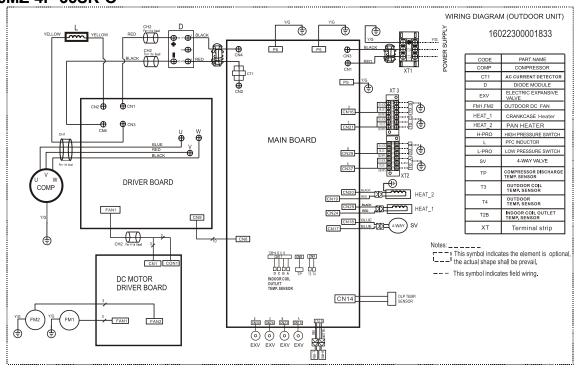
M3OH-27HFN1-M



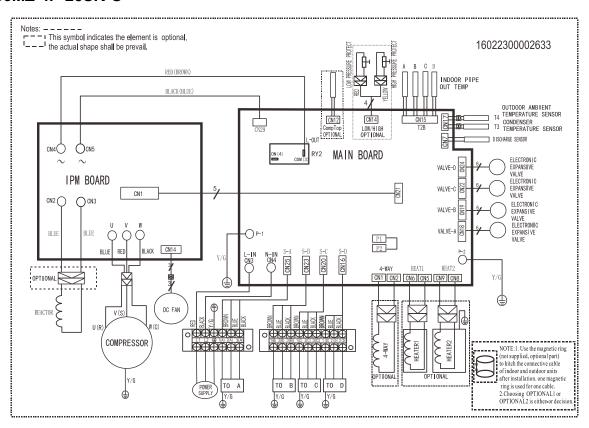
6.3 Wiring diagram of 1 drive 4 outdoor M4OF-36HFN1-M



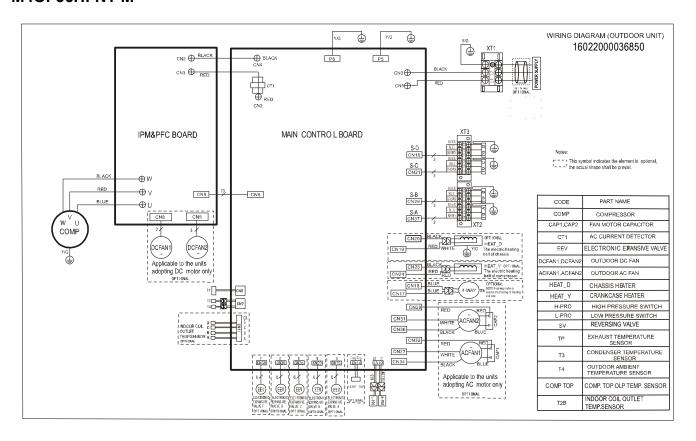
LEA36MZ-4P-35SK-O



LEA36MZ-4P-25SK-O

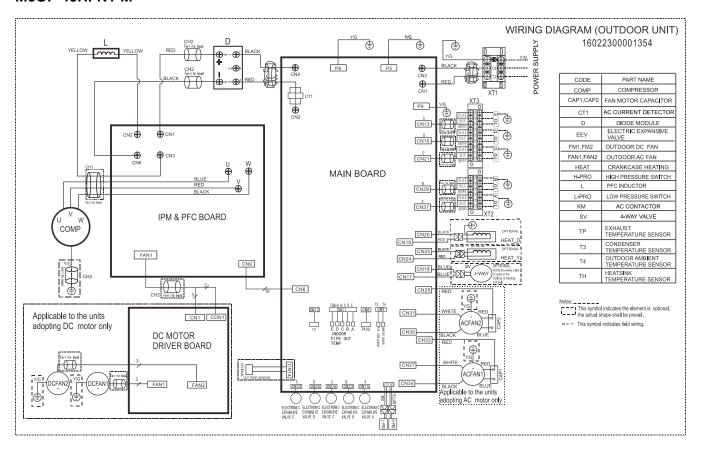


M4OI-36HFN1-M

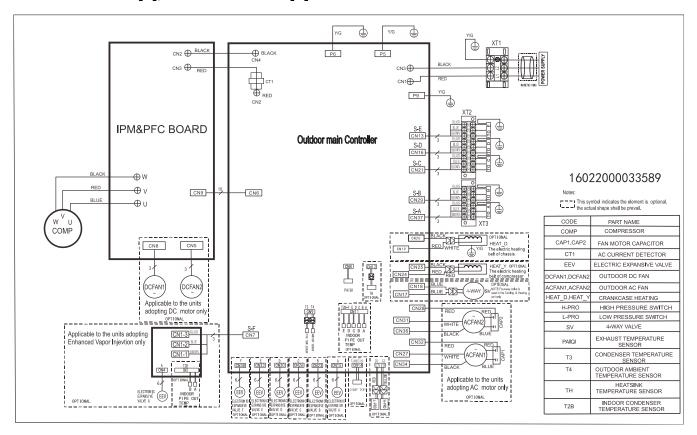


6.4 Wiring diagram of 1 drive 5 outdoor

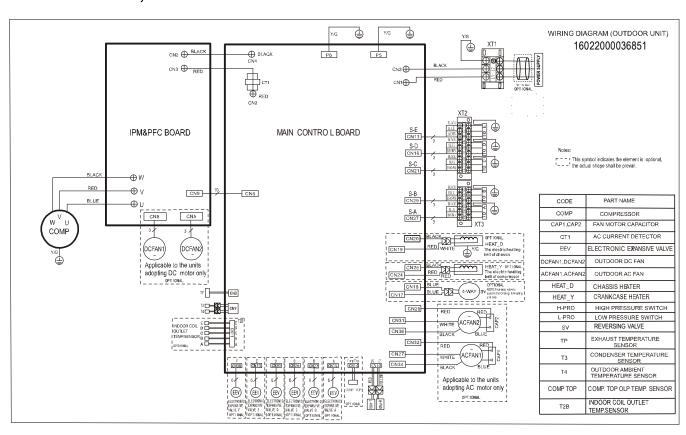
M5OF-48HFN1-M



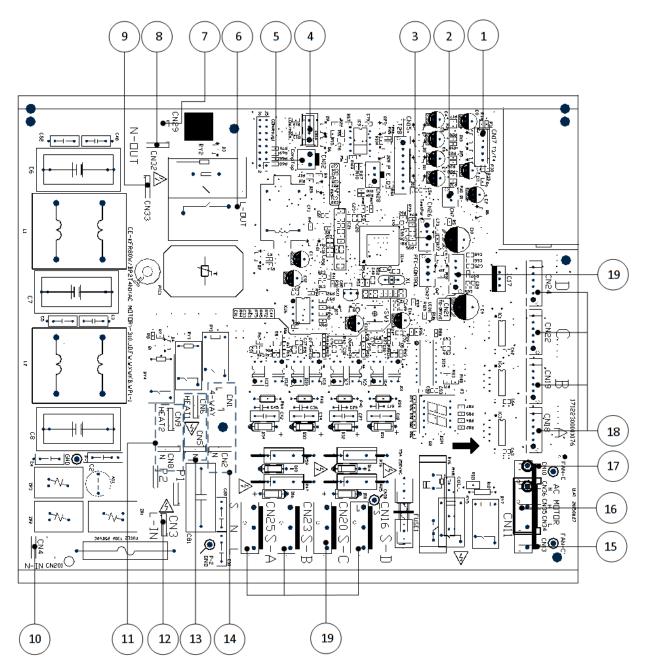
M5OG-48HFN1-M-[X], M5OA-55HFN1-M-[X]



M5OG-48HFN1-M, M5OA-55HFN1-M



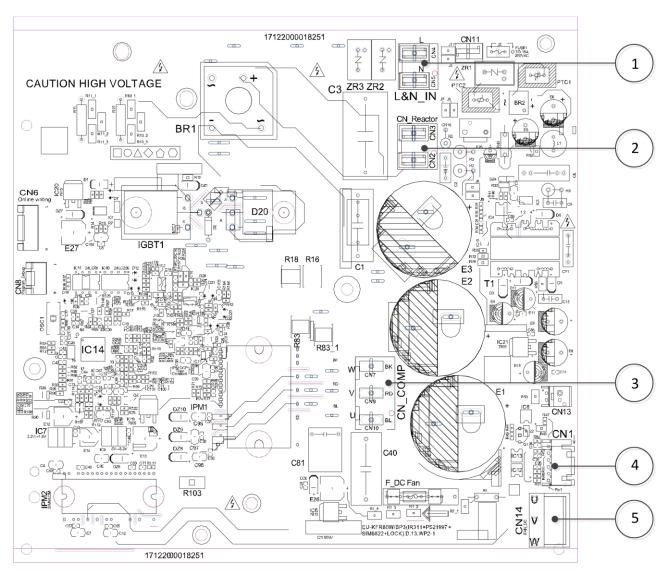
PCB board of M2OF-18HFN1-M, M3OF-27HFN1-M, M2OH-18HFN1-M, LEA20MZ-2P-35SK-O, LEA27MZ-3P-25SK-O, LEA28MZ-3P-35SK-O, LEA36MZ-4P-25SK-O



No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	T3/T4	CN17	T3: condenser temperature sensor T4: outdoor ambient temperature sensor
2	CN7	CN7	connect to discharge sensor
3	TESTPORT	CN26	connect to DR board CN1
4	LOW/HIGH	CN14	Red: low pressure protect

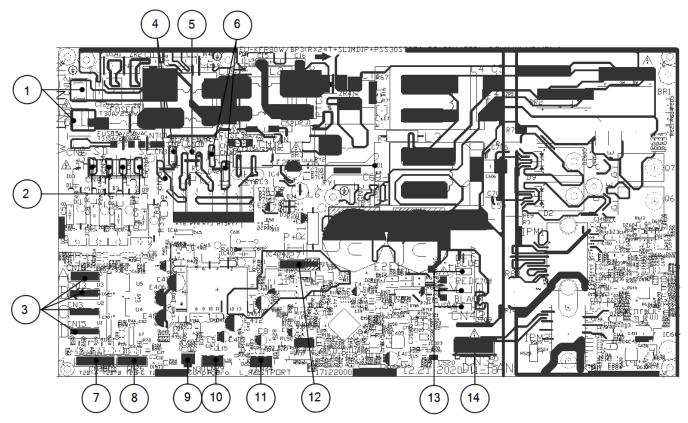
			Yellow: high pressure protect
5	Comp Top	CN12	compressor top temperature sensor
6	L-OUT	L-OUT	connect to IPM board CN4
7	N-OUT	N-OUT	connect to IPM board CN5
8	CN32	CN32	connect to DR board CN5
9	CN33	CN33	connect to DR board CN5
10	N-in	CN4	N_in: connect to N-line (208-230V AC input)
11	HEAT2	CN8/CN9	connect to chassis heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
12	L-in	CN3	L_in: connect to L-line (208-230V AC input)
13	HEAT1	CN5/CN6	connect to compressor heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
14	4-way	CN1/CN2	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.
15	Fan-C	CN13	connect to fan capacitor
16	Outdoor AC Fan	CN11	connect to outdoor AC fan
17	Fan-C	CN10	connect to fan capacitor
		CN18	connect to Electric Expansion Valve A
18	Electronic Expansion	CN19	connect to Electric Expansion Valve B
	valve	CN22	connect to Electric Expansion Valve C
		CN24	connect to Electric Expansion Valve D
	S-A	CN25	Current loop communication A, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)
19	S-B	CN23	Current loop communication B, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)
	S-C	CN20	Current loop communication C, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)
	S-D	CN16	Current loop communication D, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)

IPM board of M2OF-18HFN1-M, M3OF-27HFN1-M, M2OH-18HFN1-M, LEA20MZ-2P-35SK-O, LEA27MZ-3P-25SK-O, LEA28MZ-3P-35SK-O, LEA36MZ-4P-25SK-O



No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	CN4	CN4	connect to main board L-Out
	CN5	CN5	connect to main board N-Out
2	CN_Reactor	CN2/CN3	connect to reactor
3	CN_COMP	CN_COMP	connect to compressor
4	CN1	CN1	connect to main board CN21
5	AN_DC	CN14	connect to outdoor DC fan

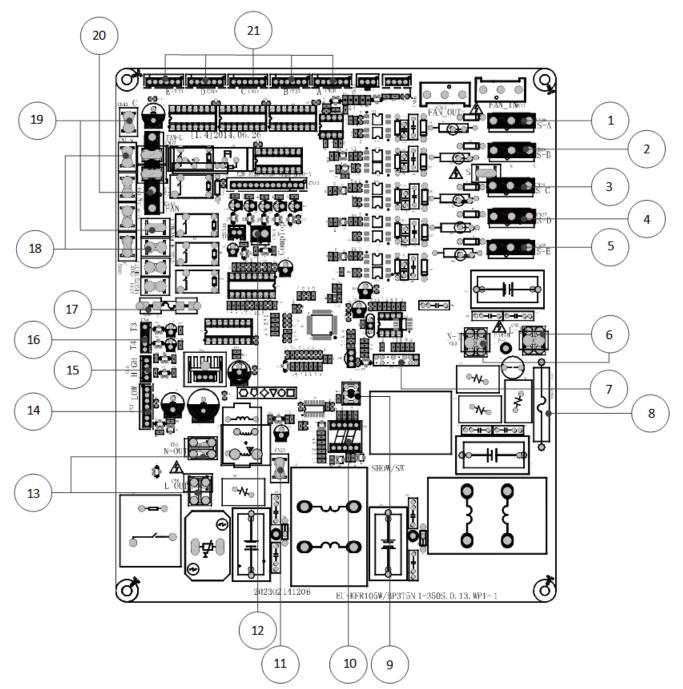
PCB board of LEA18MZ-2P-25SK-O



Name	CN#	Meaning
Power Supply	CN11	L_in: connect to N-line (208-230V AC input)
117	CN12	N_in: connect to L-line (208-230V AC input)
	CN4	connect to Electric Expansion Valve A
Electronic Expansion	CN2	connect to Electric Expansion Valve B
valve	CN34	connect to Electric Expansion Valve C
	CN5	connect to Electric Expansion Valve D
S-A	CN10	
S-B	CN13	S: connect to indoor unit communication(pin1-pin2: 24VDC Pulse wave;
S-C	CN3	pin2-pin3: 208-230V AC input)
S-D	CN15	
HEAT_D	CN21/CN36	connect to chassis heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
4-way	CN38	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.
HEAT_Y	CN8/CN20	connect to compressor heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
T2B	CN28	connect to evaporator coil outlet temperature sensor T2B
	Electronic Expansion valve S-A S-B S-C S-D HEAT_D 4-way HEAT_Y	CN11

8	T3 T4 TP	CN26	connect to pipe temp. sensor T3, ambient temp. sensor T4, exhaust temp. sensor TP
9	OLP TEMP. SENSOR	CN30	connect to compressor top temp. sensor (5VDC Pulse wave)
10	H-PRO,L-RPO	CN29	connect to high and low pressure swtich(pin1-pin2&pin3-pin4:5VDC pulse wave)
11	TESTPORT	CN24	used for testing
12	1	CN27	connect to key board CN1

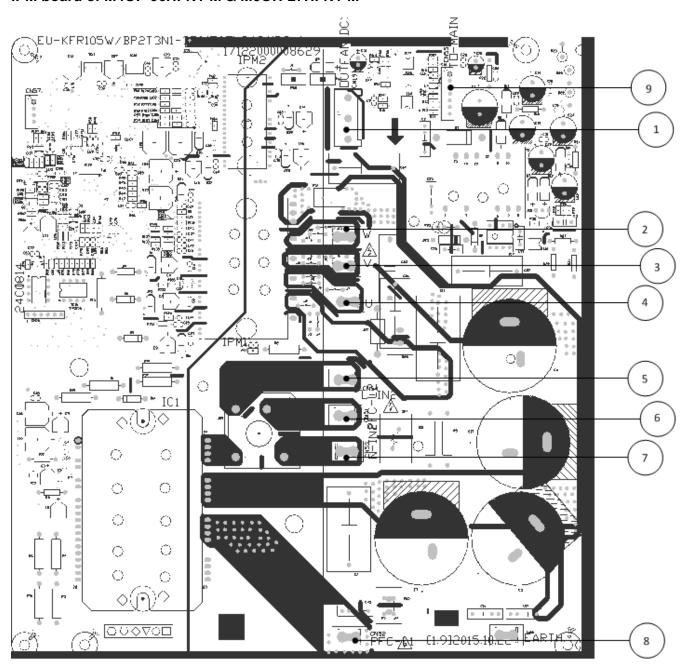
PCB board of M4OF-36HFN1-M & M3OH-27HFN1-M



No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	S-A	CN30	Current loop communication A, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)
2	S-B	CN29	Current loop communication B, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)
3	S-C	CN28	Current loop communication C, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)
4	S-D	CN27	Current loop communication D, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V

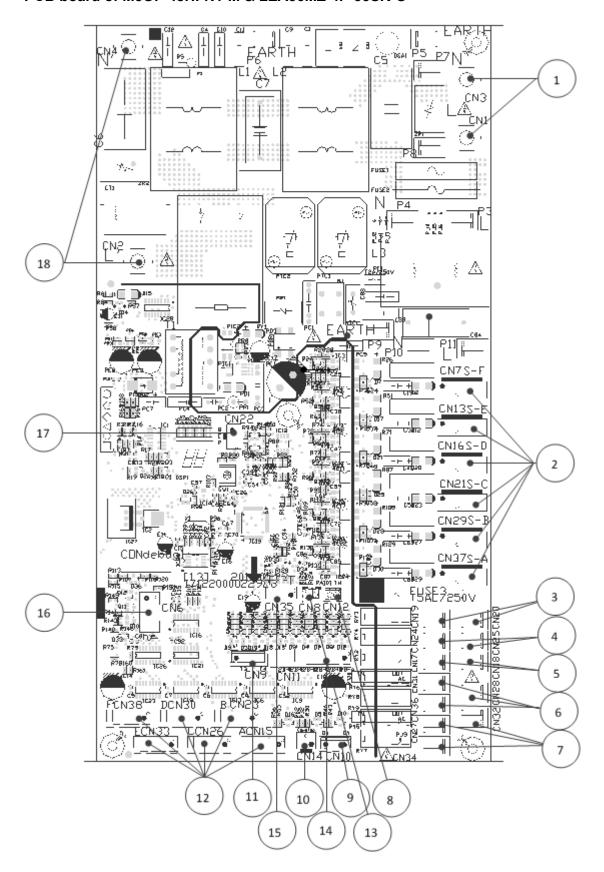
			DC Pulse wave)
5	S-E	CN26	Current loop communication E, signal wire, connect to the terminal (24V DC Pulse wave)
6	L-IN	CN1	Power supply, connect to the terminal (208-230V AC)
	N-IN	CN2	
7	TESTPORT	CONdebug	connect to detector
8	Fuse	Fuse 1	Fuse T30A/250V
9	SW1	SW1	Digital display button
10	DSP1	DSP1	Digital display
11	CN23	CN23	CN23 reserve
12	CN14	CN14	Connect to exhaust temperature sensor
13	N-OUT	CN5	
	L-OUT	CN6	Connect to the terminal (208-230V AC)
14	CN7	CN7	Connect to inverter driver
15	LOW/HIGH	CN9	Connect to high and low pressure sensor
			Connect to T3 / T4 temperature sensor
16	T3/T4	CN8	T3: condenser temperature sensor
			T4: outdoor ambient temperature sensor
17	Fuse	Fuse 2	Fuse 5A/250V
18	L	CN22	Connect to the 4-way valve. When the 4-way is ON, output 208-230V
	N	CN3	AC.
19	CN42	CN42	
	CN41	CN41	connect to fan capacitor
20	AC Fan	CN43	Connect to AC fan motor
		CN20	connect to Electric Expansion Valve A
	Electronic Expansion valve	CN21	connect to Electric Expansion Valve B
21		CN17	connect to Electric Expansion Valve C
		CN18	connect to Electric Expansion Valve D
		CN19	connect to Electric Expansion Valve E

IPM board of M4OF-36HFN1-M & M3OH-27HFN1-M



No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	OUT FAN (DC)	CN19	Connect to DC motor
2	W	J13	Connect to compressor W
3	V	J10	Connect to compressor V
4	U	J7	Connect to compressor U
5	CN54	CN54	Connect to main PCB CN6
6	CN51	CN51	Connect to PFC inductor

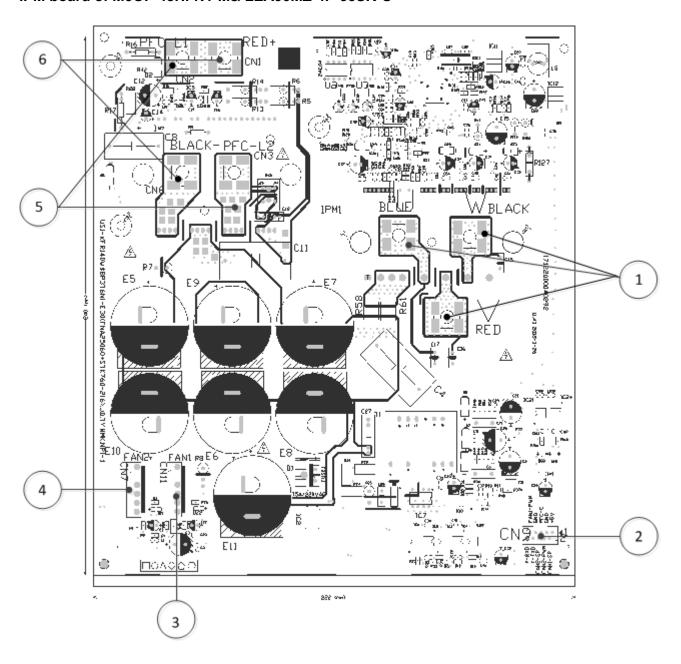
7	CN53	CN53	Connect to main PCB CN5
8	CN52	CN52	Connect to PFC inductor
9	CN55	CN55	Connect to main PCB CN7



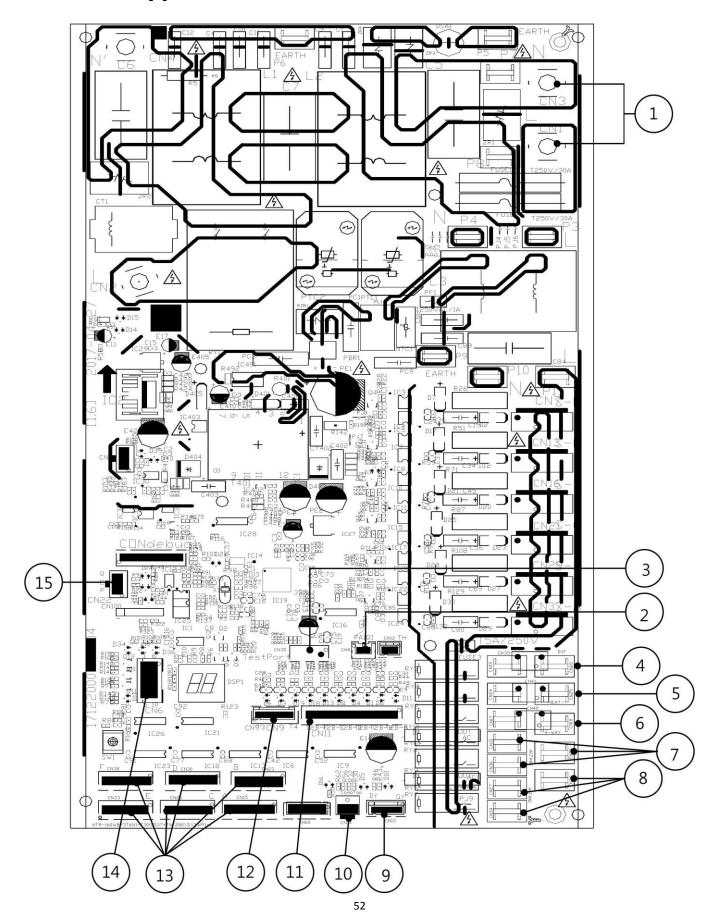
No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	Power Supply	CN3	N_in: connect to N-line (208-230V AC input)
·	. one. cupp.y	CN1	L_in: connect to L-line (208-230V AC input)
	S-F	CN7	
	S-E	CN13	
2	S-D	CN16	
	S-C	CN21	
	S-B	CN29	S: connect to indoor unit communication(pin1-pin2: 24VDC Pulse wave;
	S-A	CN39	pin2-pin3: 208-230V AC input)
3	HEAT_D	CN19/CN20	connect to the heater, 208-230V AC when is ON
4	HEAT_Y	CN24/CN25	
5	4-WAY	CN17/ CN18	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.
6	AC-FAN1	CN28/ CN31/ CN36	connect to AC fan1
7	AC-FAN2	CN27/ CN32/ CN34	connect to AC fan2
8	TH	CN12	connect to heat sink sensor
9	H-PRO,L-RPO	CN10	connect to high and low pressure swtich(pin1-pin2&pin3-pin4:5VDC pulse wave)
10	OLP TEMP. SENSOR	CN14	connect to compressor top temp. sensor (5VDC Pulse wave)
11	T3 T4	CN9	connect to pipe temp. sensor T3, ambient temp. sensor T4
		CN15	connect to Electric Expansion Valve A
		CN23	connect to Electric Expansion Valve B
12	Electronic Expansion	CN26	connect to Electric Expansion Valve C
12	valve	CN30	connect to Electric Expansion Valve D
		CN33	connect to Electric Expansion Valve E
		CN36	connect to Electric Expansion Valve F
13	PAIQI	CN8	connect to exhaust temp sensor

14	INDOOR PIPE OUT TEMP	CN11	connect to evaporator coil outlet temperature sensor T2B
15	TESTPORT	CN35	used for testing
16	CN6	CN6	connect to IPM board
17	CN22	CN22	485 communication
18	N	CN4	
	L	CN2	connect to IPM board(208-230V AC input)

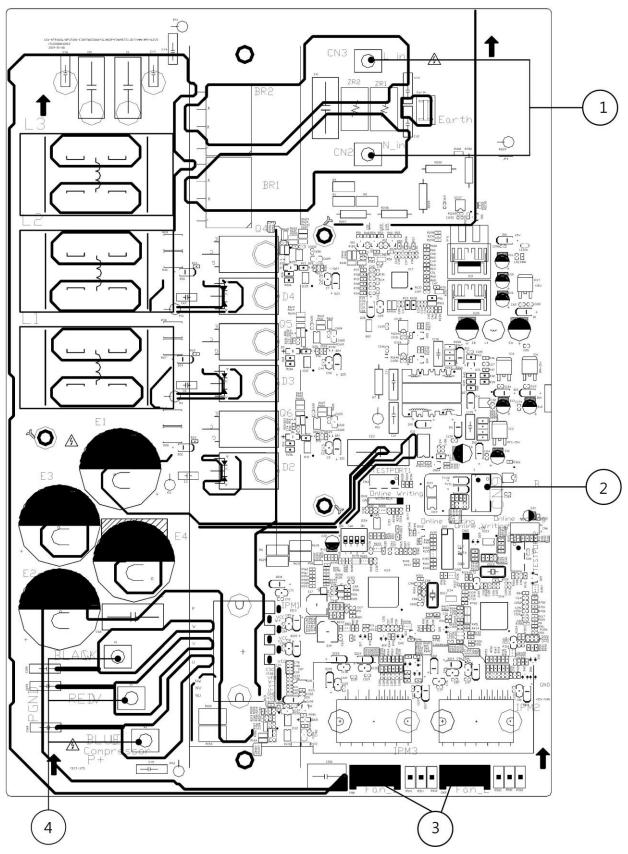
IPM board of M5OF-48HFN1-M& LEA36MZ-4P-35SK-O



No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
	W	W	Connect to compressor
1	V	V	0V AC (standby)
	U	U	10-200V AC (running)
2	CN9	CN9	Connect to main PCB
3	FAN1	CN11	connect to DC motor driver board
4	FAN2	CN7	
5	PFC-L1	CN2	connect to reactor
	PFC-L2	CN3	
6	PFC-L1	CN6	connect to bridge
	PFC-L2	CN1	



No.	Name	CN#	Meaning	
1	Power Supply	CN1	L1_in: connect to L1-line (230V AC input)	
•	i ower cappiy	CN3	L2_in: connect to L2-line (230V AC input)	
2	TP	CN8	Exhaust temp. sensor TP	
3	TESTPORT	CN35	used for testing	
4	HEAT1	CN19/CN20	connect to chassis heater, 208-230V AC when is ON	
5	HEAT2	CN24/CN25	connect to compressor heater, 208-230V AC when is ON	
6	4-WAY	CN17/ CN18	connect to 4 way valve, 208-230V AC when is ON.	
7	AC-FAN2	CN28/ CN31/ CN36	connect to AC fan2	
8	AC-FAN1	CN27/ CN32/ CN34	connect to AC fan1	
9	H-PRO,L-RPO	CN10	connect to high and low pressure swtich(pin1-pin2&pin3-pin4:5VDC pulse wave)	
10	OLP TEMP. SENSOR	CN14	connect to compressor top temp. sensor (5VDC Pulse wave)	
11	T2B	CN11	connect to pipe temp. sensor T2B	
12	T3 T4	CN9	connect to pipe temp. sensor T3, ambient temp. sensor T4	
		CN15	connect to Electric Expansion Valve A	
		CN23	connect to Electric Expansion Valve B	
	Electronic Expansion	CN26	connect to Electric Expansion Valve C	
13	valve	CN30	connect to Electric Expansion Valve D	
		CN33	connect to Electric Expansion Valve E	
		CN38	connect to Electric Expansion Valve F	
14	1	CN6	connect to IPM&PFC board CN9	
15	PQE	CN22	485 communication	



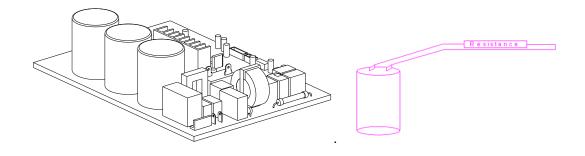
No.	Name	CN#	Meaning
1	Power Supply	CN3	connect to main board L-Out
		CN2	connect to main board N-Out
2	1	CN9	Connect to main PCB CN6
3	FAN_DC	FAN_1/FAN_2	connect to outdoor DC fan 1& DC fan 2
		U1	
4	CN_COMP	V1	Connect to compressor
		W1	

7. Troubleshooting

7.1Safety

Electricity is stored in capacitors, even when the power supply is shut off. Do not forget to discharge the electricity in the capacitors.

The value of resistance is about 1500 ohm to 2000 ohm



Electrolytic Capacitors

(HIGH VOLTAGE! CAUTION!)

Bulb (25-40W)

The voltage in P3 and P4 in outdoor PCB is high voltage about 310V

The voltage in P5 and P6 in outdoor PCB is high voltage about 310V

7.2 Indoor Unit Error Display

For Old Console series

MFAU-12HRFN1-M, MFAU-12HRFN1-M(B);

Operation	Timer	De-frost	Failure
*	Χ	X	Indoor room temperature sensor (T1) malfunction
X	Χ	*	Evaporator coil temperature sensor (T2) malfunction
X	*	X	Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units
•	*	X	Low ambient temperature cut off in heating
*	*	X	Indoor unit EEPROM parameter error
X	*	•	Outdoor fan speed malfunction
*	Χ	*	Inverter module (IPM) malfunction
*	*	*	Outdoor temperature sensor(coil sensor T3 or ambient temperature sensor T4) malfunction or Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error
*	•	X	Compressor top high temperature protection (OLP)
*	©	X	Compressor drive protection
*	Χ	•	Indoor units mode conflict
*	•	*	Indoor fan speed malfunction
©	Χ	X	In standby mode
•	0	0	In force cooling mode
		★ flash a	at 5Hz, ● light, X extinguished, ⊚flash at 0.5Hz

For Old Duct/Cassette/Floor Ceiling

MTBU-12HRDN1-M, MTBU-12HRDN1-M(B), MTBU-18HRDN1-M, MTB-24HRFN1-MW;
MCA2U-12HRFN1-M, MCA2U-12HRFN1-M(B), MCA2U-18HRFN1-M, MCD-24HRFN1-MW;
MUBU-12HRFN1-M, MUBU-12HRFN1-M(B), MUBU-18HRFN1-M, MUE-24HRFN1-MW;

Operation	Timer	De- frost	Alar m	Failure	Display	ODU Error code
*	X	Х	X	Indoor room temperature sensor (T1) malfunction	E0	
Χ	X	*	X	Evaporator coil temperature sensor (T2) malfunction	E1	
Χ	*	X	X	Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units	E2	E2
Х	Χ	Χ	*	Water-level alarm malfunction	E3	

*	*	X	X	Indoor unit EEPROM parameter error	E4	
*	X	X	•	Inverter module (IPM) malfunction	E5	P6
*	•	X	X	Outdoor temperature sensor(coil sensor T3 or ambient temperature sensor T4) malfunction or Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error	E6	E0,E4
*	•	*	Χ	Outdoor fan speed malfunction	E7	E8
*	•	•	X	Indoor fan speed malfunction	F5	
*	•	Х	•	Over-voltage or under-voltage protection	P0	E5
*	*	*	Χ	Current overload protection	P2	P3
*	0	Χ	Χ	Compressor drive malfunction	P4	
*	Χ	•	•	Indoor units mode conflict	P5	

★ flash at 2.5Hz, ● light, X extinguished, , ⊚flash at 0.5Hz

For Old Vertu/Luna Series

MS9AI-07HRDN1-M, MS9AI-09HRDN1-M(A),MS9AI-12HRDN1-M,MS9AI-18HRDN1-M; MSV1I-09HRDN1-M, MSV1I-12HRDN1-M, MSV1I-18HRDN1-M;

De-frost	Timer	Auto	Operation	Failure	Display
•	•	•	•	Indoor unit EEPROM parameter error	E0
*	*	*	*	Communication malfunction between indoor and	E1
				outdoor units error	
•	•	*	*	Zero-crossing signal detection error	E2
•	•	*	*	Indoor fan speed malfunction	E3
Χ	•	Χ		Outdoor temperature sensor(coil sensor T3 or	
			*	ambient temperature sensor T4) malfunction or	E5
				Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error sensor	
•	•	•	*	Indoor room temperature sensor(room sensor T1	E6
				or coil sensor T2) malfunction	
*	•	*	*	Outdoor fan speed malfunction	E7
Χ	X	•	*	Inverter module (IPM) malfunction	P0
Χ	•	•	*	Over-voltage or under-voltage protection	P1
•	Χ	X	*	High temperature protection of compressor top	P2
•	Χ	•	*	Low ambient temperature cut off in heating	P3
•	Χ	*	*	Compressor drive malfunction	P4
Χ	•	*	*	Indoor units mode conflict	P5

For All new models(New Wall mounted(Hi-Wall) series, New Duct/Cassette/Console/Floor Ceiling):

1) Oasis:

CS11M-09HRFN1-MX0W(A), CS11M-12HRFN1-MU5W, CS11M-18HRFN1-MT0W, CS11M-23HRFN1-MT0W; MS11M-09HRFN1-MW0W, MS11M-12HRFN1-MV0W, MS11M-09HRFN1-MX4W, MS11M-12HRFN1-MW0W, MS11M-18HRFN1-MU0W, MS11M-24HRDN1-MT0W; MS11M-30HRFN1-MR0W, MS11M-36HRFN1-MN10W

2) Aurora:

MSABB-09HRFN1-MT0W, MSABB-12HRFN1-MT0W, MSABE-18HRFN1-MT0W, MSABE-24HRFN1-MT0W; MSABF-30HRFN1-MR0W, MSABF-36HRFN1-MP0W

3) All Easy:

MSAEB-09HRFN1-MT0W, MSAEB-12HRFN1-MT0W, MSAED-18HRFN1-MT0W, MSAED-23HRFN1-MT0W;

4) Vertu Plus:

MSVPB-09HRFN1-MW0W, MSVPC-12HRFN1-MU0W, MSVPD-18HRFN1-MT0W, MSVPD-22HRFN1-MT0W;

5) Mission:

MSMBB-09HRFN1-MW0W, MSMBB-12HRFN1-MU0W, MSMBD-18HRFN1-MT0W, MSMBD-23HRFN1-MT0W;

6) Fairwind:

MS12F-09HRFN1-MT0W(A), MS12F-12HRFN1-MT0W, MS12F1-17HRFN1-MT0W, MS12F1-22HRFN1-MS0W;

7) New Duct:

CTBU-09HWFN1-M(C), CTBU-12HWFN1-M(C), CTBU-18HWFN1-M(C), CTBU-24HWFN1-M(C); MTIU-09HWFN1-M, MTIU-12HWFN1-M, MTIU-18HWFN1-M, MTIU-24HWFN1-M

8) New Cassette:

CCA3U-09HRFN1-M(C), CCA3U-12HRFN1-M(C), CCA3U-18HRFN1-M(C), MCDU-24HRFN1-M(C);

9) New Console/Floor Ceiling:

CFAU-09HRFN1-M(C), CFAU-12HRFN1-M(C), MUEU-18HRFN1-M(C), MUEU-24HRFN1-M(C);

Operation lamp	Timer lamp	Display	LED STATUS	ODU Error
★ 1 time	X	E0	Indoor unit EEPROM parameter error	
★ 2 times	Χ	E1	Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units	E2
★ 4 times	X	E3	Indoor fan speed malfunction	
★ 5 times	X	E4	Indoor room temperature sensor (T1) malfunction	
★ 6 times	Χ	E5	Evaporator coil temperature sensor (T2) malfunction	

★ 9 times	Х	EH 0b/Eb	Indoor PCB/Display board communication error	
★ 8 times	X	EE	Water-level alarm malfunction	
★ 7 times	Х	EC	Refrigerant leakage detection	
★ 1 time	•	F0	Current overload protection	
★ 2 times	•	F1	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor (T4) malfunction	E4
★ 3 times	•	F2	Condenser coil temperature sensor (T3) malfunction	E4
★ 4 times	•	F3	Compressor discharge temperature sensor (T5) malfunction	E4
★ 5 times	•	F4	Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error	E0
★ 6 times	•	F5	Outdoor fan speed malfunction	E8
★ 7 times	•	F6	Indoor coil outlet pipe sensor(Located on outdoor unit low pressure valve)	
★ 8 times	•	F7	Communication malfunction between Cassette optional lift panel and the unit.	
★ 9 times	•	F8	Cassette optional lift panel malfunction	
★ 10 times	•	F9	Cassette optional lift panel not closed	
★ 11 times	•	FA	Communication error between indoor two chips(For A6 Duct)	
★ 1 time	*	P0	Inverter module (IPM) malfunction	P6
★ 2 times	*	P1	Over-voltage or under-voltage protection	E5
★ 3 times	*	P2	High temperature protection of compressor top(OLP)/ High temperature protection of IPM board	
★4 times	*	P3	Low ambient temperature protection	LP
★ 5 times	*	P4	Compressor drive malfunction	
★ 6 times	*	P5 (——)	Indoor units mode conflict	
★ 7 times	*	P6	Low pressure protection	P2
			★ flash , ● light, X extinguished	

All Easy Pro type, Infinity (LEA) type

Operation lamp	Timer lamp	Display	LED STATUS	ODU Error
★ 1 time	X	EH 00/EH 0A	Indoor unit EEPROM parameter error	
★ 2 times	Х	EL 01	Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units	E2
★ 4 times	X	EH 03	Indoor fan speed malfunction	
★ 6 times	X	EH 60	Indoor room temperature sensor (T1) malfunction	
★ 6 times	Χ	EH 61	Evaporator coil temperature sensor (T2) malfunction	
★ 1 time	*	PC 08	Current overload protection	

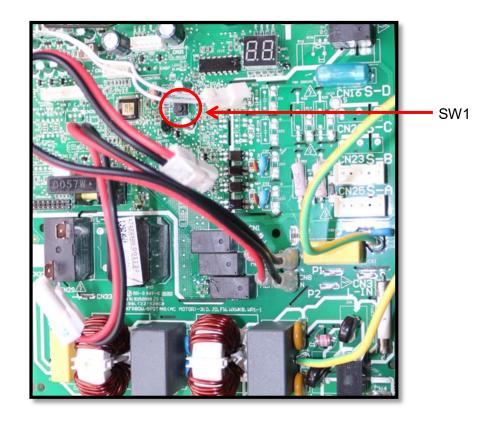
. F 4:	V	EO E2	Outdoor ambient temperature concer (TA) malfunction	E4		
★ 5 times	Х	EC 53	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor (T4) malfunction			
★ 5 times	Χ	EC 52	Condenser coil temperature sensor (T3) malfunction	E4		
★ 5 times	X	EC 54	Compressor discharge temperature sensor (T5) malfunction	E4		
★ 5 times	X	EC 51	Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error	E0		
★ 12 times	X	EC 07	Outdoor fan speed malfunction	E8		
★ 5 times	X	EC 56	Indoor coil outlet pipe sensor(Located on outdoor unit low pressure valve)			
★ 9 times	X	EH 0b	Indoor PCB/Display board communication error			
★ 8 times	X	EL 0C	Refrigerant leakage detection			
★ 7 times	*	PC 00	Inverter module (IPM) malfunction	P6		
★ 2 times	*	PC 01	Over-voltage or under-voltage protection	E5		
★ 3 times	*	PC 02	High temperature protection of compressor top(OLP)/ High temperature protection of IPM board			
★4 times	*	PC 0L	Low ambient temperature protection	LP		
★ 5 times	*	PC 04	Compressor drive malfunction			
★ 1 time	•		Indoor units mode conflict			
★ 7 times	*	PC 03	Low pressure protection	P2		
★ flash , ● light, X extinguished						

7.3 Outdoor Unit Display

7.3.1 Outdoor Unit Point Check Function

A check switch is included on the outdoor PCB.

Push SW1 to check the unit's status while running. The digital display shows the following codes each time the SW1 is pushed.



	Display	Remark			
Number of					
Presses					
0	Normal display	Displays running	frequency	/, running state, or malf	unction code
1	Quantity of indoor units with working connection	Actual data			
			Display	Number of indoor unit	
			1	1	
			2	2	
			3	3	
			4	4	
			5	5	
		0" 05 1 1	_	_	
2	Outdoor unit running mode code	defrost:A	Cooling: 2,	Heating: 3, Forced cooling	g: 4. Forced
3	Indoor unit A capacity				
4	Indoor unit B capacity	The second state of the se	b	If the standard control to make	
5	Indoor unit C capacity	digital display show	s the follow		connected, the
6	Indoor unit D capacity	(9K:1HP,12K:1.2HI	P,18K:1.5H	P,24K:2.0HP)	
7	Indoor unit E capacity	-			
8	Indoor unit A capacity demand code				
9	Indoor unit B capacity demand code	-			
10	Indoor unit C capacity demand code	Norm code*HP (9K: 1HP,12K: 1.2H	JD 10K· 1 F	SHD 34K-3 0HD)	
11	Indoor unit D capacity demand code	(513. 1111 , 1213. 1.21	ii , ioix. 1.c	7111 ,2-71\.Z.VIII <i>j</i>	
12	Indoor unit E capacity demand code	1			
13	Outdoor unit amendatory capacity demand code				
14	The frequency corresponding to the total indoor				

	units' amendatory capacity demand							
15	The frequency after the frequency limit							
16	The frequency sending to compressor control chip							
17	Indoor unit A evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} A)							
18	Indoor unit B evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} B)		rature is lower than -9 $^{\circ}C$, the digital displ					
19	Indoor unit C evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} C)	-	is higher than 70 °C, the digital display si					
20	Indoor unit D evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} D)		not connected, the digital display shows:					
21	Indoor unit E evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} E)							
22	Indoor unit A room temperature (T ₁ A)	If the temper	rature is lower than 0 °C, the digital display	shows "0." If the				
23	Indoor unit B room temperature (T ₁ B)		is higher than 50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, the digital display sh					
24	Indoor unit C room temperature (T ₁ C)	indoor unit is	s not connected, the digital display shows:	""				
25	Indoor unit D room temperature (T ₁ D)							
26	Indoor unit E room temperature (T₁E)	-						
27	Indoor unit A evaporator temperature (T ₂ A)							
28	Indoor unit B evaporator temperature (T ₂ B)	-						
29	Indoor unit C evaporator temperature (T ₂ C)	If the temper	rature is lower than -9 °C, the digital displa	y shows " 0 " If the				
30	Indoor unit D evaporator temperature (T ₂ D)		is higher than 70 °C, the digital display sh	•				
31	Indoor unit E evaporator temperature (T ₂ E)	-	s not connected, the digital display shows:					
32	Condenser pipe temperature (T3)	-						
33	Outdoor ambient temperature (T4)	-						
34	Compressor discharge temperature (TP)	The display	value is between 30–129 °C. If the temper	ature is lower than				
		30 °C, the digital display shows "30." If the temperature is higher than						
		99 °C, the digital display shows single and double digits. For example, if the digital display shows "0.5", the compressor discharge temperature is						
		105 ℃.						
35	AD value of current		value is a hex number. e, the digital display tube shows "Cd", it me	eans AD value is				
36	AD value of voltage	205.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
37	EXV open angle for A indoor unit							
38	EXV open angle for B indoor unit	Actual data/4. If the value is higher than 99, the digital display shows single and double						
39	EXV open angle for C indoor unit	digits.	, if the digital display shows "2.0", the EX	/ onen angle is				
40	EXV open angle for D indoor unit	120×4=480p		open ungle la				
41	EXV open angle for E indoor unit			_				
		Bit7	Frequency limit caused by IGBT radiator	The display value is a hexidecimal				
		Bit6	Frequency limit caused by PFC	number. For				
		Bit5	Frequency limit caused by T4.	example, the digital display				
42	Frequency limit symbol	Bit4	Frequency limit caused by T2.	show 2A, then Bit5=1, Bit3=1,				
		Bit3	Frequency limit caused by T3.	and Bit1=1. This means that				
		Bit2	Frequency limit caused by T5.	a frequency limit				
		Bit1	Frequency limit caused by current	may be caused by T4, T3, or the				
		Bit0	Frequency limit caused by voltage	current.				
43	Average value of T2	(Sum T2 val	ue of all indoor units)/(number of indoor u	nits in good				
44	Outdoor unit fan motor state	Off: 0, Super	Off: 0, Super high speed:1, High speed:2, Med speed: 3, Low speed: 4, Breeze:5, Super breeze: 6					
45	The last error or protection code		p malfunction and protection					
L		<u> </u>						

46	F indoor unit capacity	
47	F indoor unit capacity demand code	
48	F indoor unit evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} F)	
49	F indoor unit room temperature (T ₁ F)	
50	F indoor unit evaporator temperature (T ₂ F)	
51	EXV open angle for F indoor unit	
52	Reason of stop	
53	EVI valve target angle(only for M5OG- 48HFN1-M-[X]& M5OA-55HFN1-M-[X])	Actual data/4.
54	EVI valve open angle(only for M5OG- 48HFN1-M-[X]& M5OA-55HFN1-M-[X])	If the value is higher than 99, the digital display tube will show single digit and tens digit.
55	MVI valve angle(only for M5OG-48HFN1-M-[X]& M5OA-55HFN1-M-[X])	For example, the digital display tube show "2.0",it means the EXV open angle is 120×4=480p.)

For M2OA-18HFN1-M



	Display	Remark			
Number of Presses					
0	Normal display	Displays running	frequency	y, running state, or ma	Ifunction code
1	Quantity of indoor units with working connection	Actual data	Display	Number of indoor unit	
			1	1	
			2	2	
			3	3	
			4	4	
			5	5	
2	Outdoor unit running mode code	Off: 0,Fan only: 1, defrost:A	Cooling: 2,	Heating: 3, Forced coolin	ng: 4. Forced
3	Indoor unit A capacity				
4	Indoor unit B capacity	The constitution is in		If the implementations	
5	Indoor unit C capacity	The capacity unit is horse power. If the indoor unit is not connected, the digital display shows the following: "——"			
6	Indoor unit D capacity	(9K:1HP,12K:1.2HP,18K:1.5HP,24K:2.0HP)			
7	Indoor unit E capacity	1			

8	Indoor unit A capacity demand code			
9	Indoor unit B capacity demand code	Norm code*HP (9K: 1HP,12K: 1.2HP,18K: 1.5HP,24K:2.0HP)		
10	Indoor unit C capacity demand code			
11	Indoor unit D capacity demand code			
12	Indoor unit E capacity demand code			
13	Outdoor unit amendatory capacity demand code			
14	The frequency corresponding to the total indoor units' amendatory capacity demand			
15	The frequency after the frequency limit			
16	The frequency sending to compressor control chip			
17	Indoor unit A evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} A)			
18	Indoor unit B evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} B)	If the temperature is lower than -9 °C, the digital display shows "-9		ny shows "-Q " If the
19	Indoor unit C evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} C)		\sim is higher than 70 $^{\circ}$ C, the digital display sh	•
20	Indoor unit D evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} D)	indoor unit is not connected, the digital display shows: "——"		
21	Indoor unit E evaporator outlet temperature (T _{2B} E)	-		
22	Indoor unit A room temperature (T ₁ A)	If the tempe	rature is lower than 0 °C, the digital display	shows "0." If the
23	Indoor unit B room temperature (T ₁ B)	temperature is higher than 50 °C, the digital display shows "50." If the indoor unit is not connected, the digital display shows: "——"		
24	Indoor unit C room temperature (T ₁ C)			
25	Indoor unit D room temperature (T ₁ D)			
26	Indoor unit E room temperature (T ₁ E)			
27	Indoor unit A evaporator temperature (T ₂ A)			
28	Indoor unit B evaporator temperature (T ₂ B)	If the temperature is lower than -9 °C, the digital display shows "-9." If		
29	Indoor unit C evaporator temperature (T ₂ C)			shows "-9 " If the
30	Indoor unit D evaporator temperature (T ₂ D)	temperature is higher than 70 °C, the digital display shows "70." If the indoor unit is not connected, the digital display shows: "——"		
31	Indoor unit E evaporator temperature (T ₂ E)			
32	Condenser pipe temperature (T3)			
33	Outdoor ambient temperature (T4)			
34	Compressor discharge temperature (TP)	The display value is between 30–129 °C. If the temperature is lower than		ature is lower than
		30 °C, the d	igital display shows "30." If the temperature	is higher than
			igital display shows single and double digits	•
		the digital di	splay shows "0.5", the compressor dischar	ge temperature is
35	AD value of current	103 C.		
36	AD value of AC voltage	The display	value is a hex number. e, the digital display tube shows "Cd", it me	ans AD value is
37	AD value of DC voltage	205.	s, and angual anoping tubo officers Ou , it file	Valdo lo
38	EXV open angle for A indoor unit			
39	EXV open angle for B indoor unit	1		
40	EXV open angle for C indoor unit	Actual data/		
41	EXV open angle for D indoor unit	If the value is higher than 99, the digital display shows single and double digits. For example, if the digital display shows "2.0", the EXV open angle is 120×4=480p.		
42	EXV open angle for E indoor unit			
43	MVI valve open angle			
44	EVI valve open angle			
45		Bit7	Reserve	The display value
	Frequency limit symbol	Bit6	Frequency limit caused by voltage	is a hexidecimal number. For
		Bit5	, , ,	example, the

		Bit4	Reserve.	show 2A, then Bit5=1, Bit3=1,	
		Bit3	Frequency limit caused by IPM.	and Bit1=1. This means that	
		Bit2	Frequency limit caused by T5.	a frequency limit	
		Bit1	Frequency limit caused by T3	may be caused by current, IPM	
		Bit0	Frequency limit caused by T2	or T3.	
46	T2B fault	00:No fault,01:T2B-A fault, ,02:T2B-B fault ,03:T2B-C fault,04:T2B-D fault, 05:T2B-E fault, 06:T2B-F fault(The display priority is A-B-C-D-E-F)			
47	Average value of T2	connection	(Sum T2 value of all indoor units)/(number of indoor units in good connection)(The heating is the average value of T2, and the cooling is the average value of T2B)		
48	Outdoor unit fan motor state		Off: 0, Super ultra high speed:1, Super high speed:2, High speed:3, Med speed: 4, Low speed: 5, Breeze:6, Super breeze: 7		
49	Reason of stop				

7.3.2 Outdoor Unit Digital Display

A digital display is featured on the outdoor PCB.

The LED displays different codes in the following situations:

- Standby: "- -."
- Compressor operation: the running frequency.
- Defrosting mode: "dF" or alternative displays between running frequency and "dF" (ach appears for 0.5s.)
- Forced cooling mode: the LED displays "FC" or alternative displays between running frequency and "FC" (each appears for 0.5s).
- Compressor pre-heating: "PH" or alternative displays between running frequency and "PH" (each appears for 0.5s.)
- Oil return process: "RO" or alternative displays between running frequency and "RO" (each appears for 0.5s.)
- Low ambient cooling mode: "LC" or alternative displays between running frequency and "LC" (each appears for 0.5s.)
- PFC module protection occurs three times within 15 minutes: "E6" or alternates between displays of running frequency and "E6" (each appears for 0.5s.)
- In protection or malfunction, the LED displays an error code or protection code. "PH", "RO", "LC", "E6" are not suitable for M2OA-18HFN1-M, M2OI-18HFN1-M, M3OJ-27HFN1-M, M3OI-28HFN1-M, M4OG-36HFN1-M

7.3.3 Outdoor unit error display

For other models,

Display	LED STATUS	New indoor Error
E0	Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error	F4
E2	Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units	E1
E3	Communication malfunction between IPM board and outdoor main control board	
E4	Outdoor temperature sensor (coil sensor T3,ambient sensor T4, Compressor discharge sensor T5, indoor coil outlet pipe sensor T2B) malfunction	F2/F1/F3/F6
E5	Over-voltage or under-voltage protection	P1
E6	PFC module protection	
E8	Outdoor fan speed malfunction	F5
F1	No. A Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
F2	No. B Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
F3	No. C Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
F4	No. D Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
F5	No. E Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
F6	No. F Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction	
P0	High temperature protection of compressor top	P2
P1	High pressure protection	P6
P2	Low pressure protection	P6
P3	Current overload protection	F0
P4	Temperature protection of compressor discharge	
P5	Condenser high temperature protection	
P6	Inverter module (IPM) malfunction	P0
LP	Low ambient temperature protection	
Ed	Communication malfunction between adapter board and outdoor main control board(only for M5OG-48HFN1-M-[X])	

LEA18MZ-2P-25SK-O, LEA20MZ-2P-35SK-O, LEA27MZ-3P-25SK-O, LEA28MZ-3P-35SK-O,

LEA36MZ-4P-25SK-O M4OI-36HFN1-M, M5OG-48HFN1-M, M5OA-55HFN1-M,

Display	LED STATUS
EC 51	Outdoor EEPROM malfunction
EL 01	Indoor / outdoor units communication error
PC 40	Communication malfunction between IPM board and outdoor main board
PC 08	Outdoor overcurrent protection
PC 10	Outdoor unit low AC voltage protection
PC 11	Outdoor unit main control board DC bus high voltage protection
PC 12	Outdoor unit main control board DC bus high voltage protection /341 MCE error
PC 00	IPM module protection
PC 0F	PFC module protection
EC 71 EC 72	Over current failure of outdoor DC fan motor
EC 72 EC 07	Lack phase failure of outdoor DC fan motor Outdoor fan speed has been out of control
PC 43	Outdoor compressor lack phase protection
PC 44	Outdoor unit zero speed protection
PC 45	Outdoor unit IR chip drive failure
PC 46	Compressor speed has been out of control
PC 49	Compressor overcurrent failure
PC 30	High pressure protection
PC 31	Low pressure protection
PC 0A	High temperature protection of condenser
PC 06	Temperature protection of compressor discharge
PC 0L PC 02	Low ambient temperature protection Top temperature protection of compressor
EC 52	Condenser coil temperature sensor T3 is in open circuit or has short circuited
EC 53	Outdoor room temperature sensor T4 is in open circuit or has short circuited
EC 54	Compressor discharge temperature sensor TP is in open circuit or has short circuited
EC 55	Outdoor IPM module temperature sensor TH is in open circuit or has short circuited
EC 56	Evaporator coil outlet temperature sensor T2B is in open circuit or has short circuited
EC 50	Open or short circuit of outdoor unit temperature sensor(T3,T4.T5)
EL 16	Communication malfunction between adapter board and outdoor main control board

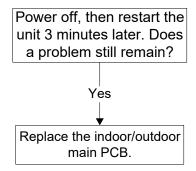
7.4 Diagnosis and Solution

7.4.1 Indoor unit trouble shooting

7.4.1.1 Indoor unit EEPROM parameter error diagnosis and solution.

Malfunction conditions	Indoor or outdoor PCB main chip does not receive feedback from EEPROM chip.
Potential causes	Installation mistakeFaulty PCB

Trouble shooting:

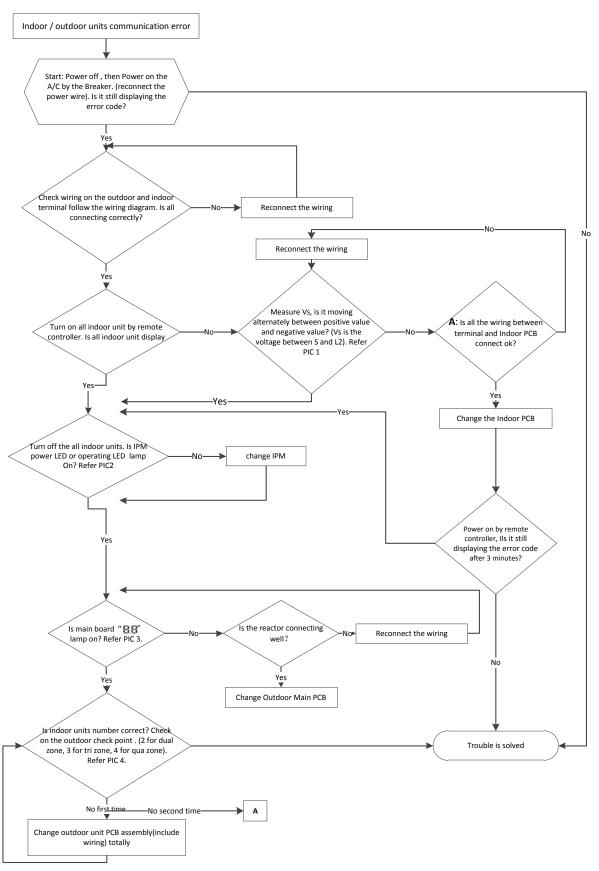


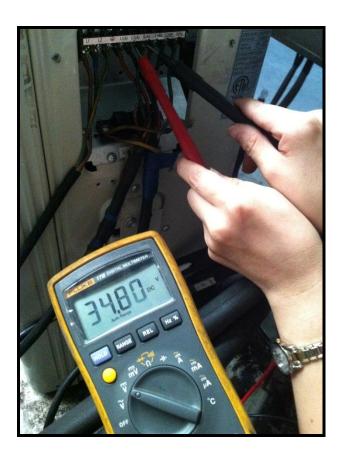
EEPROM: a type of read-only memory. The contents can be erased and reprogrammed using a pulsed voltage. To locate the EEPROM chip,.

7.4.1.2 Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units diagnosis and solution.

Malfunction conditions	If indoor unit does not receive the feedback from outdoor unit during 120 seconds.
Potential causes	Wiring mistake
	Faulty indoor or outdoor PCB

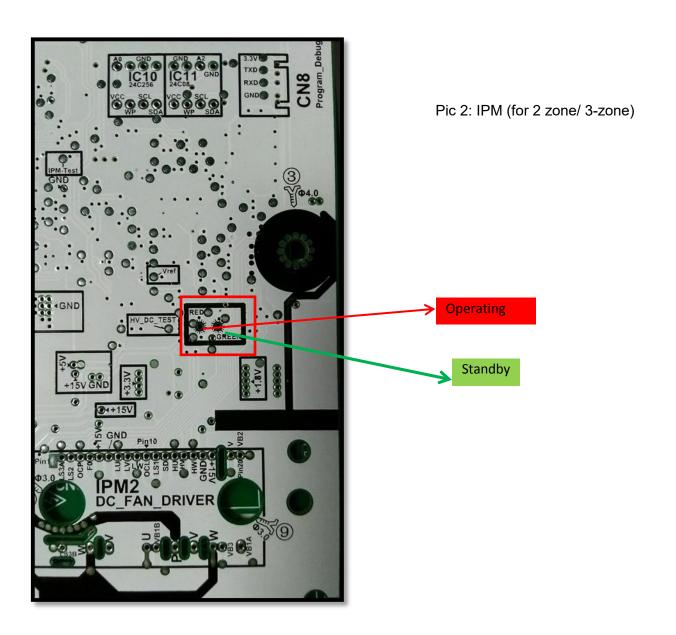
Trouble shooting:

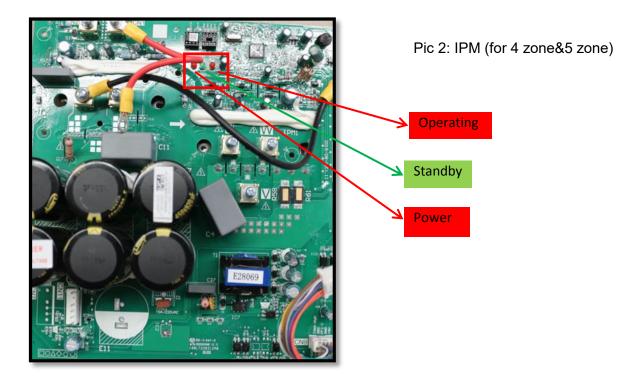




Pic 1: Use a multimeter to test the DC voltage between 2(old: L2) port and S port of outdoor unit. The red pin of multimeter connects with 2 (old: L2) port while the black pin is for S port.

When AC is normal running, the voltage will move alternately between positive value and negative value.

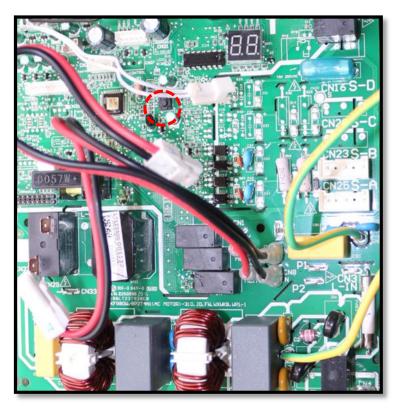








PIC3: Main board LED when power on and unit standby.



PIC 4: Check point button, press 1 time for check how many indoor units are connected.

7.4.1.3 Zero-crossing signal detection error diagnosis and solution.

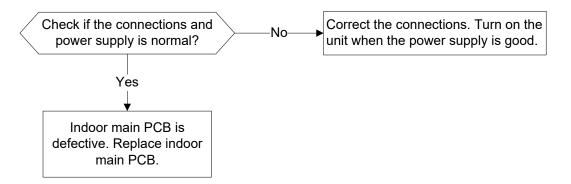
Malfunction conditions

When PCB does not receive zero crossing signal feedback for 4 minutes or the zero crossing signal time interval is abnormal.

Potential causes

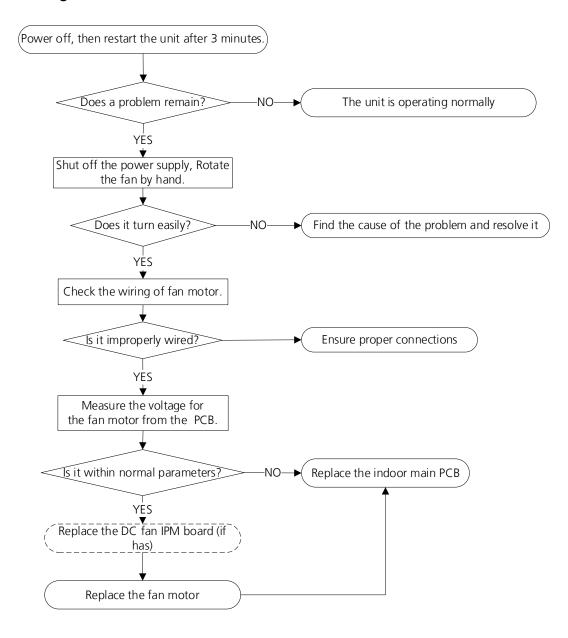
Connection mistake

Faulty PCB



7.4.1.4 Indoor fan speed malfunction diagnosis and solution.

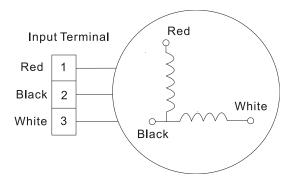
Malfunction conditions	When indoor fan speed is too low (300RPM) for a certain period of time, the unit ceases operation and the LED displays a failure code.
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty fan assembly Faulty fan motor Faulty PCB



Index 1:

1: Indoor AC fan motor

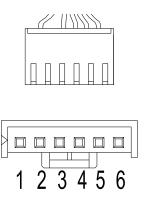
Power on and set the unit running in fan mode at high fan speed. After running for 15 seconds, measure the voltage of pin1 and pin2. If the value of the voltage is less than 100V (208~240V power supply) or 50V(115V power supply), the PCB must have problems and need to be replaced.



2. Indoor DC fan motor (control chip is inside fan motor)

Some models:

Power on and when the unit is in standby, measure the voltage of pin1-pin3, pin4-pin3 in fan motor connector. If the value of the voltage is not in the range showing in below table, the PCB must have problems and need to be replaced.

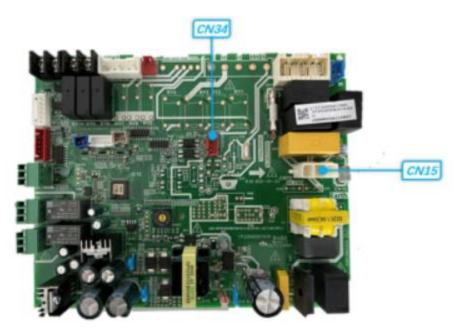


DC motor voltage input and output

NO.	Color	Signal	Voltage
1	Red	Vs/Vm	200V~380V
2			
3	Black	GND	0V
4	White	Vcc	13.5-16.5V
5	Yellow	Vsp	0~6.5V
6	Blue	FG	13.5-16.5V

some models:

Power on and when the unit is in standby, measure the voltage of pin1&pin2 of CN15, pin3 of CN34 in fan motor connector. If the value of the voltage is not in the range showing in below table, the PCB must has problems and need to be replaced.

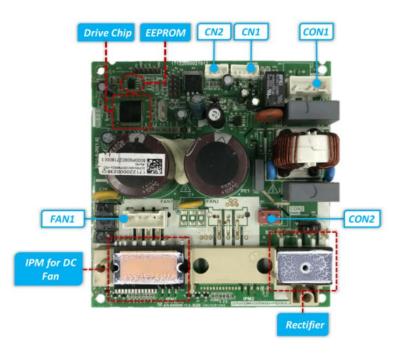


CN34 NO.	Color	Signal	Voltage
1			
2	Black	GND	
3	Orange	PWM	5-12VDC
4	Blue	FG	

CN15 NO.	Color	Signal	Voltage
1	Yellow		208/230VAC
2	Black		208/230VAC
3	Yellow- Green	GND	

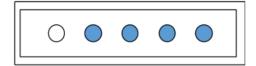
3. Indoor DC Fan IPM Board (Duct and Ceiling-floor Unit)

Power on and when the unit is in standby, measure the voltage of CON1, pin1-pin2 and pin3-pin2 of CN1 in DC motor driver board. If the value of the voltage is not in the range showing in below tables, the indoor main PCB must has problems and need to be replaced.



Part	Description	Parameter	Remark
CON1	Power input for the PCB	230V/DC	
CN1	Communication with main PCB	DC	
CN2	Test port	5V/DC	For debugging board
CN23	UVW output for DC fan motor		
CON2	Ports for reactor		

CN1 Communication with main PCB



5 4 3 2 1

NO.	Signal	Voltage
1	Vcc	+15V
2	GND	
3	TXD	0~6V
4	RXD	0~15V
5		

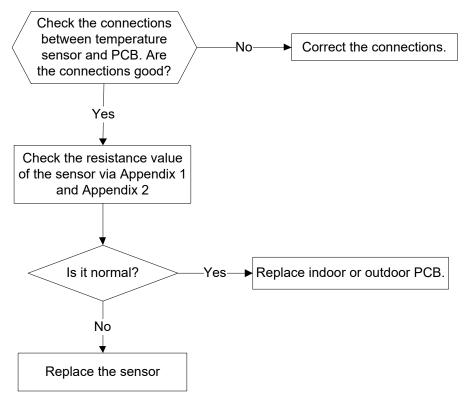
7.4.1.5 Temperature sensor malfunction diagnosis and solution.

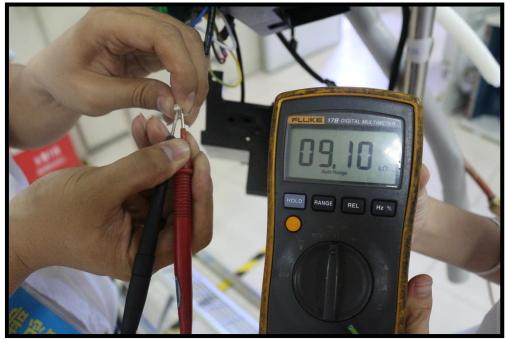
Malfunction conditions

If the sampling voltage is lower than 0.06V or higher than 4.94V, the LED displays a failure.

Potential causes

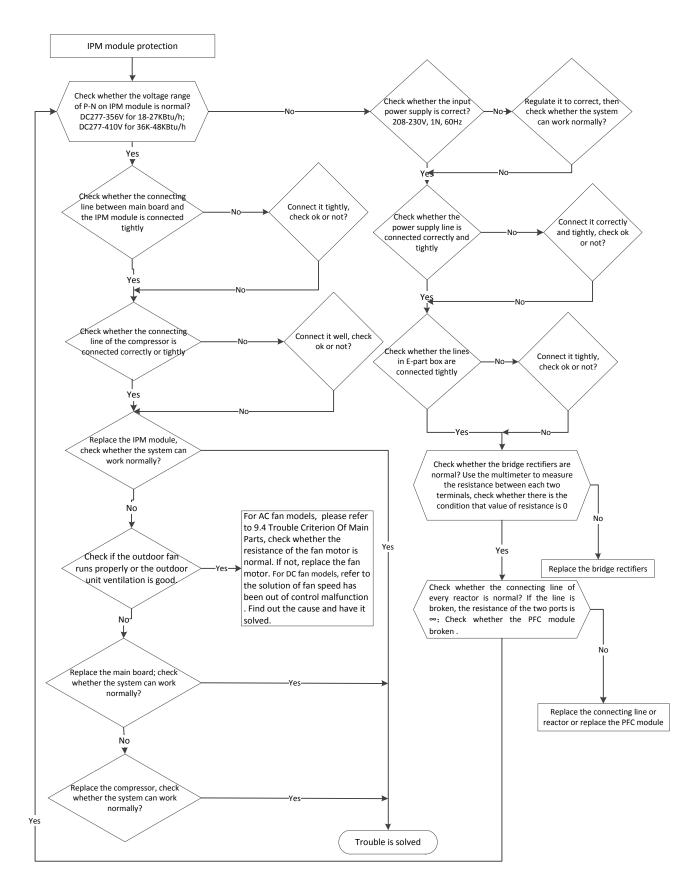
• Wiring mistake
• Faulty sensor
• Faulty PCB



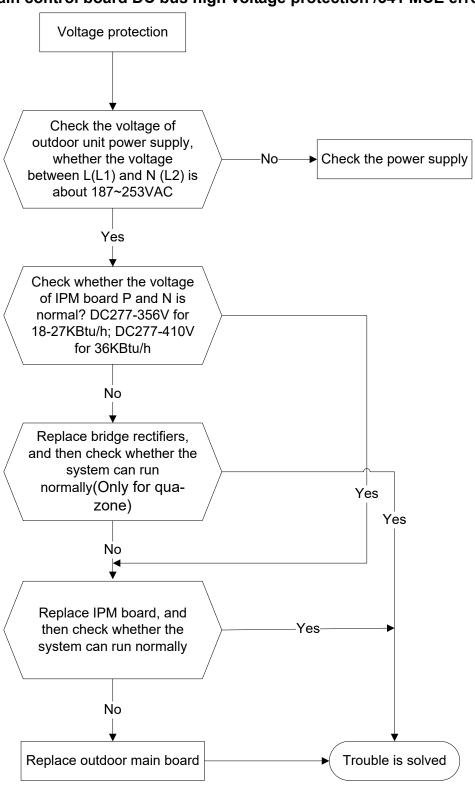


7.4.1.6 Inverter module (IPM) malfunction diagnosis and solution.

Malfunction conditions	When the voltage signal that IPM send to compressor drive chip is abnormal, the display LED will show "P6" and AC will turn off.
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake IPM malfunction Faulty outdoor fan assembly Compressor malfunction Faulty outdoor PCB



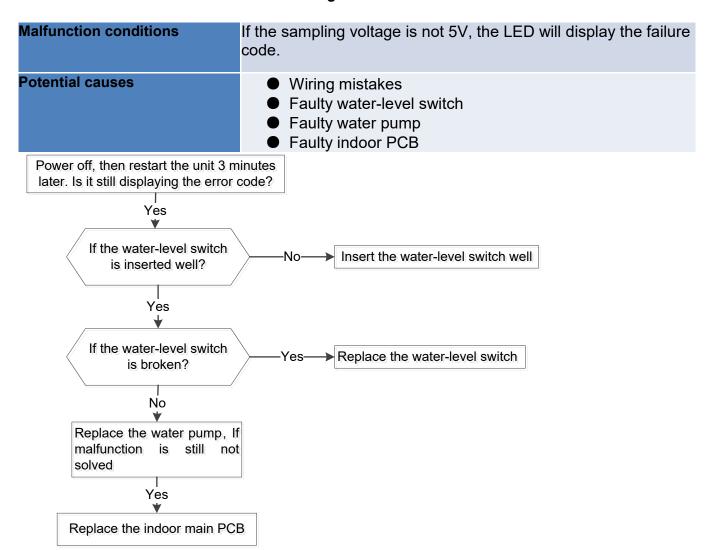
7.4.1.7 Over-voltage or under-voltage protection diagnosis and solution. Outdoor unit low AC voltage protection Outdoor unit main control board DC bus high voltage protection Outdoor unit main control board DC bus high voltage protection /341 MCE error



7.4.1.8 Compressor drive malfunction diagnosis and solution

The trouble shooting is same with one of IPM module protection.

7.4.1.9 Water-level alarm malfunction diagnosis and solution



7.4.1.10 Indoor units mode conflict

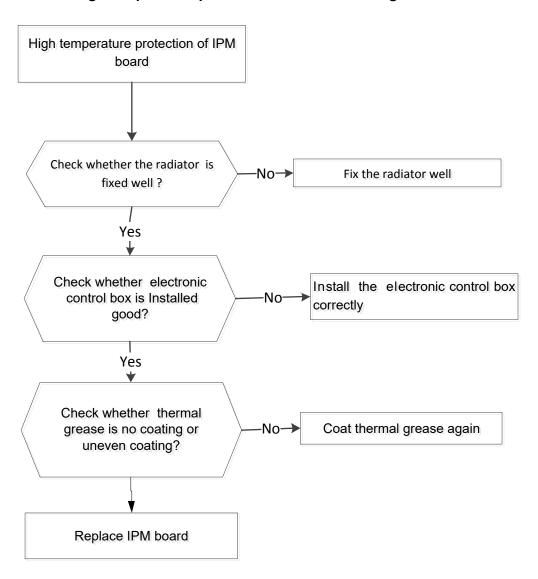
Error Code	P5(old model) or(new model)
Malfunction conditions	The indoor units cannot work cooling mode and heating at same time. Heating mode has a priority.
Potential causes	 Suppose Indoor unit A working in cooling mode or fan mode, and indoor unit B is set to heating mode, then A will change to off and B will work in heating mode. Suppose Indoor unit A working in heating mode, and indoor unit B is set to cooling mode or fan mode, then B will change to stand by and A will be no change.

	Cooling mode	Heating Mode	Fan	Off
Cooling mode	No	Yes	No	No
Heating Mode	Yes	No	Yes	No
Fan	No	Yes	No	No
Off	No	No	No	No

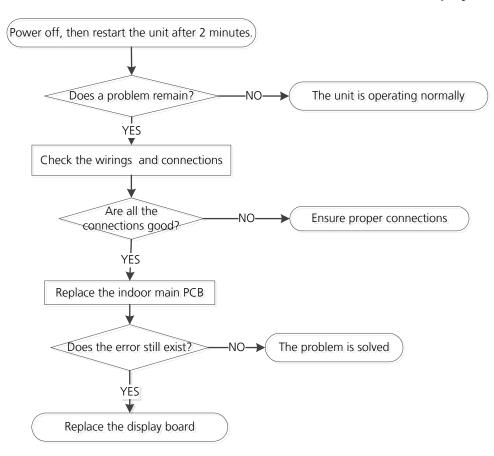
No: No mode conflict;

Yes: Mode conflict

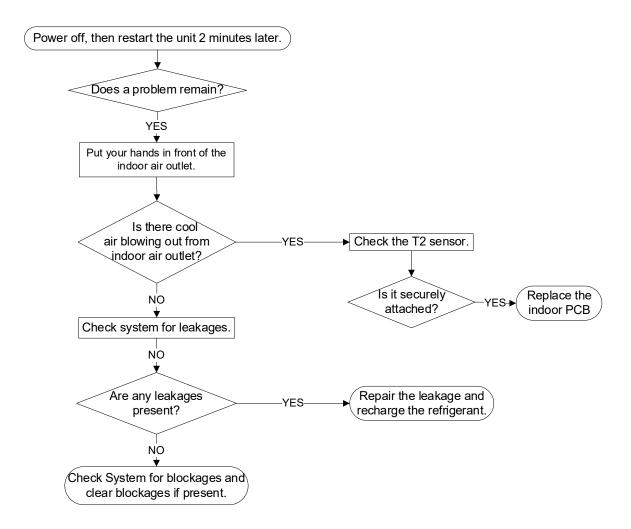
7.4.1.11 High temperature protection of IPM board diagnosis and solution



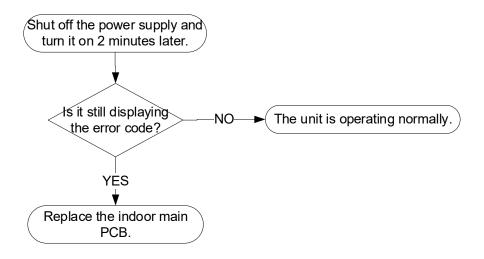
7.4.1.12 Communication error between the indoor PCB and display board



7.4.1.13 Refrigerant Leakage Detection



7.4.1.14 Communication malfunction between indoor two chips

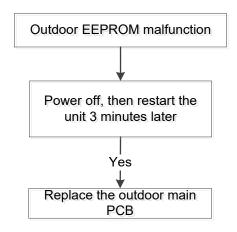


7.4.2 Outdoor unit trouble shooting

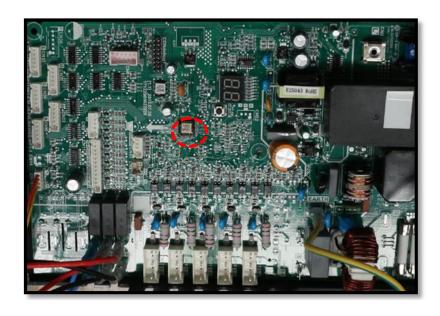
7.4.2.1 E0/ EC 51 (Outdoor unit EEPROM parameter error) diagnosis and solution

Error Code	E0/ EC 51
Malfunction conditions	PCB main chip does not receive feedback from EEPROM chip
Potential causes	Installation mistakeFaulty PCB

Trouble shooting:

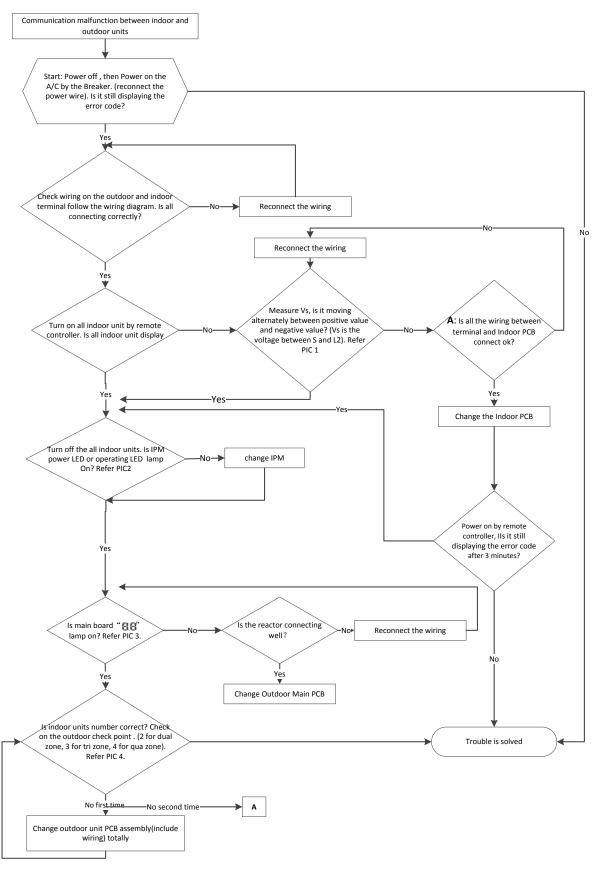


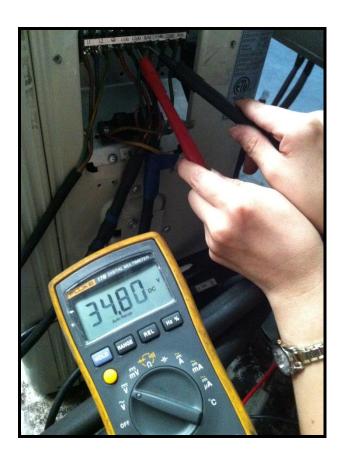
EEPROM: a type of read-only memory. The contents can be erased and reprogrammed using a pulsed voltage. The location of the EEPROM chip on the outdoor PCB is shown in the following image:



7.4.2.2 E2/ EL 01 (Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units) diagnosis and solution.

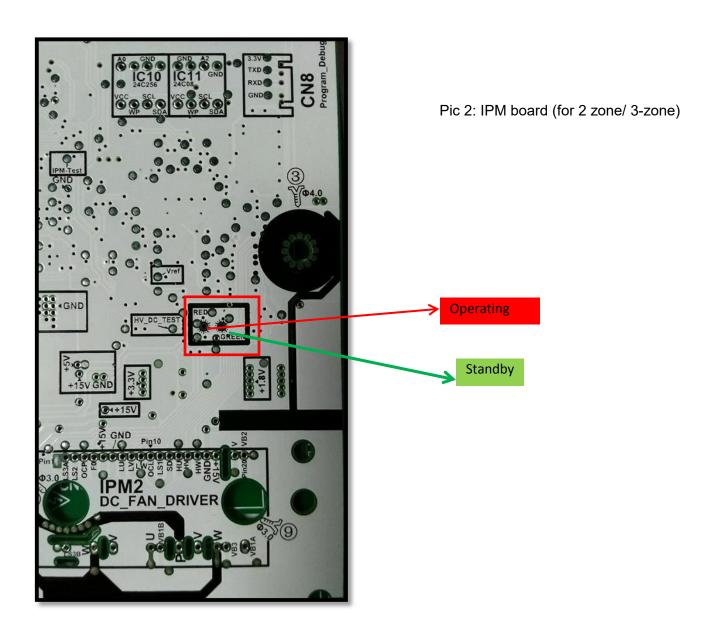
Error Code	E2/ EL 01
Malfunction conditions	Indoor unit does not receive the feedback from outdoor unit during 120 seconds or outdoor unit does not receive the feedback from any one indoor unit during 180 seconds.
Potential causes	Wiring mistakeFaulty Indoor or outdoor PCB

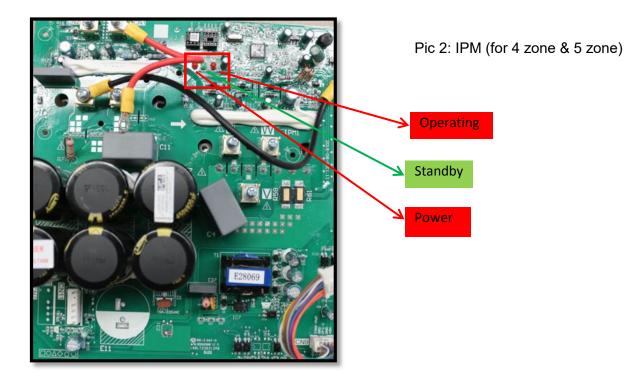




Pic 1: Use a multimeter to test the DC voltage between 2(old: L2) port and 3 port of outdoor unit. The red pin of multimeter connects with 2 (old: L2) port while the black pin is for 3 port.

When AC is normal running, the voltage will move alternately between positive value and negative value.

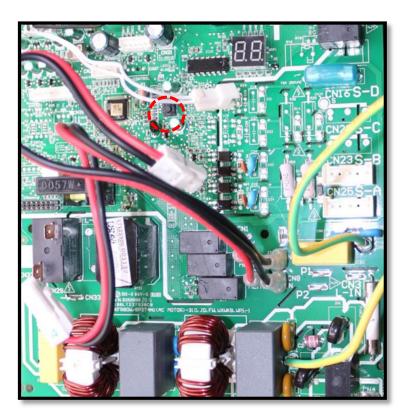








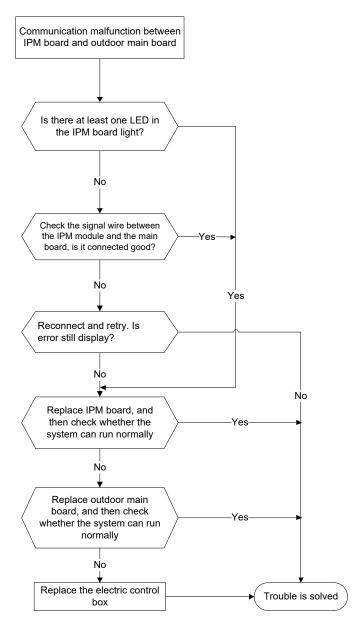
PIC3: Main board LED when power on and unit standby.



PIC 4: Check point button, press 1 time for check how many indoor units are connected.

7.4.2.3 E3/ PC 40 (Communication malfunction between IPM board and outdoor main control board) diagnosis

Error Code	E3/ PC 40
Malfunction conditions	PCB main chip does not receive feedback from IPM module during 60 seconds.
Potential causes	Wiring mistakeFaulty PCB



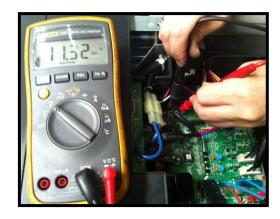


Remark:

Use a multimeter to test the DC voltage between black pin and white pin of signal wire The normal value should be around 5V.

Use a multimeter to test the DC voltage between black pin and red pin of signal wire. The normal value should be around 12V.

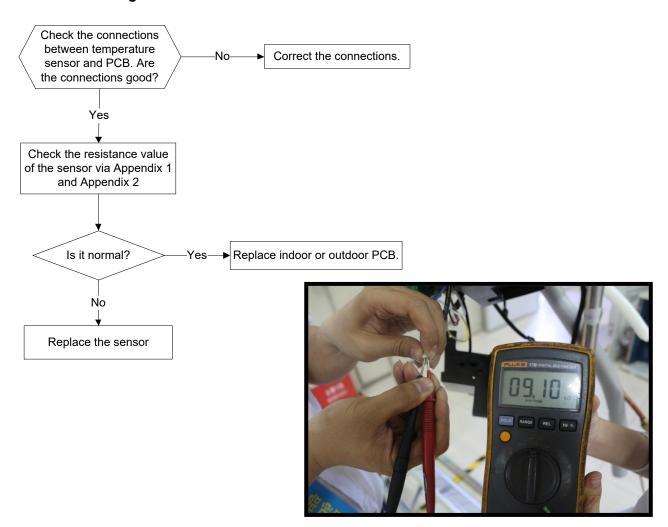




7.4.2.4 E4/EC 50 (Outdoor temperature sensor (coil sensor T3,ambient sensor T4, Compressor discharge sensor T5、 indoor coil outlet pipe sensor T2B) malfunction) diagnosis and solution F1/F2/F3/F4/F5 (No.A,B,C,D,E Indoor unit coil outlet temp. sensor malfunction) diagnosis and solution.

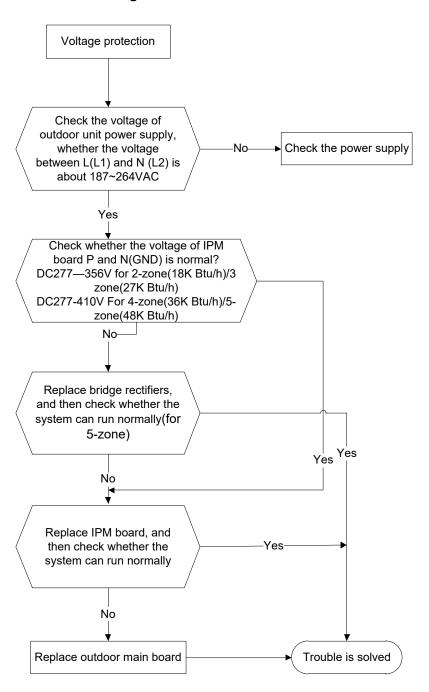
Outdoor room temperature sensor T4 is in open circuit or has short circuited(EC 53)
Compressor discharge temperature sensor T5 is in open circuit or has short circuited(EC 54)
Outdoor IPM module temperature sensor TH is in open circuit or has short circuited(EC 55)
Evaporator coil outlet temperature sensor T2B is in open circuit or has short circuited(EC 56)

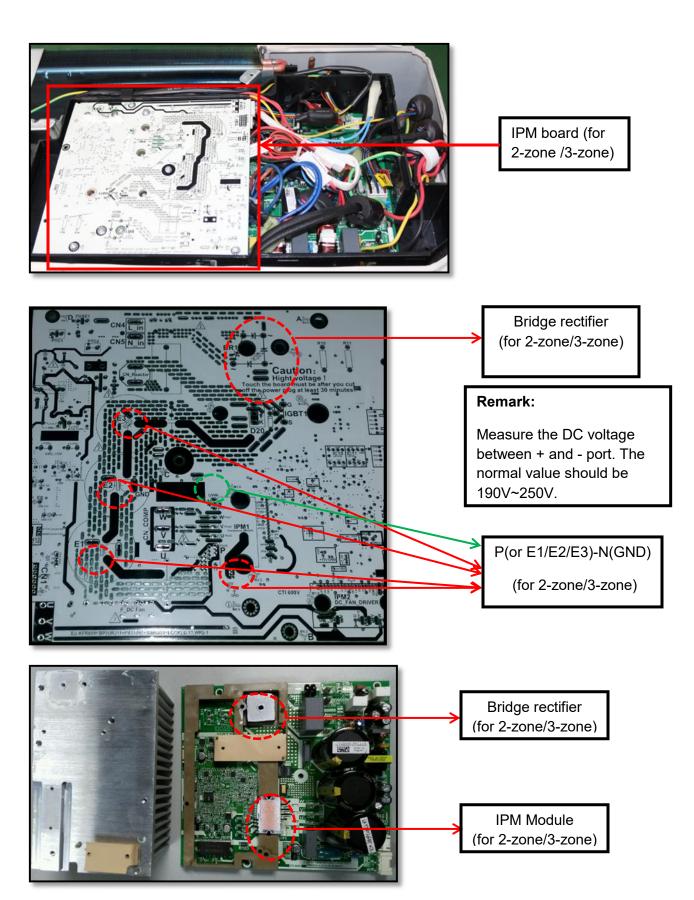
Error Code	E4/F1/F2/F3/F4/F5/ EC 52/EC 53/EC 54/EC 56/EC 50
Malfunction conditions	If the sampling voltage is lower than 0.06V or higher than 4.94V, the LED will display the failure.
Potential causes	Wiring mistake
	Faulty sensor
	● Faulty PCB

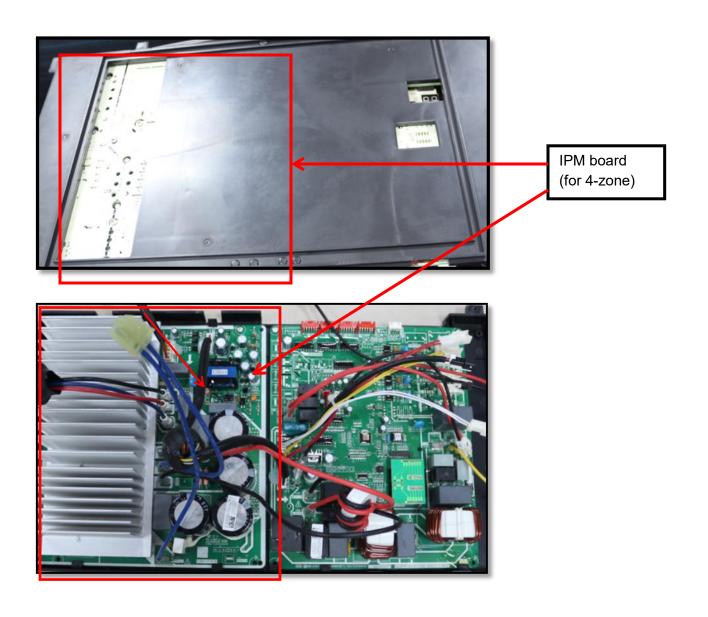


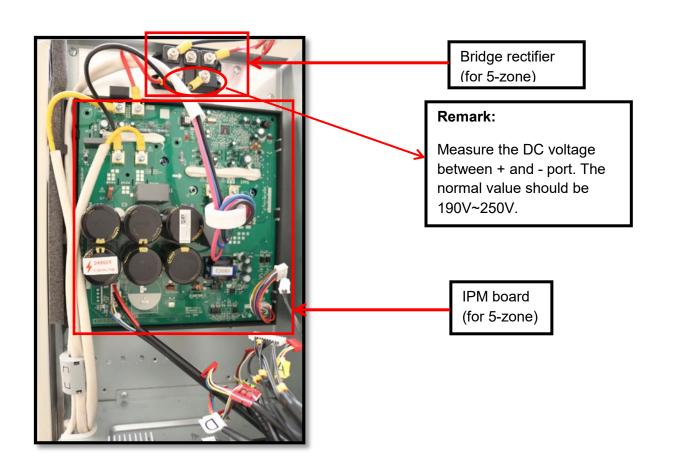
7.4.2.5 E5/ PC 10/PC 11/PC 12 (Over-voltage or under-voltage protection) diagnosis and solution.

Error Code	E5/ PC 10/PC 11/PC 12
Malfunction conditions	An abnormal voltage rise or drop is detected by checking the specified voltage detection circuit.
Potential causes	Power supply problems.System leakage or blockFaulty PCB

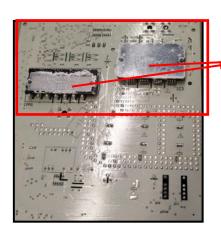








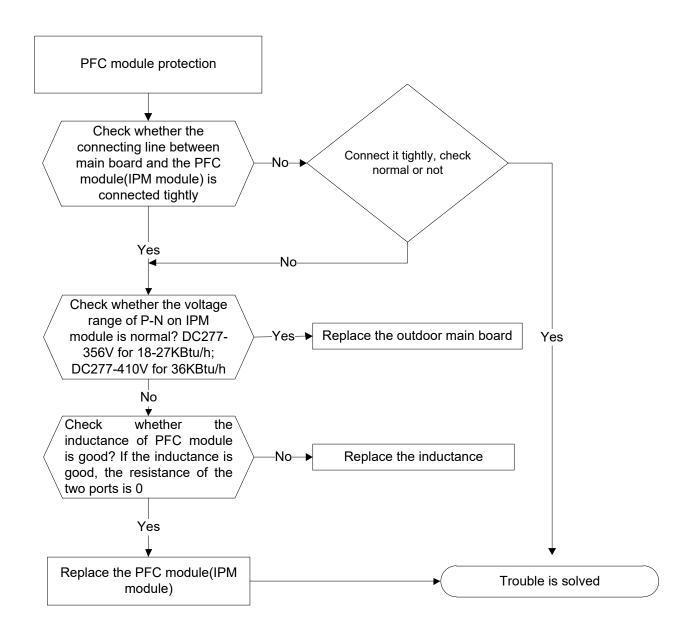




IPM Module (for 5-zone)

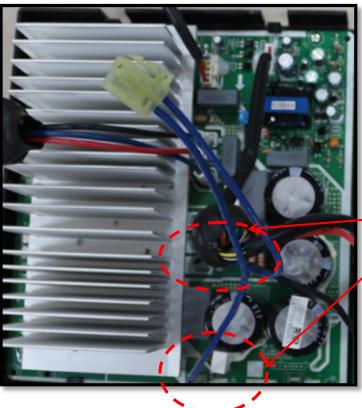
7.4.2.6 E6/ PC 0F (PFC module protection) error diagnosis and solution.

Error Code	E6/ PC 0F
Malfunction conditions	When the voltage signal that PFC sends to main control board is abnormal, the display LED will show "E6" and AC will turn off.
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty outdoor PCB Faulty inductance of PFC module PFC module malfunction





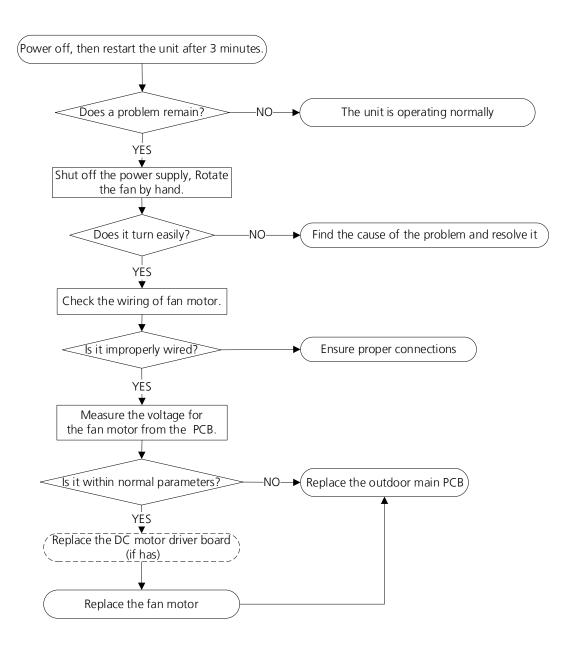
Inductance



Two ports of the inductance

7.4.2.7 E8/ EC 07 (Outdoor fan speed malfunction)/ EC 71(Over current failure of outdoor DC fan motor) diagnosis and solution

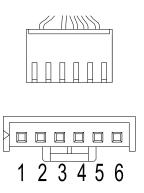
Error Code	E8/ EC 07/ EC 71
Malfunction conditions	When outdoor fan speed keeps too low (300RPM) or too high(2400RPM) for certain time, the unit will stop and the LED will display the failure.
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty Fan assembly Faulty Fan motor Faulty PCB



Index 1:

> 1. DC fan motor(control chip is inside fan motor)

Power on and when the unit is in standby, measure the voltage of pin1-pin3, pin4-pin3 in fan motor connector. If the value of the voltage is not in the range showing in below table, the PCB must have problems and need to be replaced.



DC motor voltage input and output

NO.	Color	Signal	Voltage
1	Red	Vs/Vm	200~380V
2			
3	Black	GND	0V
4	White	Vcc	13.5~16.5V
5	Yellow	Vsp	0~6.5V
6	Blue	FG	13.5~16.5V

Vs

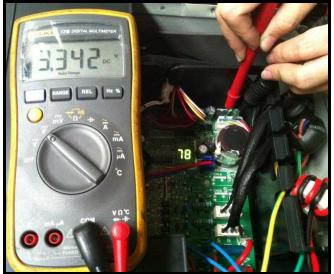
Vcc





Vsp

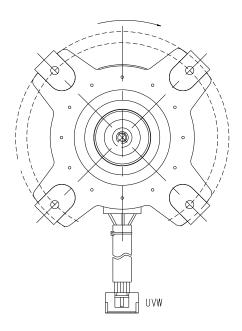
FG





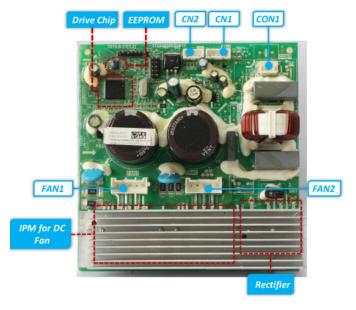
2. DC Fan Motor (control chip is in PCB)

Release the UVW connector. Measure the resistance of U-V, U-W, and V-W. If the resistances are not equal to each other, the fan motor may be experiencing problems and need to be replaced. Otherwise, the PCB must has problems and need to be replaced.



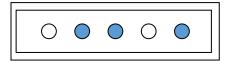
> 3. Outdoor DC Fan IPM Board(for some double fan models)

Power on and when the unit is in standby, measure the voltage of CON1, pin1-pin2 and pin3-pin2 of CN1 in DC motor driver board. If the value of the voltage is not in the range showing in below tables, the outdoor main PCB must has problems and need to be replaced.



Part	Description	Parameter	Remark
CON1	Power input for the PCB	192-380V/DC	
CN1	Communication with main PCB	DC	
CN2	Test port	5V/DC	For debugging board
FAN1	UVW output for DC fan motor		
FAN2	UVW output for DC fan motor		

CN1 Communication with main PCB

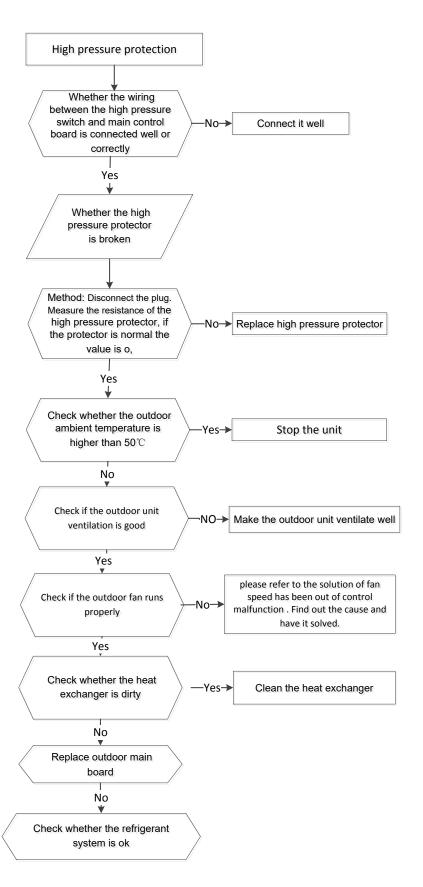


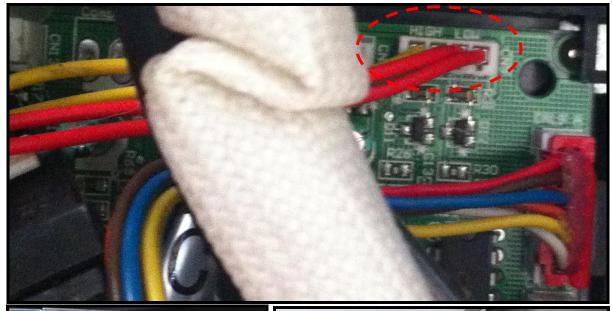
5 4 3 2 1

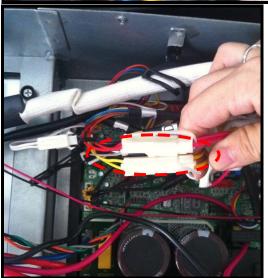
NO.	Signal	Voltage
1	Vcc	13.5~16.5V
2	GND	
3	Vsp	0~6.5V
4	FG	13.5~16.5V
5		

7.4.2.8 P1/PC 30 (High pressure protection) diagnosis and solution.

Error Code	P1/PC 30		
Malfunction conditions	If the sampling voltage is not 5V, the LED will display the failure.		
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty over load protector System block Faulty outdoor PCB 		



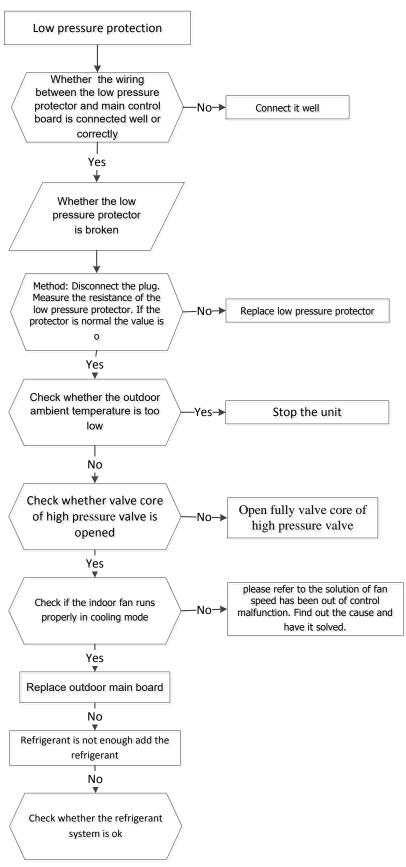


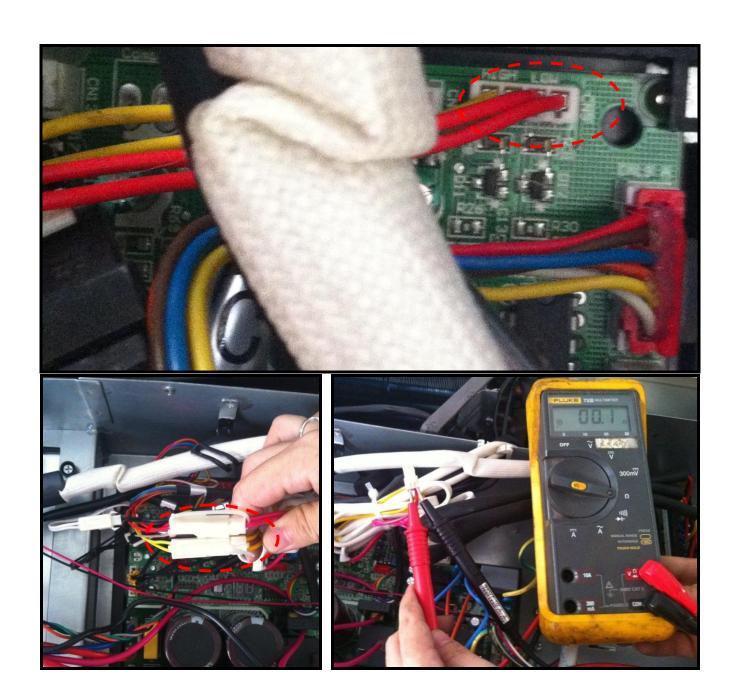




7.4.2.9 P2/PC 31 (Low pressure protection) diagnosis and solution.

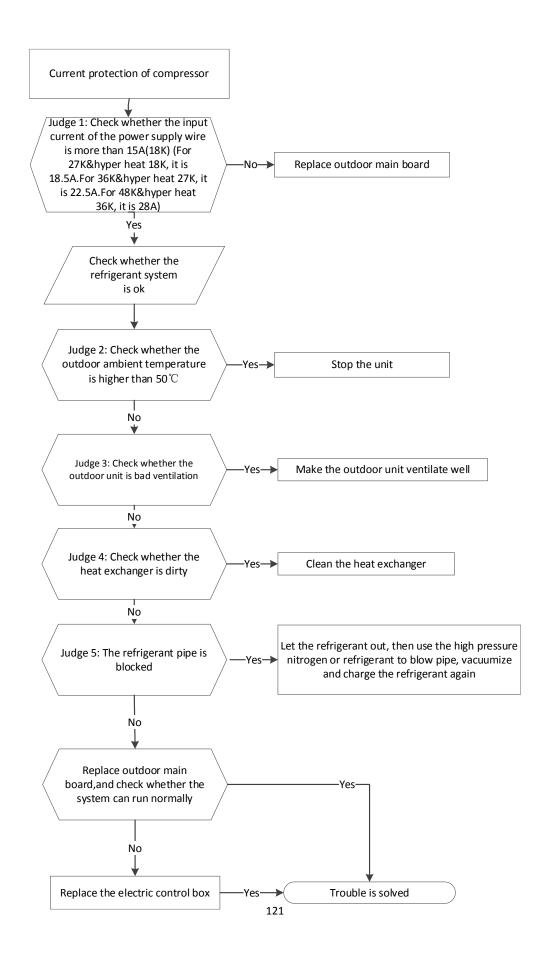
Error Code	P2/PC 31		
Malfunction conditions	If the sampling voltage is not 5V, the LED will display the failure.		
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty over load protector System block Faulty outdoor PCB 		





7.4.2.10 P3/PC 08 (Current overload protection)/ PC 44(Outdoor unit zero speed protection)/PC 46(Compressor speed has been out of control)/PC 49(Compressor overcurrent failure) diagnosis and solution.

Error Code	P3/PC 08/PC 44/PC 46/PC 49		
Malfunction conditions	If the outdoor current exceeds the current limit value, the LED will display the failure.		
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake Faulty over load protector System block Faulty outdoor PCB 		

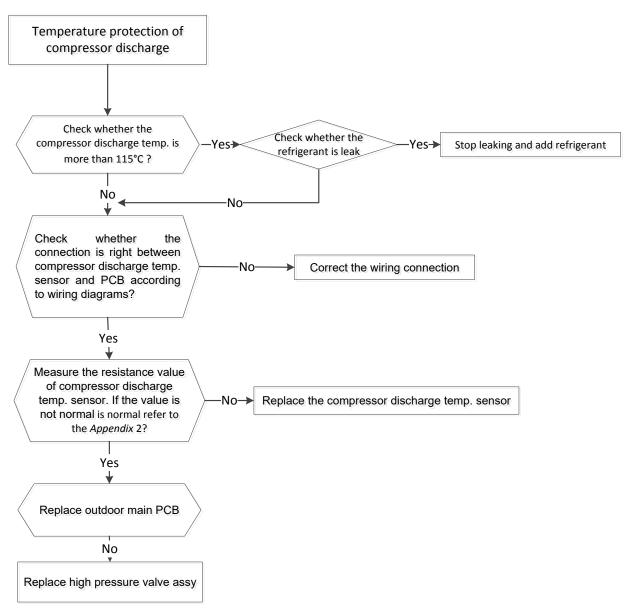






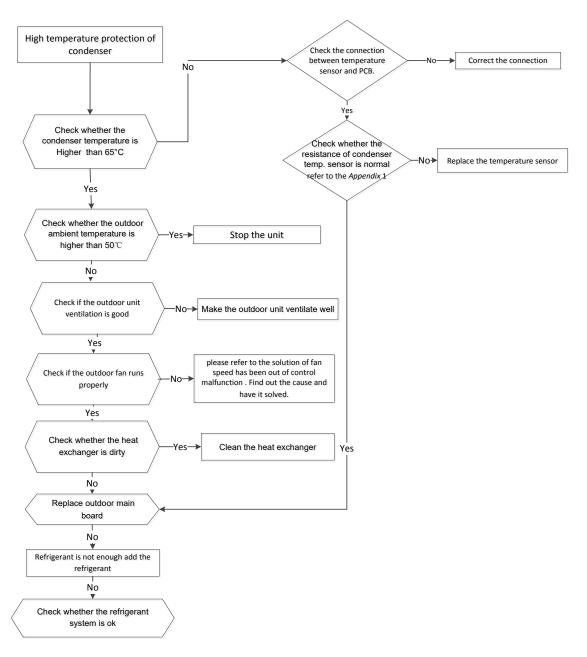
7.4.2.11 P4/PC 06 (Temperature protection of compressor discharge) diagnosis and solution.

Error Code	P4/PC 06		
Malfunction conditions	When the compressor discharge temperature(T5) is more than 115°C for 10 seconds, the compressor will stop and		
	restart till T5 is less than 90°C.		
Potential causes	 Refrigerant leakage Wiring mistake Faulty discharge temperature sensor Faulty outdoor PCB 		



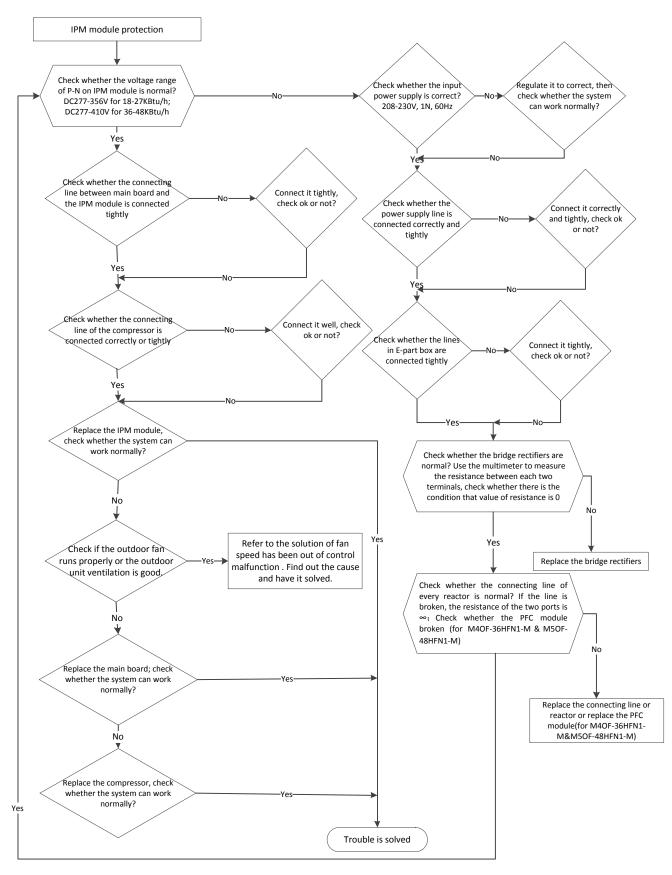
7.4.2.12 P5/PC 0A (High temperature protection of condenser) diagnosis and solution.

Error Code	P5/PC 0A		
Malfunction conditions	When outdoor pipe temperature is more than 65°C, the unit will stop, and unit runs again when outdoor pipe temperature is less than 52°C		
Potential causes	 Faulty condenser temperature sensor Heat exchanger dirty System block 		



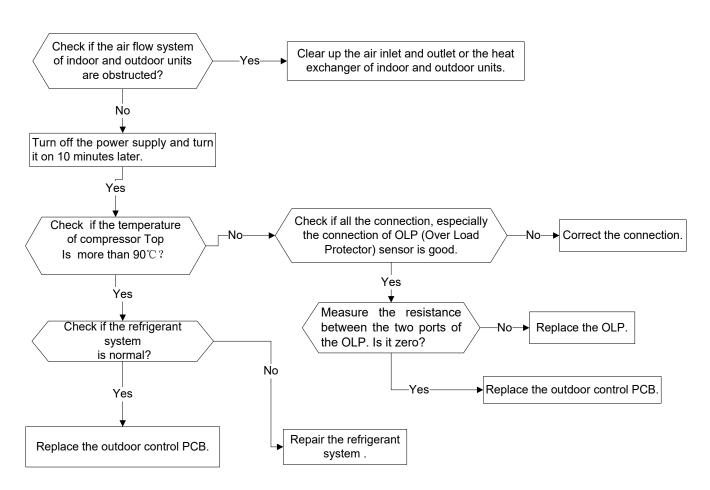
7.4.2.13 P6/PC 00 (Inverter module (IPM) malfunction) diagnosis and solution.

Error Code	P6/PC 00		
Malfunction conditions	When the voltage signal that IPM send to compressor drive chip is abnormal, the display LED will show "P6" and AC will turn off.		
Potential causes	 Wiring mistake IPM malfunction Faulty outdoor fan assembly Compressor malfunction Faulty outdoor PCB 		

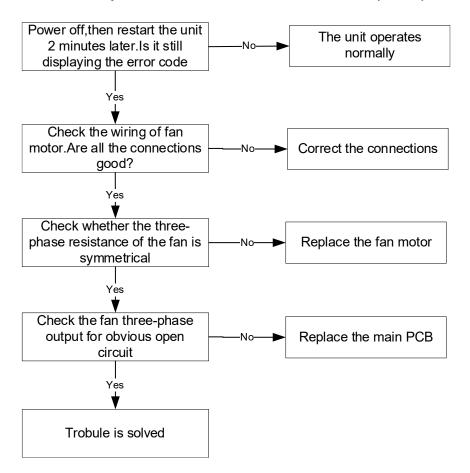


7.4.2.14. High temperature protection of compressor top(IDU P2/ODU P0/PC 02)

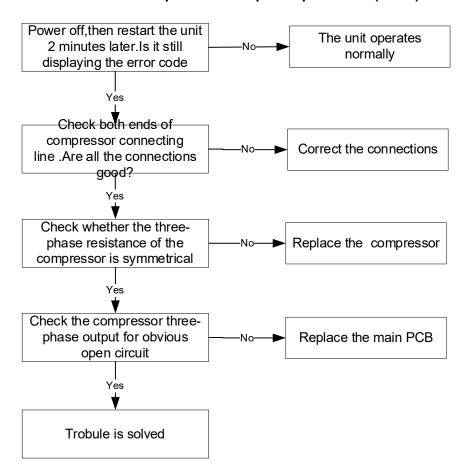
Malfunction decision conditions	If the sampling voltage is not 5V, the LED will display the failure.			
Supposed causes	 Faulty overload protector Wiring mistake System leakage or block Faulty PCB 			



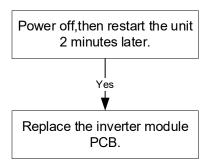
7.4.2.15 Lack phase failure of outdoor DC fan motor(EC 72)



7.4.2.16 Outdoor compressor lack phase protection(PC43)



7.4.2.17 Outdoor unit IR chip drive failure(PC45)



7.4.2.18 The cooling operation or heating operation does not operate.

Potential causes

Faulty 4-way valve

Check of 4-way, please refer to part 5 in 9.5 Trouble Criterion Of Main Parts.

7.4.2.19 When cooling, heat exchanger of non-operating indoor unit frosts.

When heating, non-operating indoor unit get warm.

Potential causes

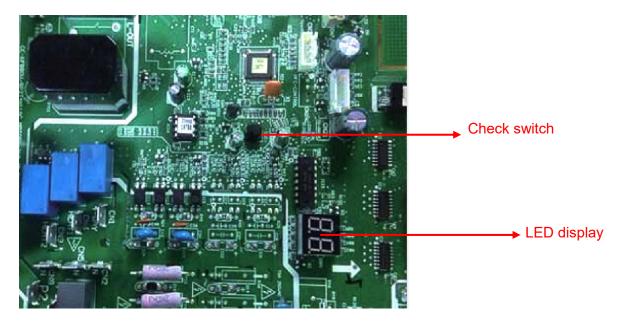
Faulty EXV

Wire and piping connected in reverse.

Check of EXV, please refer to part 6 in 9.5 Trouble Criterion Of Main Parts.

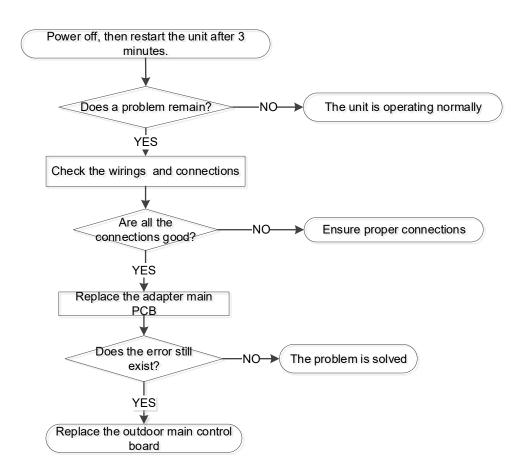
7.4.2.20 Automatic correction of wiring/piping error:

Press the "check switch" on the outdoor unit PCB board 5 seconds until LED display "CE", which mean this function is working, Approximately 5-10 minutes after the switch is pressed, the "CE" disappear the wiring/piping error will be corrected, and wiring/piping is properly connected.



7.4.2.17 Communication malfunction between adapter board and outdoor main control board(ODU Ed/EL 16)

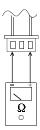
Malfunction decision conditions	If outdoor PCB does not receive feedback from adapter board.			
Supposed causes	Wiring mistakeFaulty PCB			



7.5 Trouble Criterion of Main Parts.

1.Temperature sensor checking

Disconnect the temperature sensor from PCB, measure the resistance value with a tester.



Tester

Temperature Sensors.

Room temp.(T1) sensor,

Indoor coil temp.(T2) sensor,

Outdoor coil temp.(T3) sensor,

Outdoor ambient temp.(T4) sensor,

Compressor discharge temp.(T5) sensor.

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the multi-meter.

Appendix 1 Temperature Sensor Resistance Value Table (°C--K)

°C	K Ohm	°C	K Ohm	°C	K Ohm	°C	K Ohm
-20	115.266	20	12.6431	60	2.35774	100	0.62973
-19	108.146	21	12.0561	61	2.27249	101	0.61148
-18	101.517	22	11.5000	62	2.19073	102	0.59386
-17	96.3423	23	10.9731	63	2.11241	103	0.57683
-16	89.5865	24	10.4736	64	2.03732	104	0.56038
-15	84.2190	25	10.000	65	1.96532	105	0.54448
-14	79.3110	26	9.55074	66	1.89627	106	0.52912
-13	74.5360	27	9.12445	67	1.83003	107	0.51426
-12	70.1698	28	8.71983	68	1.76647	108	0.49989
-11	66.0898	29	8.33566	69	1.70547	109	0.48600
-10	62.2756	30	7.97078	70	1.64691	110	0.47256
-9	58.7079	31	7.62411	71	1.59068	111	0.45957
-8	56.3694	32	7.29464	72	1.53668	112	0.44699
-7	52.2438	33	6.98142	73	1.48481	113	0.43482
-6	49.3161	34	6.68355	74	1.43498	114	0.42304
-5	46.5725	35	6.40021	75	1.38703	115	0.41164
-4	44.0000	36	6.13059	76	1.34105	116	0.40060
-3	41.5878	37	5.87359	77	1.29078	117	0.38991
-2	39.8239	38	5.62961	78	1.25423	118	0.37956
-1	37.1988	39	5.39689	79	1.21330	119	0.36954
0	35.2024	40	5.17519	80	1.17393	120	0.35982
1	33.3269	41	4.96392	81	1.13604	121	0.35042
2	31.5635	42	4.76253	82	1.09958	122	0.3413
3	29.9058	43	4.57050	83	1.06448	123	0.33246
4	28.3459	44	4.38736	84	1.03069	124	0.32390
5	26.8778	45	4.21263	85	0.99815	125	0.31559
6	25.4954	46	4.04589	86	0.96681	126	0.30754
7	24.1932	47	3.88673	87	0.93662	127	0.29974
8	22.5662	48	3.73476	88	0.90753	128	0.29216
9	21.8094	49	3.58962	89	0.87950	129	0.28482
10	20.7184	50	3.45097	90	0.85248	130	0.27770
11	19.6891	51	3.31847	91	0.82643	131	0.27078
12	18.7177	52	3.19183	92	0.80132	132	0.26408
13	17.8005	53	3.07075	93	0.77709	133	0.25757
14	16.9341	54	2.95896	94	0.75373	134	0.25125
15	16.1156	55	2.84421	95	0.73119	135	0.24512
16	15.3418	56	2.73823	96	0.70944	136	0.23916
17	14.6181	57	2.63682	97	0.68844	137	0.23338
18	13.9180	58	2.53973	98	0.66818	138	0.22776
19	13.2631	59	2.44677	99	0.64862	139	0.22231

Appendix 2

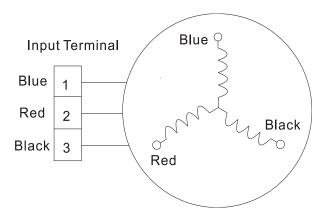
		Unit: °CK	D	ischarge temp. s	sensor table		
-20	542.7	20	68.66	60	13.59	100	3.702
-19	511.9	21	65.62	61	13.11	101	3.595
-18	483	22	62.73	62	12.65	102	3.492
-17	455.9	23	59.98	63	12.21	103	3.392
-16	430.5	24	57.37	64	11.79	104	3.296
-15	406.7	25	54.89	65	11.38	105	3.203
-14	384.3	26	52.53	66	10.99	106	3.113
-13	363.3	27	50.28	67	10.61	107	3.025
-12	343.6	28	48.14	68	10.25	108	2.941
-11	325.1	29	46.11	69	9.902	109	2.86
-10	307.7	30	44.17	70	9.569	110	2.781
-9	291.3	31	42.33	71	9.248	111	2.704
-8	275.9	32	40.57	72	8.94	112	2.63
-7	261.4	33	38.89	73	8.643	113	2.559
-6	247.8	34	37.3	74	8.358	114	2.489
-5	234.9	35	35.78	75	8.084	115	2.422
-4	222.8	36	34.32	76	7.82	116	2.357
-3	211.4	37	32.94	77	7.566	117	2.294
-2	200.7	38	31.62	78	7.321	118	2.233
-1	190.5	39	30.36	79	7.086	119	2.174
0	180.9	40	29.15	80	6.859	120	2.117
1	171.9	41	28	81	6.641	121	2.061
2	163.3	42	26.9	82	6.43	122	2.007
3	155.2	43	25.86	83	6.228	123	1.955
4	147.6	44	24.85	84	6.033	124	1.905
5	140.4	45	23.89	85	5.844	125	1.856
6	133.5	46	22.89	86	5.663	126	1.808
7	127.1	47	22.1	87	5.488	127	1.762
8	121	48	21.26	88	5.32	128	1.717
9	115.2	49	20.46	89	5.157	129	1.674
10	109.8	50	19.69	90	5	130	1.632
11	104.6	51	18.96	91	4.849		
12	99.69	52	18.26	92	4.703		
13	95.05	53	17.58	93	4.562		
14	90.66	54	16.94	94	4.426		
15	86.49	55	16.32	95	4.294	B(25/50)=3950K
16	82.54	56	15.73	96	4.167		
17	78.79	57	15.16	97	4.045	R(90°C)=	5KΩ±3%
18	75.24	58	14.62	98	3.927		
19	71.86	59	14.09	99	3.812		

Appendix 3:

°C	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
°F	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62	64	66	68	70	72
°C	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
°F	74	76	78	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94	96	98

2. Compressor check

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the tester.



	Resistance Value								
Position	ATM150D23UFZ	ATF235D22UMT	ATF250D22UMT	ATF310D43UMT	ATQ360D1UMU KTQ420D1UMU	ATQ420D1UMU	EAPQ420D1UMUA		
Blue - Red									
Blue - Black	1.72 Ω	0.75 Ω	0.75 Ω	0.65 Ω	0.37 Ω	0.38Ω	0.1Ω		
Red - Blue									



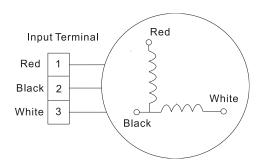
3. IPM continuity check

Turn off the power, let the large capacity electrolytic capacitors discharge completely, and dismount the IPM. Use a digital tester to measure the resistance between P and UVWN; UVW and N.

Digital tester		Normal resistance value	Digital tester		Normal resistance value
(+)Red	(-)Black		(+)Red	(-)Black	
	N	~	U		∞
P	U	∞	V	N.I	-
P	V	(Several MΩ)	W	N	(Several MΩ)
	W		(+)Red		

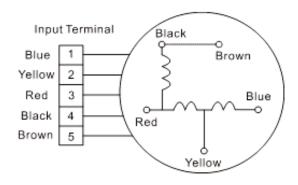
4. AC Fan Motor.

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the tester.



Position	Resistance Value				
	RPG20B		RPG20B RPG28		S28H
Black - Red	381Ω±8% (20°C)	342Ω±8% (20°C)	183.6Ω±8% (20°C)	180Ω±8% (20°C)	
	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Dayang)	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Wolong)	
White - Black	267Ω±8% (20°C)	253Ω±8% (20°C)	206Ω±8% (20°C)	190Ω±8% (20°C)	
	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Dayang)	(Brand: Weiling)	(Brand: Wolong)	

Measure the resistance value of each winding by using the tester.



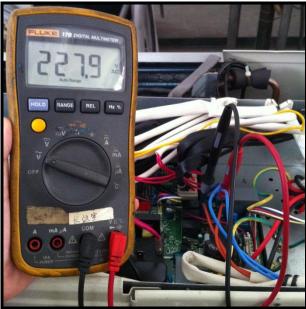
Position	Resistance Value							
	YDK70-6FB	YDK180-8GB	YSK27-4G	YSK68-4B	YDK45-6B	YSK25-6L	YDK53- 6FB(B)	
Black -	56Ω±8%	24.5Ω±8%	317Ω±8%	145Ω±8%	345Ω±8%	627Ω±8%	88.5Ω±8%	
Red	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	
Red -	76Ω±8%	19Ω±8%	252Ω±8%	88Ω±8%	150Ω±8%	374.3Ω±8%	138Ω±8 %	
Yellow	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	(20°C)	
Yellow - Blue	76Ω±8% (20°C)	19Ω±8% (20℃)	252Ω±8% (20°C)	88Ω±8% (20°C)	150Ω±8% (20℃)	374.3Ω±8% (20°C)	138Ω±8% (20°C)	

5.4-way valve

1. Power on, use a digital tester to measure the voltage, when the unit operates in cooling, it is 0V. When the unit operates in heating, it is about 230VAC.

If the value of the voltage is not in the range, the PCB must have problems and need to be replaced.



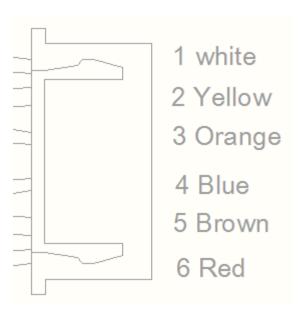


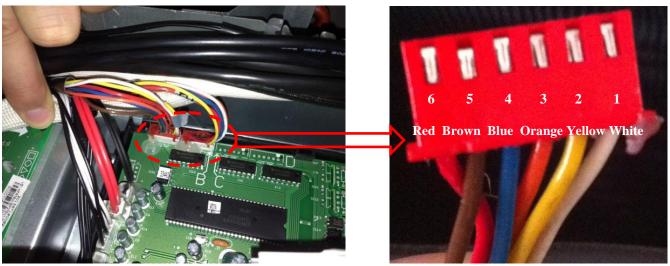
2 Turn off the power, use a digital tester to measure the resistance. The value should be 1.8~2.5 K Ω .



6.EXV check

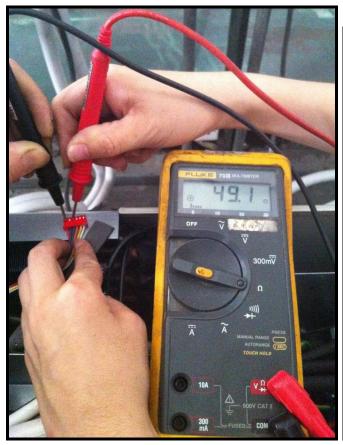
Disconnect the connectors.

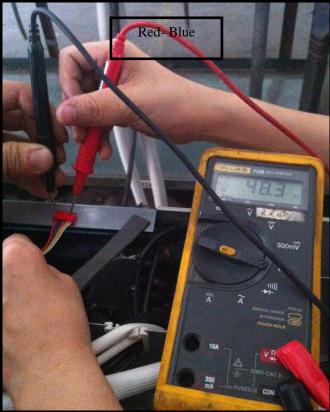


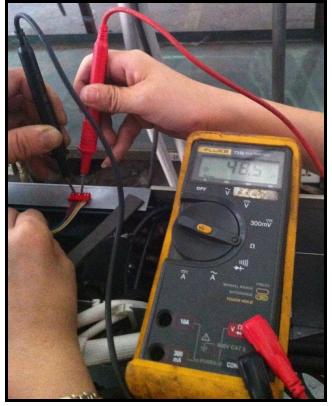


Resistance to EXV coil

Color of lead wire	Normal Value
Red- Blue	
Red - Yellow	About 50Ω
Brown-Orange	
Brown-White	

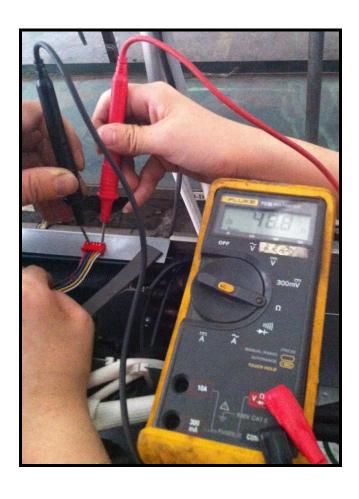






Brown-Orange Red - Yellow

Brown-White



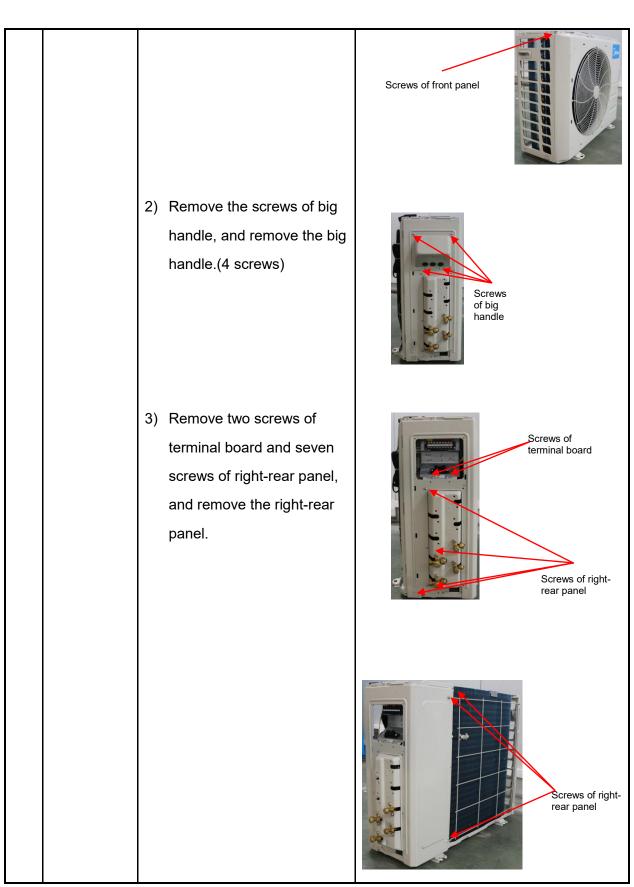
8. Disassembly Instructions

Note: This part is for reference, the photos may have slight difference with your machine.

M2OF-18HFN1-M (WCA30 metal plate)

No	Part name	(WCA30 metal plate) Procedures	Remarks
1	Fan	How to remove the fan	
'	assembly	assembly.	Alidea
		 Turn off the air conditioner and turn off the power breaker. Remove the screws of air outlet grille(4 screws) 	2
		3) Remove the hex nut fixing	
		the fan.	Midea
		4) Remove the fan.	3
			Screws of top
		5) Remove the screws of top	
		cover, and remove the top	

		cover. (3 screws)	
		6) Remove the cover of	
		7) Disconnect the fan motor connector CN14(3p,white)	
		8) Remove the fan motor after unfastening four fixing screws.	
2	Panel plate	How to remove the panel	
		plate.	Screws of front panel
		Remove the screws of front panel, and remove the front panel. (6 screws)	Screws of front panel



Electrical How to remove the electrical parts parts. 1) Perform work of item 1,2. 2) Remove the four screws fixing the IPM board. IPM board PCB board Unfasten the connector 3) of the reactor. Unfasten the connector of the compressor. Disconnect following 3 pieces of connection wires and connectors between IPM and main control PCB. CN1(5p,white) CN14(3p,white) -CN4(red or brown) CN5(blue) 6) Remove the IPM board. 7) Disconnect the connectors and wires connected from PCB and other parts.

Connectors:

CN17:T3/T4 temperature sensor (2p/2p,white)

CN7: Discharge temperature sensor (2p,white)

CN15:T2B-A,B temperature sensor (2p/2p,white)

CN18/CN19: Electronic expansion valve A,B (6p/6p,red/red)

CN25/CN23: S-A,S-B (3p/3p,white/white)

Wires:

CN1/CN2: 4-way valve (blue-blue)

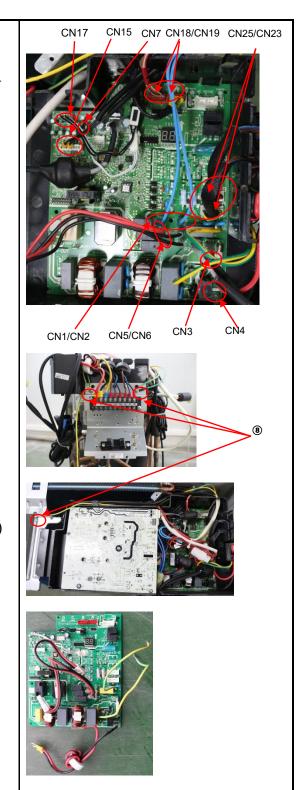
CN5/CN6: Crankcase heating cable

(red-red)

CN3:L-IN (red)

CN4:N-IN (black)

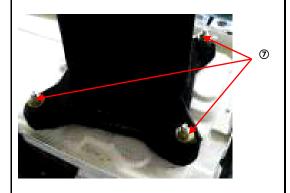
- 8) Disconnect the grounding wire (yellow-green) after removing the big handle and the right-rear panel.
- 9) Remove the PCB board.



4 Compressor How to remove the compressor.

- 1) Perform work of item 1,2.
- Remove the cover of electrical control box.
- 3) Extract refrigerant gas.
- Remove the sound insulation material and crankcase heating cable.
- 5) Remove terminal cover of compressor, and disconnect wires of crankcase electric heater and compressor from the terminal.
- 6) Remove the discharge pipe and suction pipe with a burner.
- Remove the hex nuts and washers fixing the compressor to bottom plate.
- 8) Lift the compressor.





5	Reactor	How to remove the reactor 1) Perform work of item 2 2) Unfasten the connector between IPM and reactor. 3) Remove three screws of reactor, and remove the reactor. Screws of cover of inductance
6	The 4-way valve	How to remove the 4-way valve 1) Perform work of item 2. 2) Extract refrigerant gas. 3) Remove the electrical parts from item 3. 4) Remove fixing screw of the coil, and remove the coil. 5) Detach the welded parts of 4-way valve and pipe.

7	The expansion valve	How to remove the expansion valve	
		1) Perform work of item 1,2.	
		2) Remove the electrical parts	Expansion
		from item 3	valves
		3) Remove the coils.	
		4) Detach the welded parts of	Coils
		expansion valves and	
		pipes.	

> LEA18MZ-2P-25SK-O (WX430 metal plate)

LEA	18WZ-2P-25S	SK-O (WX430 metal plate)	_
No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
1	Panel plate	How to remove the panel plate. 1) Turn off the air conditioner. Turn off the power breaker. 2) Remove the screws of big handle, and remove the big	Screws of big handle Screws of top cover
		handle.(3 screws) 3) Remove the screws of top cover, and remove the top cover. (3 screws)	Screws of top cover

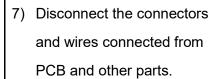
4) Remove the screws of front Screws of front panel panel, and remove the front panel. (7 screws) Midea Screws of front panel 5) Remove the screws of water collector, and remove the water collector. (3 screws)

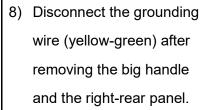
Screws of water collector

Screws of terminal board 6) Remove two screws of terminal board, and 9 screws of right side panel, and remove the right side panel. Screws of right side board How to remove the fan assembly. 2 Fan assembly 1) Remove the top cover, right side panel and front panel from item 1.step 1~6 2) Remove the hex nut fixing the fan. 3) Remove the fan.

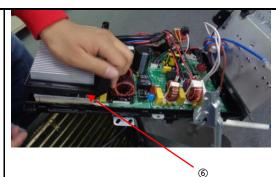
		_	
		4) Remove the fan motor	
		after unfastening four fixing	
		screws.	
		How to remove the electrical	
	□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	parts.	
3	Electrical parts	parts.	
		1) Perform work of item 1.	2
		2) Remove 5 screws of the	
		cover of electrical control	O TENT
		box cover and remove it.	
		3) Cut the ribbon by a shear	
		and disconnect the 4-way	3
		valve connector	
		CN38(2p,blue).	
			⑤
		4) Turn over the main board.	
		5) Remove the electronic	
		installing box subassembly	
		(4 hooks)	
		,	

Remove the support of electronic control box

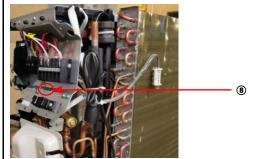




9) Remove the PCB board.







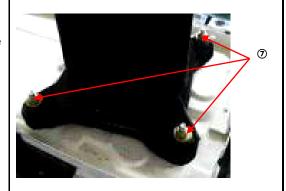


4 Compressor

How to remove the compressor.

- 1) Perform work of item 1,2,3.
- Remove the electrical control box and partition plate.
- 3) Extract refrigerant gas.
- Remove the sound insulation material and crankcase heating cable.
- 5) Remove terminal cover of compressor, and disconnect wires of compressor thermo and compressor from the terminal.
- 6) Remove the discharge pipe and suction pipe with a burner.
- 7) Remove the hex nuts and washers fixing the compressor to bottom plate.
- 8) Lift the compressor.





5	The 4-way valve	How to remove the 4-way valve 1) Perform work of item 1,2. 2) Extract refrigerant gas. 3) Remove the electrical parts from item 3. 4) Remove fixing screw of the coil, and remove the coil. 5) Detach the welded parts of 4-way valve and pipe.	Coil Welded parts
6	The expansion valve	How to remove the expansion valve 1) Perform work of item 1,2. 2) Remove the electrical parts from item 3. 3) Remove the coils. 4) Detach the welded parts of expansion valves and pipes.	Expansion valves

> M2OH-18HFN1-M, M3OF-27HFN1-M, M3OH-27HFN1-M LEA20MZ-2P-35SK-O LEA27MZ-3P-25SK-O LEA28MZ-3P-35SK-O LEA36MZ-4P-25SK-O (WD30 metal plate)

1	Remarks
How to remove the panel plate. 7) Turn off the air conditioner. Turn off the power breaker. 8) Remove the screws of big handle, and remove the big handle.(4 screws) 9) Remove the screws of top cover, and remove the top cover. (4 screws) 10) Remove the screws of right front side panel, and remove the right front side panel (1 screws) 11) Remove the screws of front panel, and remove the front panel. (8 screws)	Screws of big handle Screws of top cover Screws of top cover Screws of top cover Screws of front panel Screws of right front side panel

12) Remove two screws of terminal board, screws of water collector and fifteen screws of right-rear panel, and remove the right-rear panel.



Screws of front panel

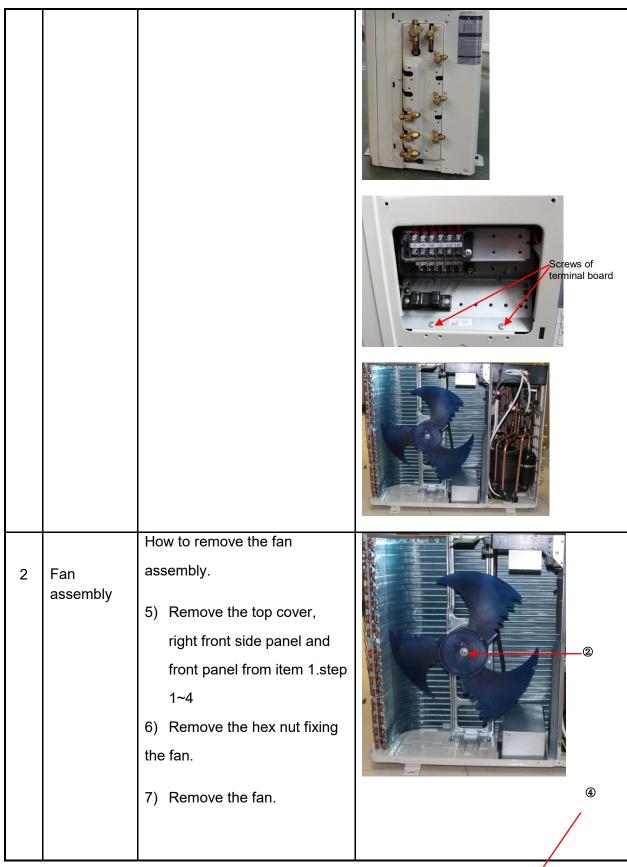
Screws of front panel



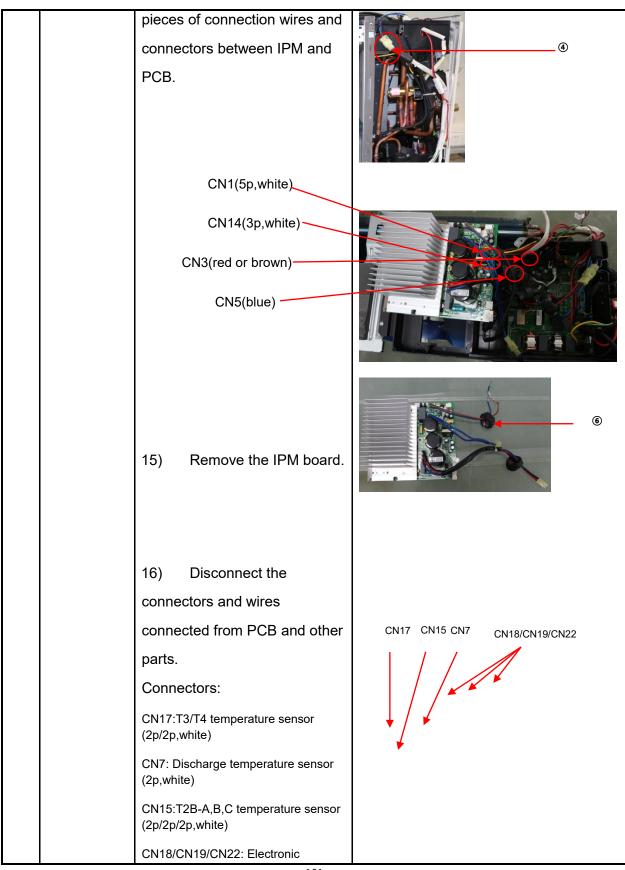
Screws of front panel



Screws of right-rear panel



		8) Remove the cover of electrical control box cover.	
		9) Disconnect the fan motor connector CN14(5p,white) from the IPM board.	
		10) Remove the fan motor after unfastening four fixing screws.	
		How to remove the electrical parts.	3
3	Electrical parts		
		10) Perform work of item 1,2.11) Remove the four screws	
		fixing the IPM board.	
		12) Unfasten the connector	
		of the reactor.	IPM board PCB board
		13) Unfasten the connector	
		of the compressor.	
		14) Disconnect following 3	



expansion valve A,B,C (6p/6p/6p,red/red/red)

CN25/CN23/CN20: S-A,S-B,S-C (3p/3p/3p,white/white/white)

Wires:

CN1/CN2: 4-way valve (blue-blue)

CN5/CN6: Crankcase heating cable

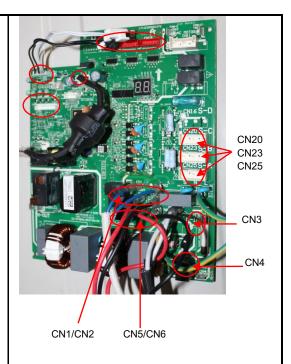
(red-red)

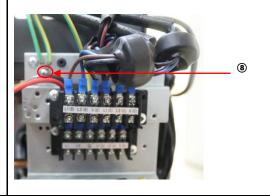
CN3:L1-IN (red)

CN4:L2-IN (black)

17) Disconnect the grounding wire (yellow-green) after removing the big handle and the right-rear panel.

18) Remove the PCB board.



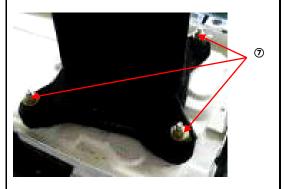


4 Compressor

How to remove the compressor.

- 9) Perform work of item 1,2,3.
- 10) Remove the electrical control box and partition plate.
- 11) Extract refrigerant gas.
- 12) Remove the sound insulation material and crankcase heating cable.
- 13) Remove terminal cover of compressor, and disconnect wires of compressor thermo and compressor from the terminal.
- 14) Remove the discharge pipe and suction pipe with a burner.
- 15) Remove the hex nuts and washers fixing the compressor to bottom plate.
- 16) Lift the compressor.





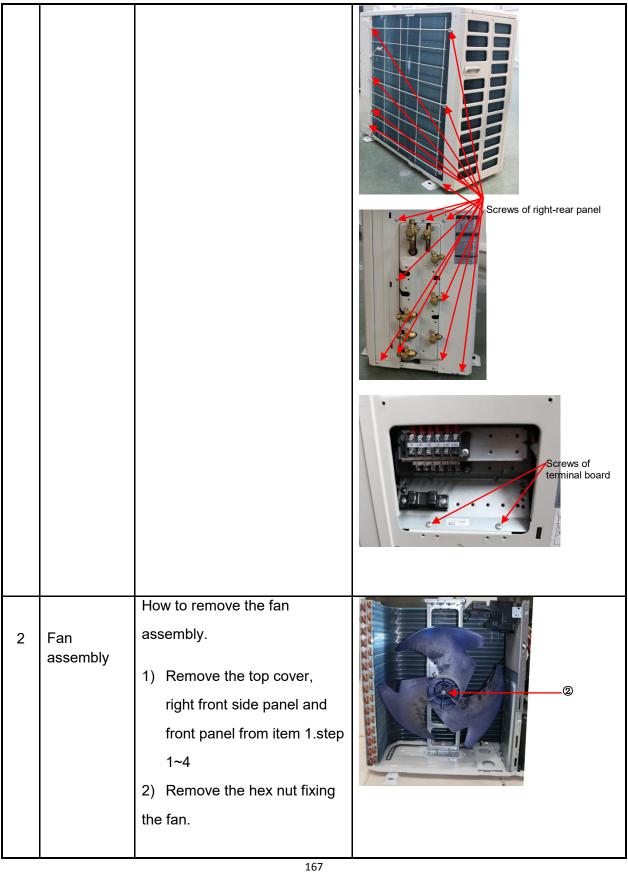
5	Reactor	How to remove the reactor1) Perform work of item 1,22) Unfasten the connector	
		between IPM and reactor.	
		3) Remove two screws of	7.4
		cover of inductance, and	
		remove the cover of	
			Screws of cover of inductance
		inductance	inductance
		4) Disconnect two pieces of	
		wires connected from the	
		cover of inductance.	
		5) Remove four screws of	Screws of
		reactor, and remove the	reactor
		reactor.	
6	The 4-way	How to remove the 4-way	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	valve	valve	Coil
		6) Perform work of item 1,2.	
		7) Extract refrigerant gas.	Waldednesda
		8) Remove the electrical parts	Welded parts
		from item 3.	
		9) Remove fixing screw of the	
		coil, and remove the coil.	
		10) Detach the welded parts of	
		4-way valve and pipe.	

7	The expansion valve	How to remove the expansion valve 5) Perform work of item 1,2. 6) Remove the electrical parts from item 3. 7) Remove the coils. 8) Detach the welded parts of expansion valves and pipes.	Expansion valves
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> M4OF-36HFN1-M (WD30 metal plate)

No	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
1	Panel plate	How to remove the panel plate. 1) Turn off the air conditioner. Turn off the power breaker. 2) Remove the screws of big handle, and remove the big handle.(4 screws) 3) Remove the screws of top cover, and remove the top cover. (4 screws) 4) Remove the screws of right front side panel, and remove the right front side panel (1 screw) 5) Remove the screws of front	Screws of top cover Screws of top cover
		,	

panel, and remove the Midea front panel. (8 screws) Screws of front panel Screws of right front side panel Screws of front panel 6) Remove two screws of terminal board, screws of water collector and fifteen Screws of front panel screws of right-rear panel, and remove the right-rear panel. Screws of front panel



		3) Remove the fan.	•
		4) Unfix the hooks and	
		remove the screws, then	
		open the electronic control	
		box.	
		5) Disconnect the fan motor	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION DE
		connector CN19(3p,white)	(S)
		from the driver board.	
		6) Remove the fan motor	
		after unfastening four fixing	
		screws.	© © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © ©
		How to remove the electrical	
3	Electrical parts	parts.	
		1) Perform work of item 1,2.	
		2) Unfasten the connector	
		of the reactor.	
		3) Unfasten the connector	Driver board PCB board
		of the compressor.	®
		4) Unfasten the connector of	
		the PFC inductor.	
		5) Disconnect following 3	
		168	

pieces of connection wires and connectors between driver board and PCB.

CN55-CN7(7p,white)

CN54-CN6(red)

CN53-CN5(black)

- 6) Remove the fixing screws, then move the driver board.
- Disconnect the connectors and wires connected from PCB and other parts.

Connectors:

CN8:T3/T4 temperature sensor (2p/2p,white)

CN33: Discharge temperature sensor (2p,white)

CN13:T2B-A,B,C,D temperature sensor (2p/2p/2p/2p,white)

CN18/CN17/CN21/CN20: Electronic expansion valve A,B,C,D (6p/6p/6p,red/red/red)

CN30/CN29/CN28/CN27: S-A,S-B,S-C,S-D (3p/3p/3p/3p,white)

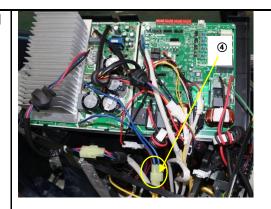
CN9: High and low pressure switch (2p/2p, white)

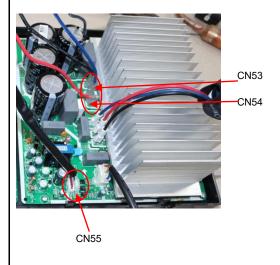
Wires:

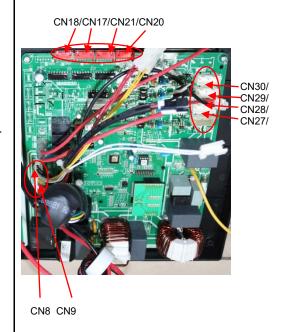
CN3/CN22: 4-way valve (blue-blue)

CN4/CN40: Crankcase heating cable

(black-red)







CN10/CN44: Crankcase heating cable (black-red) CN3 CN4 CN13 CN1:L1-IN (red) CN10 CN33 CN22 CN2:L2-IN (black) CN40 CN44 CN2 CN1 8) Disconnect the grounding wire (yellow-green) after removing the right-rear panel. 9) Remove the PCB board. How to remove the compressor. 4 Compressor 1) Perform work of item 1,2,3. 2) Remove the electrical control box and partition plate. 3) Extract refrigerant gas. 4) Remove the sound insulation material and crankcase heating cable. 5) Remove terminal cover of compressor, and disconnect wires of compressor thermo and compressor from the

terminal.

		6) Remove the discharge pipe	
		and suction pipe with a	
		burner.	
		7) Remove the hex nuts and	
		washers fixing the	
		compressor to bottom	
		plate.	
		8) Lift the compressor.	
5	The 4-way	How to remove the 4-way	
	valve	valve	Coil
		1) Perform work of item 1,2.	
		2) Extract refrigerant gas.	
		3) Remove the electrical parts	Welded parts
		from item 3.	
		4) Remove fixing screw of the	
		coil, and remove the coil.	
		5) Detach the welded parts of	
		4-way valve and pipe.	
6	The	How to remove the expension	
0	expansion	How to remove the expansion valve	
	valve	valve	
		1) Perform work of item 1,2.	
		2) Remove the electrical parts	Expansion
		from item 3.	valves
		3) Remove the coils.	
		4) Detach the welded parts of	
		expansion valves and	
		pipes.	
		pipes.	

> LEA36MZ-4P-35SK-O, M5OF-48HFN1-M (WE30 metal plate)

Fan assembly	Procedures How to remove the fan assembly. 1) Turn off the air conditioner. Turn off the power breaker. 2) Remove the screws of air outlet grille(8 screws) 3) Remove the hex nut fixing the fan. 4) Remove the fan.	Remarks
	Part name Fan	Fan assembly How to remove the fan assembly. 1) Turn off the air conditioner. Turn off the power breaker. 2) Remove the screws of air outlet grille(8 screws) 3) Remove the hex nut fixing the fan.

Screws of top 5) Remove the screws of top cover, and remove the top cover. (4 screws) 6) Remove the screws of front side panel, and remove the front side panel (1 screw) 7) Disconnect the fan motor connectors FAN1(3p,white) and FAN2(3p,white) from DC motor driver board. 8) Remove the fan motor after unfastening fixing screws.

2	Panel plate	How to remove the panel	
	Panel plate	How to remove the panel plate. 4) Remove big handle.(2 screws) and water collector(2 screws) 5) Remove 2 screws of terminal board and 15 screws of right-rear panel, and remove the right-rear panel.	Screws of big handle Screws of Water collector Screws of terminal board Screws of right-rear panel
3	Electrical parts	How to remove the electrical parts. 1) Perform work of item 1 step 5~6 and item 2.	IPM board PCB board DC Fan Driver board
-	-		

Disconnect the fan motor
 Connector(5p,white) from the
 IPM board.



3) Disconnect following 8 pieces of connection wires and connectors between IPM and other parts.

CN2(yellow)

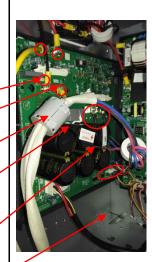
CN1(red)

CN6(black)

CN3(yellow)

U、V、W(black)

CN9(10p,white)



- 4) Remove the fixing screws then remove the IPM board.
- Disconnect the connectors and wires connected from PCB and other parts.

Connectors:



CN8: Discharge temperature sensor (2p,white)

CN12: Heatsink temperature sensor(2p,red)

CN9:T3/T4 temperature sensor (2p/2p,white)

CN11:T2B-A,B,C,D,E temperature sensor (2p/2p/2p/2p/2p,white)

CN15/CN23/CN26/CN30/CN33: Electronic expansion valve (6p/6p/6p/6p,red)

CN37/CN29/CN21/CN16/CN13: S-A,S-B,S-C,S-D,S-E (3p/3p/3p/3p/3p,white)

CN10: High and low pressure switch (2p/2p, white)

Wires:

CN17/CN18: 4-way valve (blue-blue)

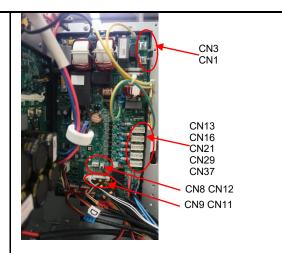
CN19/CN20: connected to crankcase heating cable. (black-red)

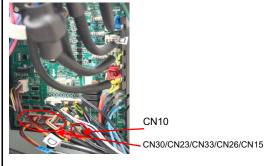
CN24/CN25: Electric heater of chassis (orange-orange)

CN1:L-IN (red)

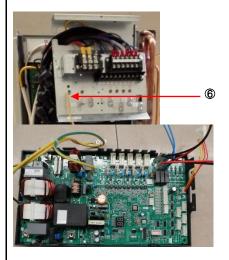
CN3:N-IN (black)

- 6) Disconnect the grounding wire (yellow-green)after removing the big handle.
- 7) Remove the PCB board.









4	Compressor	compressor. 1) Perform work of item 1 step 5~6 and item 2 2) Extract refrigerant gas. 3) Remove the sound insulation material and	(S)
		crankcase heating cable. 4) Remove terminal cover of compressor, and disconnect wires of crankcase electric heater and compressor from the terminal.	
		 5) Remove the discharge pipe and suction pipe with a burner. 6) Remove the hex nuts and washers fixing the compressor to bottom plate. 7) Lift the compressor. 	

5	The 4-way valve	How to remove the 4-way valve 6) Perform work of item 1 step 5~6 and item 2 7) Extract refrigerant gas. 8) Remove the electrical parts from item 3. 9) Remove fixing screw of the coil, and remove the coil.
		10) Detach the welded parts of 4-way valve and pipe.
6	The expansion valve	How to remove the expansion valve 5) Perform work of item 1,2. 6) Remove the electrical parts from item 3 7) Remove the coil. 8) Detach the welded parts of expansion valves and pipes.

> M5OG-48HFN1-M-[X], M4OI-36HFN1-M, M5OG-48HFN1-M, M5OA-55HFN1-M, M5OA-55HFN1-M-[X] (WE30 metal plate)

No	Part name	VE30 metal plate) Procedures	Remarks
1	Fan assembly	How to remove the fan assembly. 1) Turn off the air conditioner. Turn off the power breaker. 2) Remove the screws of air outlet grille(8 screws) 3) Remove the hex nut fixing 4) the fan. 5) Remove the fan.	

		6)	Remove the screws of top	Screws of top
			cover, and remove the top	
		7)	cover. (4 screws) Remove the screws of front side panel, and remove the front side panel (1 screw)	
		8)	Disconnect the fan motor connectors FAN1(3p,white) and FAN2(3p,white) from DC motor driver board.	
		10)	Remove the fan motor after unfastening fixing screws.	
2	Panel plate	Hov plat	v to remove the panel e.	And the second s
		6)	Remove big handle.(2	Screws
			screws) and water	of big handle
			collector(2 screws)	
		7)	Remove 2 screws of	

		terminal board and 15 screws of right-rear panel, and remove the right-rear panel.	Screws of terminal board Screws of right-rear panel Screws of right-rear panel
3	Electrical parts	How to remove the electrical parts. 1) Perform work of item 1 step 5~6 and item 2.	IPM board PCB board Adapter board
		2) Disconnect the fan motor	

Connector(5p,white) from the IPM board.

Disconnect following 6
 pieces of connection wires
 and connectors between

 IPM and other parts.

CN3(red)

CN2(black)

U(blue),V(red),W(black)

CN9(10p,white)

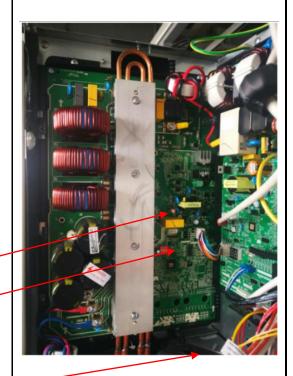
CN8,CN5(3p).

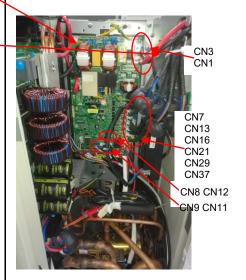
- 4) Remove the 4 screws and unfix the 4 hooks and then remove the IPM module board.
- 5) Disconnect the connectors and wiresconnected from PCB and other parts.

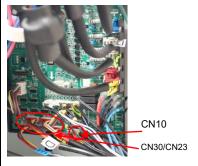
Connectors:

CN8: Discharge temperature sensor (2p,white)

CN12: Heatsink temperature sensor(2p,red)







CN9:T3/T4 temperature sensor (2p/2p,white)

CN11:T2B-A,B,C,D,E temperature sensor (2p/2p/2p/2p/2p,white)

CN15/CN23/CN26/CN30/CN33: Electronic expansion valve (6p/6p/6p/6p,red)

CN37/CN29/CN21/CN16/CN13/CN7: S-A,S-B,S-C,S-D,S-E (3p/3p/3p/3p,yhite)

CN10: High and low pressure switch (2p/2p, white)

Wires:

CN17/CN18: 4-way valve (blue-blue)

CN19/CN20: connected to crankcase

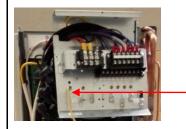
heating cable. (black-red)

CN24/CN25: Electric heater of chassis (orange-orange)

CN1:L-IN (red)

CN3:N-IN (black)

- 6) Disconnect the grounding wire (yellow-green) after removing the big handle.
- Remove the 4 screws and unfix the 6 hooks and then remove the main control board.
- 8) Remove the 2 screws and then remove the adapter board assy.









Screws of adapter board



4	Compressor	How to remove the compressor.
		1) Perform work of item 1
		step 5~6 and item 2.
		2) Extract refrigerant gas.
		3) Remove the sound
		insulation material and
		crankcase heating cable.
		4) Remove terminal cover of
		compressor, and
		disconnect wires of
		crankcase electric heater
		and compressor from the
		terminal.
		5) Remove the discharge pipe
		and suction pipe with a
		burner.
		6) Remove the hex nuts and
		washers fixing the
		compressor to bottom
		plate.
		7) Lift the compressor.

5	The 4-way	How to remove the 4-way
	valve	valve
		1) Perform work of item 1
		step 5~6 and item 2.
		2) Extract refrigerant gas. Welded parts
		3) Remove the electrical parts
		from item 3.
		4) Remove fixing screw of the
		coil, and remove the coil.
		5) Detach the welded parts of
		4-way valve and pipe.
6	The .	How to remove the expansion
	expansion valve	valve
		1) Perform work of item 1,2.
		2) Remove the electrical parts
		from item 3.
		3) Remove the coil.
		4) Detach the welded parts of
		expansion valves and
		pipes.